# Contents

1 Introduction ................................................................. 5
  1.1 Description ......................................................... 5
  1.2 API Features ....................................................... 5
  1.3 Viewer Features .................................................... 5
  1.4 Supported Input and Output Formats ............................... 6
  1.5 Conformance ......................................................... 6
  1.6 Supported Browsers .................................................. 6

2 Installation and Deployment ............................................ 7
  2.1 Installing Dependencies and Launching a Test Server .......... 7
  2.2 Converting the Code to JavaScript ............................... 7

3 License Management ....................................................... 8
  3.1 License Installation and Management ............................. 8
  3.2 Troubleshooting ..................................................... 8
    3.2.1 License key cannot be set .................................. 8
    3.2.2 The current license does not permit running the product in this environment (e.g. domain) 8

4 Interface Reference ........................................................ 9
  4.1 PDF Viewer Application Program Interface ....................... 9
    4.1.1 Enumerations ................................................ 9
      PdfPageLayoutMode Enumeration ................................ 9
      PdfFitMode Enumeration ......................................... 9
      PdfItemCategory Enumeration ................................... 9
      PdfDestinationType Enumeration ................................. 10
      AnnotationBorderStyle Enumeration ............................ 10
      StampAnnotationColor Enumeration .............................. 10
      PdfItemType Enumeration ........................................ 11
      PdfActionType Enumeration ...................................... 12
      SearchResultType Enumeration .................................. 12
    4.1.2 Methods ....................................................... 12
      PdfViewerApi ..................................................... 12
      open ............................................................. 12
      openFDF .......................................................... 13
      openBlob ........................................................ 13
      openFDFBlob ..................................................... 14
      openUri .......................................................... 14
      openFDFUri ....................................................... 14
      saveFile .......................................................... 15
      close ............................................................. 15
      forceFlushCache .................................................. 15
      getMaxCacheSize .................................................. 16
      setMaxCacheSize .................................................. 16
      getPageCount ..................................................... 16
      getPageNo ........................................................ 16
      setPageNo ......................................................... 16
      getRotation ....................................................... 17
      setRotation ....................................................... 17
      getZoom .......................................................... 17

© PDF Tools AG – Premium PDF Technology 3-Heights™ PDF Web Viewer TypeScript API, September 15, 2020 | 1/47
setZoom                                      ................................................. 17
getScrollMaxPosition                         ................................................. 17
getScrollPosition                           ................................................. 17
setScrollPosition                           ................................................. 18
setSlidingWindowSize                        ................................................. 18
getSlidingWindowSize                        ................................................. 18
goTo                                         ................................................. 18
isOpen                                       ................................................. 18
setPageLayoutMode                           ................................................. 18
getPageLayoutMode                           ................................................. 19
setFitMode                                   ................................................. 19
getFitMode                                   ................................................. 19
getBorderSize                                ................................................. 19
resumeDrawing                                ................................................. 19
suspendDrawing                              ................................................. 19
renderCanvas                                ................................................. 19
renderPage                                  ................................................. 20
setIgnoringPreferences                       ................................................. 20
getIgnoringPreferences                       ................................................. 20
getProductVersion                           ................................................. 20
getOutlines                                 ................................................. 20
getTextFragmentOnPoint                      ................................................. 20
g getTextSelection                           ................................................. 20
g getTextFromSelection                       ................................................. 21
g getAnnotationOnPoint                       ................................................. 21
getPopups                                   ................................................. 21
getOpenPopups                               ................................................. 21
getItemsFromPage                            ................................................. 21
createItem                                  ................................................. 21
g getItem                                    ................................................. 21
g getItems                                   ................................................. 22
updateItem                                  ................................................. 22
deleteItem                                  ................................................. 22
registerStampImage                          ................................................. 22
getStampInfo                                ................................................. 22
hasChanges                                  ................................................. 22
search                                      ................................................. 23
setLicenseKey                               ................................................. 23
transformScreenPointToPdfPoint              ................................................. 23
transformScreenRectToPdfRect                ................................................. 23
transformPdfPageRectToScreenRect            ................................................. 24
transformPdfLengthToDeviceLength            ................................................. 24
g getPageScreenRect                          ................................................. 24
addEventListener                             ................................................. 24

4.1.3 Events ................................................. 24
firstVisiblePage                            ................................................. 24
lastVisiblePage                             ................................................. 24
rotation                                    ................................................. 25
zoom                                        ................................................. 25
fitMode                                     ................................................. 25
pageLayoutMode                              ................................................. 25
busyState                                   ................................................. 25
### 4.2 Interfaces of the API Objects

#### 4.2.1 \texttt{PdfRect} Interface
- \texttt{page} ....................................................... 26
- \texttt{pdfX} ..................................................... 26
- \texttt{pdfY} ..................................................... 27
- \texttt{pdfW} ..................................................... 27
- \texttt{pdfH} ..................................................... 27

#### 4.2.2 \texttt{PdfItem} Interface
- \texttt{id} ........................................................... 27
- \texttt{itemCategory} ............................................. 28

#### 4.2.3 \texttt{PdfPositionalItem} Interface
- \texttt{pdfRect} ................................................... 28

#### 4.2.4 \texttt{Annotation} Interface
- \texttt{content} .................................................... 28
- \texttt{color} ......................................................... 29
- \texttt{itemType} ................................................... 29
- \texttt{lastModified} ............................................. 29
- \texttt{page} ......................................................... 29
- \texttt{subject} ..................................................... 29
- \texttt{originalAuthor} .......................................... 29
- \texttt{popup} ....................................................... 29
- \texttt{identifier} .................................................. 30
- \texttt{setLocked} ............................................... 30
- \texttt{isLocked} ................................................... 30
- \texttt{setHidden} .................................................. 30
- \texttt{isHidden} ................................................... 30

#### 4.2.5 \texttt{LinkAnnotation} Interface
- \texttt{actionType} ................................................. 31
- \texttt{destination} .............................................. 31
- \texttt{uri} .......................................................... 31
- \texttt{quadPointRects} .......................................... 31

#### 4.2.6 \texttt{InkAnnotation} Interface
- \texttt{inkList} ..................................................... 31

#### 4.2.7 \texttt{StampAnnotation} Interface
- \texttt{rotation} ................................................... 32

#### 4.2.8 \texttt{HighlightAnnotation} Interface
- \texttt{quadPointRects} .......................................... 32

#### 4.2.9 \texttt{FreetextAnnotation} Interface
- \texttt{fontSize} ................................................... 33
- \texttt{fontName} .................................................. 33
- \texttt{fontColor} .................................................. 33
- \texttt{richText} ................................................... 33

#### 4.2.10 \texttt{AnnotationArgs} Interface
- \texttt{itemType} ................................................... 34
- \texttt{page} ......................................................... 34
Limitations of the 3-Heights™ PDF Web Viewer TypeScript API

4.2.11 InkAnnotationArgs Interface .............................................. 35
   inkList ................................................................. 35
   border ................................................................. 35

4.2.12 FreetextAnnotationArgs Interface ....................................... 36
   border ................................................................. 36
   richText .............................................................. 36
   fontName ............................................................. 36
   fontColor ............................................................. 36
   fontSize .............................................................. 36

4.2.13 TextStampAnnotations Interface ......................................... 37
   stampColor .......................................................... 37
   stampText ............................................................ 37
   stampName? ......................................................... 37

4.2.14 HighlightAnnotationArgs Interface .................................... 37
   quadPointRects ....................................................... 37

4.2.15 ShapeDrawingAnnotations Interface .................................. 38
   border ................................................................. 38
   fillColor ............................................................. 38

4.2.16 CircleAnnotationArgs Interface ........................................ 38

4.2.17 SquareAnnotationArgs Interface ....................................... 38

4.2.18 AnnotationBorder Interface ............................................ 38
   width ................................................................. 38
   border ................................................................. 39

4.3 Annotation Flags .................................................................. 39

4.4 Limitations of the 3-Heights™ PDF Web Viewer TypeScript API ........ 40
4.4.1 Color Management ....................................................... 40
4.4.2 System Fonts ................................................................ 40
4.4.3 Range Requests .......................................................... 40

5 Users’s Guide ........................................................................... 42
5.1 JavaScript Promises ............................................................. 42
5.2 Coordinate Systems ............................................................ 42
5.2.1 PDF Coordinates ........................................................ 42
   Converting Viewport Coordinates to PDF Coordinates .............. 42
5.2.2 Viewport Coordinates ..................................................... 42
5.3 Rich Text for Free Text Annotations ...................................... 43
5.3.1 Supported CSS2 Styles ............................................... 43

6 Version History ....................................................................... 45
6.1 Changes in Version 6 ........................................................... 45
6.2 Changes in Version 5 ........................................................... 45
6.3 Changes in Version 4.12 ....................................................... 45
6.4 Changes in Version 4.11 ....................................................... 45
6.5 Changes in Version 4.10 ....................................................... 46
6.6 Changes in Version 4.9 ....................................................... 46
6.7 Changes in Version 4.8 ....................................................... 46

7 Licensing, Copyright, and Contact .......................................... 47
1 Introduction

1.1 Description

The 3-Heights™ PDF Web Viewer TypeScript API is a compact, high-performance, high-quality PDF viewer API with an elegant viewer implementation on top. The GUI and API are written in TypeScript and can be used as is or completely changed and customized to one’s needs. The core code is written in C++ and transpiled to WebAssembly for a near native performance of all computationally intensive operations and with the use of WebWorkers a responsive GUI is guaranteed.

The API offers a multitude of navigational and display options for displaying documents.

Get complete access to the low level API and adjust the viewer to your needs. When using the TypeScript code the possibilities are near endless. Change small things or completely reinvent the viewer based on the API.

If only small changes are made, you can rely on a well tested viewer GUI with intuitive controls that allow for a smooth PDF viewing experience.

The PDF Web Viewer TypeScript API has been optimized for displaying PDF/A files. For best viewing experience, it is recommended to convert PDF files using the 3-Heights™ PDF to PDF/A Converter before viewing.

1.2 API Features

- Well defined TypeScript API with interfaces and enums for all the common PDF objects such as annotations, outline items (bookmarks) or destinations
- Provides synchronous functions where possible and promises for asynchronous calls which resolve or reject always giving informative feedback to the developer
- Support of high resolution retina displays
- Cache management, control the memory consumption
- Simple transformation functions to map from screen points to PDF points
- i18n: Easily add new languages and translations to the API making the viewer useable in any language you want.
- API functions to create, change or delete annotations, including:
  - Text annotations
  - Ink annotations
  - Stamp annotations (Draft, Approved, etc.)
  - Freetext annotations
  - Highlight annotations (highlight, strike out, underline, squiggly)

1.3 Viewer Features

- Navigate manually (user action) or programmatically through a document
- Select between different fit modes: actual size, fit to width, fit to height
- Rotate and display the page
- Render thumbnails and use them for navigation
- Obtain outlines (Bookmarks)
- i18n: Easily add new languages and translations to the API making the viewer useable in any language you want.
- API functions to create, change or delete annotations, including:
  - Text annotations
  - Ink annotations
  - Stamp annotations (Draft, Approved, etc.)
- Freetext annotations
- Highlight annotations (highlight, strike out, underline, squiggly)
- The viewer implements touch handling for mobile devices
- Opening of password protected documents
- Handling of unsaved changes when closing a document or opening a new one
- Open files from blobs or array buffers
- FDF: Separate annotations from the PDF document. Save annotations separately into and FDF or open an FDF file with a corresponding PDF file and merge the annotations into the PDF for displaying and editing.

### 1.4 Supported Input and Output Formats

- PDF 1.x (PDF 1.0, ..., PDF 1.7)
- PDF 2.0
- PDF/A-1, PDF/A-2, PDF/A-3
- FDF

### 1.5 Conformance

**Standards:**

- ISO 32000-1 (PDF 1.7)
- ISO 32000-2 (PDF 2.0)
- ISO 19005-1 (PDF/A-1)
- ISO 19005-2 (PDF/A-2)
- ISO 19005-2 (PDF/A-3)

### 1.6 Supported Browsers

- Chrome 63+
- Firefox 55+
- Edge 41+
- Safari 11.0.3+
2 Installation and Deployment

To setup the development environment node.js with the npm package manager are needed.

2.1 Installing Dependencies and Launching a Test Server

- Unpack the contents of the zip file to a target folder
- Open a command line in the target folder
- Run `npm install`
- Enter the license key in the `src/examples/pdf-web-viewer/index.ts`
- `npm run test` will launch a local web server and load the web viewer

2.2 Converting the Code to JavaScript

To compile the TypeScript and the SCSS files run

```bash
npm run build
```

A script is provided that compiles the TypeScript code into deployable JavaScript code. In addition to compiling TypeScript into JavaScript it also uses the rollup module to merge all the JavaScript output files from the compilation into one single file which allows for easy deployment.
3 License Management

3.1 License Installation and Management

The license key has to be passed to the viewer constructor as the second argument (see `index.html`).

3.2 Troubleshooting

3.2.1 License key cannot be set

The license key cannot be set in the viewer application. The error message is: "Invalid license format."

Possible causes:
- There might be a typo in the key - or the formatting of the key is incorrect.

Solution

3.2.2 The current license does not permit running the product in this environment (e.g. domain)

Possible causes:
- The license key is not meant to be used with the current domain.

Solution
Make sure that the domain on which the viewer is running matches the domain to which the key is registered.
4 Interface Reference

The PDF Web Viewer TypeScript API offers various functionalities. The possible functionalities are listed below.

4.1 PDF Viewer Application Program Interface

In this section there is a detailed interface description of the PDF Web Viewer TypeScript interface. The methods are defined in the PdfViewerApi.ts file.

4.1.1 Enumerations

PdfPageLayoutMode Enumeration

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>PdfPageLayoutMode</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>SINGLE_PAGE</td>
<td>Shows one single page, scrolling when reaching the top/bottom of the page will jump to the next/previous page.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ONE_COLUMN</td>
<td>Shows one column of pages, that can be scrolled through.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TWO_COLUMN_LEFT</td>
<td>Shows a column of pairs of pages, that can be scrolled through. The first page is placed left.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TWO_COLUMN_RIGHT</td>
<td>Shows a column of pairs of pages, that can be scrolled through. The first page is placed as a separate title page at the top.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TWO_PAGE_LEFT</td>
<td>Shows a pair of pages, scrolling when reaching the top/bottom of the page will jump to the next/previous page pair. The first page is placed left.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TWO_PAGE_RIGHT</td>
<td>Shows a pair of pages, scrolling when reaching the top/bottom of the page will jump to the next/previous page pair. The first page is placed as a separate title page at the top.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

PdfFitMode Enumeration

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>PdfFitMode</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>FIT_PAGE</td>
<td>The window is zoomed to fit the whole page into the viewport.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>FIT_WIDTH</td>
<td>The window is zoomed to fit the page's width into the viewport. If there are multiple columns of pages shown, the viewport will fit to that width.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ACTUAL_SIZE</td>
<td>The window is zoomed to reflect the true size of the page.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

PdfItemCategory Enumeration
PdfItemCategory

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>PdfItemCategory</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>ANNOTATION</td>
<td>Enum representing annotation types</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TEXT_FRAGMENT</td>
<td>representing text fragments</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>OUTLINE</td>
<td>Enum representing outline objects</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DESTINATION</td>
<td>Enum representing all PDF destination types see also PdfDestinationType</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CONTENT_ELEMENT</td>
<td>Enum representing content element types</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

PdfDestinationType Enumeration

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>PdfDestinationType</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>FIT</td>
<td>Fits the viewport to the destination page</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>FITH</td>
<td>Fits the viewport to the horizontal dimension of the destination page</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>FITV</td>
<td>Fits the viewport to the vertical dimension of the destination page</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>FITR</td>
<td>Fits the viewport to the destination rectangle</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>FITB</td>
<td>Fits the viewport to the bounding box of the destination page</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>FITBH</td>
<td>Fits the viewport to the horizontal dimension of the destination page bounding box</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>FITBV</td>
<td>Fits the viewport to the vertical dimension of the destination page bounding box</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>XYZ</td>
<td>Fits the viewport to be at a specific location with a specific zoom level</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

AnnotationBorderStyle Enumeration

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>AnnotationBorderStyle</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>SOLID</td>
<td>A solid rectangle surrounding the annotation</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DASHED</td>
<td>A dashed rectangle surrounding the annotation</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>BEVELED</td>
<td>A simulated embossed rectangle that appears to be raised above the surface of the page</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>INSET</td>
<td>A simulated engraved rectangle that appears to be recessed below the surface of the page</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>UNDERLINE</td>
<td>A single line along the bottom of the annotation rectangle</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

StampAnnotationColor Enumeration
### Stamp Color

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Colors</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>GREEN</td>
<td>Colors the backdrop of the stamp in green</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>RED</td>
<td>Colors the backdrop of the stamp in red</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>BLUE</td>
<td>Colors the backdrop of the stamp in blue</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### PdfItemType Enumeration

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Item Types</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>UNKNOWN</td>
<td>Unknown item type</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TEXT</td>
<td>Text annotation (Sticky Note)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LINK</td>
<td>Link annotation</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>FREE_TEXT</td>
<td>Freetext annotation</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LINE</td>
<td>Line annotation (not supported)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SQUARE</td>
<td>Square annotation</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CIRCLE</td>
<td>Circle annotation</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>POLYGON</td>
<td>Polygon annotation (not supported)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>POLY_LINE</td>
<td>Poly line annotation (not supported)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>HIGHLIGHT</td>
<td>Highlight annotation</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>UNDERLINE</td>
<td>Underline annotation</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SQUIGGLY</td>
<td>Squiggly annotation</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>STRIKE_OUT</td>
<td>Strike-out annotation</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>STAMP</td>
<td>Stamp annotation</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CARET</td>
<td>Caret annotation (not supported)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>INK</td>
<td>Ink annotation</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>POPUP</td>
<td>Popup annotation</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>FILE_ATTACHMENT</td>
<td>File attachment annotation (not supported)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SOUND</td>
<td>Sound annotation (not supported)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MOVIE</td>
<td>Movie annotation (not supported)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Item Types

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Item Type</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>WIDET</td>
<td>Widet annotation (not supported)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SCREEN</td>
<td>Screen annotation (not supported)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PRINTER_MARK</td>
<td>Printer mark annotation (not supported)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TRAP_NET</td>
<td>Trap net annotation (not supported)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>WATERMARK</td>
<td>Watermark annotation (not supported)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>THREED</td>
<td>3D annotation (not supported)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

PdfActionType Enumeration

Action Types

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Action Types</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>UNKNOWN</td>
<td>Unknown action type</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>GO_TO</td>
<td>Go to destination in the current document</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>URI</td>
<td>Resolve a uniform resource identifier</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

SearchResultType Enumeration

Search Result Types

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Result Types</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>OK</td>
<td>When the search was successful and a hit was found</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NO_RESULT</td>
<td>When the search was successful but no hit was found</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>END</td>
<td>The end of the search (when wrapping is disabled)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

4.1.2 Methods

PdfViewerApi

Method: PdfViewerApi()

Constructor of Interfacing class PdfViewerApi, instantiates an empty viewer, which can now be configured and used to open files. The constructor listens to an event called memorywarning which is emitted by the Cordova plugin cordova-plugin-memory-warning. The event will call forceFlushCache.

open

Method: Promise<void> open(Uint8Array buffer, string password?)
Open a new PDF file.

**Parameters:**

- **buffer** [Uint8Array]  A buffer holding the PDF in memory
- **password?** [string]  The password needed to decrypt the PDF

**Returns:**

A promise returning void if resolved or returning an error message if rejected

**Note:** Any previously opened file must be closed first.

---

**openFDF**

**Method:** Promise<void> openFDF(Uint8Array pdfBuffer, Uint8Array fdfBuffer, string password?)

Open a PDF file with an FDF file. The two files are opened to build a merged file such that the annotations defined in the FDF file are then contained in the PDF file.

**Parameters:**

- **pdfBuffer** [Uint8Array]  A buffer holding the PDF in memory
- **fdfBuffer** [Uint8Array]  A buffer holding the FDF in memory
- **password?** [string]  The password needed to decrypt the PDF

**Returns:**

Promise: resolves if opening was successful, reject when failed

**Note:** Any previously opened file must be closed first.

---

**openBlob**

**Method:** Promise<void> openBlob(Blob blob, string password?)

Open a PDF file from a blob.

**Parameters:**

- **blob** [Blob]  The blob of the file.
- **password?** [string]  The password needed to decrypt the PDF.
Returns:
A promise returning void if resolved or returning an error message if rejected.

openFDFBlob

Method: Promise<void> openFDFBlob(Blob pdfBlob, Blob fdfBlob, string password?)

Parameters:
password? [string] The password needed to decrypt the PDF.

Returns:
A promise returning void if resolved or returning an error message if rejected.
Open a PDF file with an FDF file from blobs. The two files are opened to build a merged file such that the annotations defined in the FDF file are then contained in the PDF file.

openUri

Method: Promise<void> openUri(string pdfUri, string password?, string pdfAuthorization?)

Parameters:
pdfUri [string] URI string where the PDF is hosted
password? [string] The password needed to decrypt the PDF.
pdfAuthorization? [string] Authentication token of the PDF file for HTML authentication of the form "<type> <credentials>".

Returns:
A promise returning void if resolved or returning an error message if rejected.
Open a PDF file via URI directly from a host.

openFDFUri

Method: Promise<void> openFDFUri(string pdfUri, string fdfUri, string password?, string pdfAuthorization?, string fdfAuthorization?)
### Parameters:

- **pdfUri** [string] URI string where the PDF is hosted
- **fdfUri** [string] URI string where the associated FDF is hosted
- **password**? [string] The password needed to decrypt the PDF.
- **pdfAuthorization**? [string] Authentication token of the PDF file for HTML authentication of the form "<type> <credentials>".
- **fdfAuthorization**? [string] Authentication token of the FDF file for HTML authentication of the form "<type> <credentials>".

### Returns:

A promise returning void if resolved or returning an error message if rejected

Open a PDF file with an FDF file from URIs. As with blobs the viewer will merge the two documents into one such that the annotations are then contained in the PDF in memory. Currently this means that the complete PDF and FDF have to be loaded to memory.

#### saveFile

**Method:** Promise<Uint8Array> saveFile(bool asFdf)

**Parameter:**

- **asFdf** [bool] Whether the file should be saved as a PDF containing the document and the annotations, or a FDF containing ONLY the annotations.

**Returns:**

A promise returning a memory buffer containing the saved file if resolved or an error message if rejected.

Save the currently opened PDF file.

#### close

**Method:** Promise<void> close()

**Returns:**

A promise returning nothing if resolved and an error message if rejected.

Close the currently opened document.

#### forceFlushCache

**Method:** forceFlushCache()
Clear the rendered pages cache to free memory.

**getMaxCacheSize**

**Method:** getMaxCacheSize()

Get the current maximum size of the rendered pages cache.

**setMaxCacheSize**

**Method:** setMaxCacheSize(number cacheSize)

The viewer caches bitmaps of rendered pages. When the cache reaches the size limit it will remove pages that are not in the visible range.

Changing zoom invalidates the bitmaps in the cache.

Setting a custom sliding window size has priority over cache size. This means that the cache size can be bigger than the set maximum cache size because it will keep rendered pages within the sliding window in the cache.

**Parameter:**

`cacheSize` [number] Cache size in MB

**getPageCount**

**Method:** getPageCount()

Returns the total number of pages in the opened document.

**getPageNo**

**Method:** getPageNo()

Returns the page number of the first visible page.

**setPageNo**

**Method:** setPageNo(number pageNo)

Moves the viewport to show the provided page number as first visible page on the viewport.

**Parameter:**

`pageNo` [number] Target page
**getRotation**

Method: `getRotation()`

Returns the rotation of the viewport.

**setRotation**

Method: `setRotation(number rotation)`

Rotate the viewport by the provided amount of degrees.

**Parameter:**

- `rotation` [number] Desired viewport rotation

**getZoom**

Method: `getZoom()`

Returns the current zoom factor of the viewport.

**setZoom**

Method: `setZoom(number zoom)`

Set the zoom for the viewport.

**Parameter:**

- `zoom` [number] New zoom level

**getScrollMaxPosition**

Method: `getScrollMaxPosition()`

Returns the maximum possible scroll position of the scrollbar.

**getScrollPosition**

Method: `getScrollPosition()`

Get the current scroll position of the viewport with regard to the document/page.
**setScrollPosition**

**Method:** setScrollPosition()

Set the scroll position of the viewport. Will be clamped to 0 and getScrollMaxPosition.

**setSlidingWindowSize**

**Method:** setSlidingWindowSize(number slidingWindowSize)

By default the window size is 1. This means one page before the first visible page and one page after the last visible page will be rendered. Changing this value will influence cache behaviour as sliding window parameter take priority over the cache size.

**Note:** iOS 12 has memory restrictions on the canvases. Canvases cannot take up more than 256 MB of memory otherwise the program will crash. This means the sliding window can not be too big.

**Parameter:**

*slidingWindowSize* [number] Number of pages the viewer renders to the cache at the current zoom level

**getSlidingWindowSize**

**Method:** getSlidingWindowSize(number cacheSize)

**goTo**

**Method:** goTo(PdfDestination destination)

Navigate to the provided destination in the document.

**isOpen**

**Method:** isOpen()

Returns true if a document is opened. A file counts as open as soon as the open operation has completed successfully.

**setPageLayoutMode**

**Method:** setPageLayoutMode(PdfPageLayoutMode mode)

Set the page layout mode.
getPageLayoutMode

Method: getPageLayoutMode()

Get the currently set page layout mode.

setFitMode

Method: setFitMode(PdfFitMode fitMode)

Set the fit mode of the viewer.

getFitMode

Method: getFitMode()

Get the currently set fit mode.

getBorderSize

Method: getBorderSize()

Get the size of the border allocated around each page. Distance between 2 pages is effectively twice the border size.

resumeDrawing

Method: resumeDrawing()

Resumes drawing into the canvas.

suspendDrawing

Method: suspendDrawing()

Stop the viewer from updating the canvas. Navigating is still possible but the viewport will not update until drawing has been resumed resumeDrawing.

renderCanvas

Method: renderCanvas(CanvasRenderingContext2D ctx)

Renders the current viewport into the provided canvas. In the sample implementation this call is tied to the callback provided to the requestAnimationFrame function.
**renderPage**

**Method:** `Promise<PageImage> renderPage(number pageNo, number width, number height)`

Explicitly render a page with the provided dimensions. The width and height will be adjusted to the aspect ratio of the page, fitting to the smaller of the two values.

**setIgnoringPreferences**

**Method:** `setIgnoringPreferences(boolean ignore)`

Set whether when opening a new PDF file the in the file embedded preferences for the startup viewport are ignored (first shown page, fitmode and zoom).

**getIgnoringPreferences**

**Method:** `getIgnoringPreferences()`

Get whether embedded preferences in the PDF file are ignored during opening a new file or not.

**getProductVersion**

**Method:** `getProductVersion()`

Get the product version of the viewer.

**getOutlines**

**Method:** `Promise<OutlineItem[]> getOutlines(OutlineItem parent)`

Load the child outlines of a given parent. Can be used to call recursively on children which have descendants. If parent is equal to `null` the root of the outlines will be loaded.

**getTextFragmentOnPoint**

**Method:** `TextFragment getTextFragmentOnPoint(PdfPoint point)`

Obtain the text fragment which contains the point.

**getTextSelection**

**Method:** `TextSelectionRect[] getTextSelection(PdfPoint startPoint, PdfPoint endPoint)`

Get the rectangles of the text contained between the two points.
**getTextFromSelection**

**Method:** `string getTextFromSelection(PdfRect[] selection)`

Get the text contained in the provided rectangles.

**getAnnotationOnPoint**

**Method:** `Annotation getAnnotationOnPoint(PdfPoint point, boolean onlySelectable)`

Returns the topmost annotation at the provided PdfPoint. If `onlySelectable` is `true` only markup annotations are returned otherwise the function returns `null`.

**getPopups**

**Method:** `Annotation[] getPopups(number firstPage, number lastPage)`

Obtain all annotations with popups from first page to last page.

**getOpenPopups**

**Method:** `Annotation[] getOpenPopups(number firstPage, number lastPage)`

Obtain all annotations which have opened popups.

**getItemsFromPage**

**Method:** `Promise<PdfItemsOnPage> getItemsFromPage(number page, PdfItemCategory category)`

Loads the items of `PdfItemCategory` for a given page.

**createItem**

**Method:** `createItem(AnnotationArgs item)`

The `createItem` method allows the creation of annotations in a currently opened PDF file. Depending on the type of the annotation different parameters are needed.

**getItem**

**Method:** `ReturnObject getItem(number id)`

Obtain the item with the given ID. If the retrieval was successful, the item is contained in the `value` property of the `ReturnObject` object.
**getItems**

**Method:** `getItems(number[] ids)`

Obtain a list of all the items of the provided IDs. Each entry of the list is a `ReturnObject`.

**updateItem**

**Method:** `Promise<PdfItem> updateItem(PdfItem item)`

Update the editable properties of an item (e.g. annotation)

**deleteItem**

**Method:** `Promise<void> deleteItem(PdfItem item)`

Delete this item.

**registerStampImage**

**Method:** `Promise<number> registerStampImage(Uint8Array image)`

In order to add stamps with images to the document the images have to be registered (added) to the document beforehand. This function adds an image to the document and returns an ID with which an ImageStamp can be created. The function has to be called again if a new document is opened as this happens on a per document basis. Adding the same image multiple times in the same document only increases the file size without any benefits.

**Parameter:**

`image` [Uint8Array] Uint8Array containing the image

**Returns:**

If registering is successful the promise will return an ID to the stamp image which then can be used during the creation of the image stamp.

**getStampInfo**

**Method:** `getStampInfo(StampInfoArgs stampArgs)`

Get information about a particular stamp. Used for text stamps to retrieve the aspect ratio of the stamp.

**hasChanges**

**Method:** `boolean hasChanges()`
Returns true if there are unsaved changes in the document (modified, added or deleted annotations). A resolved save operation resets the state to `false` even if the returned buffer has been discarded.

**search**

**Method:** Promise<SearchResult> `search(string toSearch, number startPage, number startIndex, boolean reverse, boolean caseSensitive, boolean wrappingSearch, boolean regex)`

**Parameters:**

- `toSearch` [string] String to be searched for
- `startPage` [number] Page on which to start the search
- `startIndex` [number] Where the search starts on a given page
- `reverse` [boolean] If `true` the search will start on the startPage and go backwards from there
- `caseSensitive` [boolean] Enables case sensitive search
- `wrappingSearch` [boolean] When wrapping is enabled once hitting the last page it will wrap around to the first page and continue from there
- `regex` [boolean] When enabled regex expressions can be used for the search

**Returns:**

TODO add about reference

**setLicenseKey**

**Method:** Promise<void> `setLicenseKey(string licenseKey)`

Set the license key for the viewer

**transformScreenPointToPdfPoint**

**Method:** ScreenToPointToPdfPointResult `transformScreenPointToPdfPoint(Point point, number page?, boolean guaranteePointIsOnPage)`

Transforms a point from screen coordinates to PDF page coordinates. This is useful when either creating something to provide exact coordinates or testing whether a pdf object (e.g. annotation) can be found at a certain position.

**Parameters:**

- `page?` [number] Page on which the point is supposed to be. The returned point will be in the coordinate system of the provided page
- `guaranteePointIsOnPage` [boolean] When set to true the viewer blindly trusts that the point is on a page. If false the viewer will return `null` if the point is not on a page
transformScreenRectToPdfRect

**Method:** PdfRect transformScreenRectToPdfRect(Rect rect, number page)

Convert a rectangle from device coordinates to PDF coordinates. This function assumes that the screen rectangle is contained within one page.

transformPdfPageRectToScreenRect

**Method:** Rect transformPdfPageRectToScreenRect(PdfRect pdfRect)

Transforms a PDF rectangle into device coordinates.

transformPdfLengthToDeviceLength

**Method:** number transformPdfLengthToDeviceLength(number pdfLength)

Transforms a PDF length into device length.

g getPageScreenRect

**Method:** getPageScreenRect(number pageNo)

Get the screen rectangle of a given page to know the page rectangle in device coordinates.

addEventListener

**Method:** addEventListener(string eventName, function callback)

Adds a call back to an event. Whenever the event is fired, the callback will be executed. See Events for events that can be subscribed to.

### 4.1.3 Events

Subscribe to events via the addEventListener. Following events can be subscribed to:

**firstVisiblePage**

**Event:** number firstVisiblePage

Fires when the first visible page number changes.

**lastVisiblePage**

**Event:** number lastVisiblePage

Fires when the last visible page number changes.
rotation

**Event:** number rotation

Fires when the view rotation changes.

zoom

**Event:** number zoom

Fires when the magnification level of the viewport changes.

fitMode

**Event:** PdfFitMode fitMode

Fires when the fit mode changes.

pageLayoutMode

**Event:** PdfPageLayoutMode pageLayoutMode

Fires when the page layout mode changes.

busyState

**Event:** boolean busyState

Fires whenever the busy state of the viewer changes. The viewer is considered busy when it's rendering (both implicit rendering calls and explicit rendering calls from `renderPage`) or saving. **true**

canvasInvalidated

**Event:** boolean canvasInvalidated

Fires whenever a viewport changing method (implicit or explicit) has been called. Even if the viewport ultimately didn't change.

error

**Event:** Error error

This event fires on two occasions:

- Viewer crashed and cannot recover
- `getItemsFromPage` has been called with an invalid category. The viewer cannot reject any promise since it does not know which promise to reject thus firing an error.
itemCreated

**Event:** PdfItem itemCreated

Fires when an item has been created.

itemUpdated

**Event:** PdfItem itemUpdated

Fires when an item has been updated.

itemDeleted

**Event:** DeletedItem itemDeleted

Fires when an item has been deleted.

pageChanged

**Event:** number pageChanged

Fires when the content of a page has been changed (e.g. an annotation was added, edited or deleted).

outlinesLoaded

**Event:** OutlineItem[] outlinesLoaded

Fires when the outlines

### 4.2 Interfaces of the API Objects

#### 4.2.1 PdfRect Interface

**page**

**Property (get):** number page

On which page the rectangle belongs.

**pdfX**

**Property (get, set):** number pdfX
x-coordinate of the rectangle in PDF coordinates.

**pdfY**

**Property (get, set):** number `pdfY`

y-coordinate of the rectangle in PDF coordinates. NB. the y-coordinate is flipped in order to have the origin in the top left of the page as opposed to the bottom right which would be PDF standard. Subtracting this value from the page height in PDF coordiantes returns in the actual PDF coordinate.

**pdfW**

**Property (get, set):** number `pdfW`

Width of the rectangle in PDF units

**pdfH**

**Property (get, set):** number `pdfH`

Height of the rectangle in PDF units.

### 4.2.2 PdfItem Interface

**Hierarchy:**

```
PdfItem
  └ PdfPositionalItem
      └ Annotation
          └ FreetextAnnotation
          └ HighlightAnnotation
          └ InkAnnotation
          └ StampAnnotation
          └ LinkAnnotation
```

**id**

**Property (get):** number `id`

A number associated with the PDF item. It can be used to easily cache and identify an item.
itemCategory

**Property (get):** PdfItemCategory itemCategory

Type of the item.

### 4.2.3 PdfPositionalItem Interface

**Hierarchy:**

```
PdfItem
  ▼ PdfPositionalItem
    ▼ Annotation
      ▼ FreetextAnnotation
      ▼ HighlightAnnotation
      ▼ InkAnnotation
      ▼ StampAnnotation
    ▼ LinkAnnotation
```

pdfRect

**Property (get, set):** PdfRect pdfRect

PDF rectangle of the item.

### 4.2.4 Annotation Interface

**Hierarchy:**

```
PdfItem
  ▼ PdfPositionalItem
    ▼ Annotation
      ▼ FreetextAnnotation
      ▼ HighlightAnnotation
      ▼ InkAnnotation
      ▼ StampAnnotation
```

content

**Property (get, set):** string content

The content of an annotation.
color

Property (get, set):  string|null color

The background color of an annotation. If set to null the background (if applicable) will be transparent.

itemType

Property (get):  PdfItemType itemType

Type of the annotation.

lastModified

Property (get):  string lastModified

Last modified date of the annotation.

page

Property (get):  number page

Which page the annotation belongs to.

subject

Property (get, set):  string|null subject

Subject of the annotation.

originalAuthor

Property (get):  string originalAuthor

Original author of the annotation.

popup

Property (get):  AnnotationPopup popup
Popup of the annotation. Also sometimes known as the sticky note. The popup is an extension of the annotation. The popup's attributes (content, color, etc) are taken from the underlying annotation. E.g. changing the color of the annotation will change the color of the popup.

**identifier**

| Property (get): string|null identifier |

Corresponds to the NM entry in the PDF standard. The identifier is unique for each annotation on the same page. It is assigned during creation.

**setLocked**

| Property (set): function setLocked |

setLock is a function on the annotation that allows setting the lock status of an annotation. A locked annotation cannot be edited or deleted. It has to be unlocked first.

**isLocked**

| Property (get): function isLocked |

isHidden is a function on the annotation that returns true if the annotation is currently locked and false otherwise.

** setHidden**

| Property (set): function setHidden |

setHidden is a function on the annotation that allows setting the visibility of the annotation. A hidden annotation is not selectable.

**isHidden**

| Property (get): function isHidden |

isHidden is a function on the annotation that returns true if the annotation is currently hidden and false otherwise.
4.2.5 LinkAnnotation Interface

Hierarchy:

PdfItem
  └ PdfPositionalItem
      └ LinkAnnotation

Link annotations can not be created. However, existing link annotation can be obtained and are interactive with the user. Clicking a link with an underlying URI will open the link in a new tab.

**actionType**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Property (get):</th>
<th>PdfActionType actionType</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

Type of link. Can be an internal link (GO_TO) or external link (URI).

**destination**

| Property (get): | PdfDestination|null destination |
|-----------------|-----------------------------|

Destination of the link annotation. Is null if the type is URI.

**uri**

| Property (get): | string|null uri |
|-----------------|----------------|

Link target of the link annotation. Is null if the type is GO_TO.

**quadPointRects**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Property (get):</th>
<th>PdfRect[] quadPointRects</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

Rectangles which belong to the link annotation. A link annotation can be compromised of more than one rectangle (e.g. a link annotation that spread across more than 1 line).

4.2.6 InkAnnotation Interface

Hierarchy:

PdfItem
  └ PdfPositionalItem
      └ Annotation
          └ InkAnnotation
inkList

_property (get, set): number[][] inkList

List of list of points that define the ink list.

4.2.7 StampAnnotation Interface

Hierarchy:

PdfItem
  ↘ PdfPositionalItem
    ↘ Annotation
      ↘ StampAnnotation

rotation

_property (get, set): number rotation

Rotation of the stamp. The stamp can be rotated 0/90/180/270 degrees.

4.2.8 HighlightAnnotation Interface

Hierarchy:

PdfItem
  ↘ PdfPositionalItem
    ↘ Annotation
      ↘ HighlightAnnotation

quadPointRects

_property (get, set): PdfRect[] quadPointRects

Similar to link annotations highlight annotations can also spread multiple lines and are represented with a list of rectangles.
4.2.9 FreetextAnnotation Interface

Hierarchy:

PdfItem
   └ PdfPositionalItem
       └ Annotation
           └ FreetextAnnotation

fontSize

Property (get, set): number fontSize
Fontsize of the freetext content.

fontName

Property (get, set): string fontName
Currently supported font are: 'Helvetica', 'Times', 'Courier', 'Symbol', and 'ZapfDingbats'.

fontColor

Property (get, set): string fontColor

richText

Property (get, set): string|null richText
Instead of setting fontSize, fontName and fontColor one can use a richtext string to define the appearance of a freetext annotation. See Rich Text for Free Text Annotations for more information.
4.2.10 AnnotationArgs Interface

Hierarchy:

AnnotationArgs
  - FreetextAnnotationArgs
  - HighlightAnnotationArgs
  - InkAnnotationArgs
  - ShapeDrawingAnnotations
    - CircleAnnotationArgs
    - SquareAnnotationArgs
  - TextStampAnnotations

The `createItem` method is a generic method which can create different annotations. Depending on the type of annotation different arguments are needed but many of them are in common.

**itemType**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Property (set):</th>
<th>PdfItem</th>
<th>itemType</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

Type of the annotation.

**page**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Property (set):</th>
<th>number</th>
<th>page</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

Target page on which to create the annotation

**pdfRect**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Property (set):</th>
<th>PdfRect</th>
<th>pdfRect</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

PDF Rectangle on the page in which the annotation should be contained.

**color**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Property (set):</th>
<th>string</th>
<th>null</th>
<th>color</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

Background color of the annotation. If set to null the annotations background is transparent.
content

**Property (set):** string content

Content of the annotation.

subject

**Property (set):** string subject

Subject of the annotation.

originalAuthor

**Property (set):** string originalAuthor

Defines the author of the annotation.

### 4.2.11 InkAnnotationArgs Interface

**Hierarchy:**

AnnotationArgs

\[ \text{InkAnnotationArgs} \]

When creating an ink annotation additionally to the basic annotation arguments the following should be provided:

inkList

**Property (set):** number[] inkList

An ink annotation is defined by a list of list of points. Each sub list is a line and the set of lists is the complete ink annotation.

border

**Property (set):** AnnotationBorder border
4.2.12 FreetextAnnotationArgs Interface

Hierarchy:

AnnotationArgs

- FreetextAnnotationArgs

Freetext annotation can either be created by providing font name, color and size or alternatively with a richtext string [Rich Text for Free Text Annotations](#). When using a richtext string the font color can be separated from the border color. Otherwise the font color and the border color are the same.

border

**Property (set):** AnnotationBorder border

The border of the freetext annotation.

richText

**Property (set):** string|null richText

fontName

**Property (set):** string|null fontName

SetFont the font for the freetext annotation.

fontColor

**Property (set):** string|null fontColor

Set the font color of the text and border.

fontSize

**Property (set):** number fontSize

Set the font size of the freetext annotation.
4.2.13 TextStampAnnotations Interface

**Hierarchy:**

AnnotationArgs
   - TextStampAnnotations

**stampColor**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Property (set):</th>
<th>StampAnnotationColor  stampColor</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

Backdrop color of the rendered stamp.

**stampText**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Property (set):</th>
<th>string  stampText</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

Text rendered onto the stamp.

**stampName?**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Property (set):</th>
<th>string</th>
<th>null  stampName?</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

If using one of the default stamps defined by the standard. If stampText is set it takes precedence over stampName.

4.2.14 HighlightAnnotationArgs Interface

**Hierarchy:**

AnnotationArgs
   - HighlightAnnotationArgs

**quadPointRects**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Property (set):</th>
<th>PdfRect[]  quadPointRects</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

A highlight annotation consists of n rectangles. Each of the provided rectangles will be highlighted with the provided annotation color.
4.2.15 ShapeDrawingAnnotations Interface

Hierarchy:

AnnotationArgs
  ShapeDrawingAnnotations
    CircleAnnotationArgs
    SquareAnnotationArgs

border

Property (set): AnnotationBorder border

fillColor

Property (set): string|null fillColor

4.2.16 CircleAnnotationArgs Interface

Hierarchy:

AnnotationArgs
  ShapeDrawingAnnotations
    CircleAnnotationArgs

See ShapeDrawingAnnotations

4.2.17 SquareAnnotationArgs Interface

Hierarchy:

AnnotationArgs
  ShapeDrawingAnnotations
    SquareAnnotationArgs

See ShapeDrawingAnnotations

4.2.18 AnnotationBorder Interface

width

Property (set): number width
Line width of the border.

**border**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Property (set):</th>
<th>AnnotationBorderStyle border</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

The stroke style of the border. Supported are **SOLID** and **DASHED** (see [AnnotationBorderStyle](#)).

## 4.3 Annotation Flags

Annotations possess a flag attribute which controls the annotation’s behaviour in different contexts such as printing, viewing, editing.

The GUI for example prohibits a locked annotation from being changed by disabling these editing options. The flags are a bit mask and using following table shows the different values for the different flags.

Currenty supported flags are: Locked & ReadOnly

### Annotation Flags

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Bit position</th>
<th>Name</th>
<th>Meaning</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>Invisible</td>
<td>This flag only applies to annotations which do not belong to one of the standard annotation types. If set, the annotation will not be rendered nor printed even if the Print flag is set.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>Hidden</td>
<td>If set, do not render the annotation or allow it to interact with the user, regardless of its annotation type or whether an annotation handler is available.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>Print</td>
<td>If set, print the annotation when the page is printed unless the Hidden flag is also set. If clear, never print the annotation, regardless of whether it’s rendered on the screen.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>NoZoom</td>
<td>If set, do not scale the annotation’s appearance to match the magnification of the page.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>NoRotate</td>
<td>If set, do not rotate the annotation’s appearance to match the rotation of the page.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>NoView</td>
<td>If set, do not render the annotation on the screen or allow it to interact with the user. The annotation may be printed (depending on the Print flag) but should be considered hidden for purposes of on-screen display and user interaction.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7</td>
<td>ReadOnly</td>
<td>If set, does not allow the annotation to interact with the user. The annotation may be rendered or printed (depending on the settings of the NoView and Print flags) but should not respond to mouse clicks or change its appearance in response to mouse motions.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### Annotation Flags

<p>| | | |</p>
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>8</td>
<td>Locked</td>
<td>If set, do not allow the annotation to be deleted or its properties (including position and size) to be modified by the user.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9</td>
<td>ToggleNoView</td>
<td>If set, invert the interpretation of the NoView flag for annotation selection and mouse hovering, causing the annotation to be visible when the mouse pointer hovers over the annotation or when the annotation is selected.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10</td>
<td>LockedContents</td>
<td>If set, do not allow the contents of the annotation to be modified by the user. This flag does not restrict deletion of the annotation or changes to other annotation properties such as position and size.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### 4.4 Limitations of the 3-Heights™ PDF Web Viewer TypeScript API

Due to the restrictions given in the web environment, there are some limitations to the capabilities of the PDF Web Viewer TypeScript API, as listed below.

#### 4.4.1 Color Management

The PDF Web Viewer TypeScript API uses an RGB colorspace for rendering and converts all resources into this colorspace for rendering. When viewing the rendered output on a display screen this is not noticeable, as such screens can only display additive color (RGB colors) anyway. However there may be some noticeable differences when printing out the rendered output, due to printed pages using subtractive color (reflected light, e.g. CMYK colors).

**Effect:** The colors of non-rgb content (e.g. CMYK images) can differ slightly from the original when printing rendered output to physical printer.

#### 4.4.2 System Fonts

Many PDF’s rely on not embedding the used fonts in the pdf but instead referring to a common font, which is assumed to be installed on the local computer. Due to Browsers protection mechanisms a downloaded script like the PDF Web Viewer TypeScript API is not allowed to directly access these fonts. Thus the PDF Web Viewer TypeScript API analyzes the referenced fonts and tries to replace them with a standard font, which is packaged with the PDF Web Viewer TypeScript API. However these standard fonts are limited and fonts which do not use a standard encoding or use uncommon glyphs (e.g. foreign alphabets such as cyrillic) cannot always be properly replaced.

**Effect:** Text in non-embedded fonts which uses special glyphs may be rendered using wrong glyphs or not be rendered at all.

**Note:** This issue can be avoided by converting all files to PDF/A before viewing. This ensures that all fonts are embedded in the PDF file.

#### 4.4.3 Range Requests

When using `openUri` the viewer tries to open large PDF files in parts to reduce the initial loading time. If the host of the PDF does not support range requests the complete file will be loaded.

There are certain flags that have to be set to allow range requests:
## Range Request Settings

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Key</th>
<th>Value</th>
<th>Comment</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Access-Control-Expose-Headers</td>
<td>Content-Length, Accept-Ranges, Content-Range</td>
<td>These headers have to be contained in a response from the host in order to allow range requests. If these headers are not in the response, the complete file will be loaded.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Access-Control-Allow-Headers</td>
<td>range</td>
<td>The request from the viewer has to be allowed to contain range in the request header.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
5 Users’s Guide

5.1 JavaScript Promises

To provide a response API the PDF Web Viewer TypeScript API works with asynchronous calls where needed. In these instances JavaScript promises are used where the caller can use the promise and define behaviours in case of success (the promise resolves) or failure (the promise is rejected).

The promises are handled by the `PdfWebViewerAPICallbackHandler` class. After an asynchronous call has finished the `PdfWebViewerAPICallbackHandler` will either resolve or reject the promise.

5.2 Coordinate Systems

The PDF Web Viewer API operates with 2 different coordinate systems:

- PDF coordinates
- Viewport coordinates

5.2.1 PDF Coordinates

Defined by the PDF standard the origin of a page is in the bottom left of the page. I.e. and annotation at (0, 0) is at the bottom left of the page.

In the PDF Web Viewer the PDF coordinates of the PDF items have their y coordinate flipped in order to be in sync with the HTML canvas coordinate system which has its origin at the top left. In order to obtain real PDF coordinates the y parts of the coordinates have to be flipped.

```javascript
let annotation = ...; // Some annotation obtained via API
let vpPageRect = pdfViewer.pdfApi.getPageScreenRect(annotation.pdfRect.page);
let pdfPageRect = pdfViewer.pdfApi.transformScreenRectToPdfRect(vpPageRect, \nannotation.pdfRect.page);
```

Converting Viewport Coordinates to PDF Coordinates

In order the obtain a PDF coordinate from a point on the viewport one can use the `transformScreenPointToPdfPoint` or `transformScreenRectToPdfRect`. These coordinates are also flipped with their origin in the top left.

PDF coordinates are mostly part of items obtained via API (annotations, text fragments, outlines) These item are obtained via API through calls like `createItem`, `getItemsFromPage`, `getItem`, `getItems`, and `updateItem`.

5.2.2 Viewport Coordinates

The viewport coordinates are the coordinates that can be used to draw onto the canvas or for example to check if a cursor is hovering over a PDF object. In order to get viewport coordinates from the PDF coordinates one can use one of the transform functions: `transformPdfPageRectToScreenRect` or in case of lengths `transformPdfLengthToDeviceLength`. 
5.3 Rich Text for Free Text Annotations

Free text annotations can either have plain text content or rich text content. This section specifies the format of rich text content that the 3-Heights™ PDF Web Viewer TypeScript API supports.

Rich text content strings in PDF have an XHTML format with a restricted set of CSS2 styles. The following describes all allowed XML elements (in blue) and their allowed XML attributes (in green).

**body** The unique root element. Should contain one paragraph (p).
- **xmlns** (Required) Value "http://www.w3.org/1999/xhtml"
- **xmlns:xfa** (Required) Value "http://www.xfa.org/schema/xfa-data/1.0/"
- **xfa:APIVersion** (Required) Value "Acrobat:18.11.0"
- **xfa:spec** (Required) Value "2.0.2"
- **style** (Optional) Value see [Supported CSS2 Styles](#).

**p** A paragraph element. In contrast to web-browser-style rendering of XHTML, a paragraph does not induce a line break. Can contain spans (span).
- **style** (Optional) Value see [Supported CSS2 Styles](#).

**span** An element that defines a common style for its content. Can contain spans (span).
- **style** (Optional) Value see [Supported CSS2 Styles](#).

**b** The enclosed text behaves as if **style="font-weight:bold"**.

**i** The enclosed text behaves as if **style="italic"**.

**br** A line break. This element must always occur in the self-closed form (**br/**)) and is not allowed to have any attributes.

5.3.1 Supported CSS2 Styles

Rich text strings in PDF support a restricted set of CSS2 (Cascading Style Sheet) styles. All styles must be specified in a **style** attribute as follows:

```xml
<style="<key>:<value>;<key>:<value>;..."
```

The following describes the supported **<key>**s and their possible **<value>**s:

**text-align** Specifies the text alignment. Possible values are:
- **left**
- **right**
- **center**
- **justify**

*Note:* The value given to **text-align** applies to the whole rich text string and therefore should be given only once in the **style** attribute of the body or of a single enclosing paragraph p.

**text-decoration** Specifies strike-through and underline text styles. Styles are combined by specifying multiple of the following values separated spaces:
- **line-through**: Draws a horizontal line through the words.
- **underline** or **word**: Underlines words either in a continuous line or as interrupted lines, one for each word, respectively.
- **double**: Draws the underline (continuous or word-wise) as a double line.
Example: `style="text-decoration:underline line-through"`

color  Specifies the color for the text and text decoration (strike-through and underline). The value must have the following form: `#<rr><gg><bb>`, where `<rr>`, `<gg>`, and `<bb>` are 2-digit hexadecimal numbers ranging from `00` to `ff` that indicate the red, green, and blue value of the color in an RGB color-space.

Example: `style="color:#a2358c"

font-family  Specifies the font to be used. Currently the following values are supported:

- Helvetica
- Times
- Courier
- Symbol
- ZapfDingbats

Example: `style="font-family:Helvetica"

font-size  Specifies the size of the font in the format `<number>pt`, where `<number>` is a floating point number.

Example: `style="font-size:12pt"

font-style  The only supported values are italic and normal.

Example: `style="font-style:italic"

font-weight  The only supported values are bold and normal.

Example: `style="font-weight:bold"

font  This is an abbreviated form for setting `font-style`, `font-weight`, `font-size`, and `font-family` in a single style value. The values for the above four styles can be specified in any order, separated by spaces.

Example: `style="Helveti<acronym>a 14pt bold"

The default style settings are as follows:

text-align:left
font-family:Helvetica
font-size:12pt
font-style:italic
font-weight:italic
color:#000000
6 Version History

Some of the documented changes below may be preceded by a marker that specifies the interface technologies the change applies to. E.g. [C, Java] applies to the C and the Java interface.

6.1 Changes in Version 6

- **New** smart annotation settings: The viewer remembers now last used annotation settings like color, thickness or opacity providing a better user experience. These settings persist across sessions as they are used in the local storage of the browser.
- **New** method `openUri` for opening a PDF from a given URI. When the file is larger than 256 KB the viewer tries to load the PDF piecewise.
- **New** method `openFDFUri` for opening a PDF with an associated FDF given their URIs. This method circumvents the piecewise loading.
- `openUri` and `openFDFUri` accept now also authentication tokens for PDFs protected by authentication mechanisms.
- **New** annotations: Circle and Square annotations are now available.
- `openUri` and `openFDFUri` accept now also authentication tokens for PDFs protected by authentication mechanisms.
- **New** method `registerStampImage`. Register an image in a document and then create an image stamp annotation.
- **New** image stamps can now be created. Register any image of the supported formats (PNG, JPEG, JPEG2000, TIFF, BMP, GIF, JBIG2, PBM, EPS) with the new `registerStampImage` method and then create the image stamp with the id obtained by the register function.

6.2 Changes in Version 5

- **New** Option: `promptOnUnsavedChanges`. When set to true a warning will show up when the user tries to navigate away from the viewer (also closing the tab or window) while the currently opened document has unsaved changes.
- **New** additional supported operating system: Windows Server 2019.
- **New** API functions to customize the sliding window size. The sliding window pre-renders pages outside the visible area for the current zoom level in order to improve the viewing experience by reducing the time to wait until a page has been rendered.
- **New**: annotation flags exposed at API level. For possible flags please refer to the manual.

6.3 Changes in Version 4.12

- **New** HTTP proxy setting in the GUI license manager.

6.4 Changes in Version 4.11

- **New** support for reading PDF 2.0 documents.
6.5 Changes in Version 4.10

- **Improved** robustness against corrupt input PDF documents.
- **Improved** annotation appearance generation for polyline, squiggly, and stamp annotations.
- **[C] Clarified** Error handling of `TPdfStreamDescriptor` functions.

6.6 Changes in Version 4.9

- **Improved** support for and robustness against corrupt input PDF documents.
- **Improved** repair of embedded font programs that are corrupt.
- **New** support for OpenType font collections in installed font collection.
- **Improved** metadata generation for standard PDF properties.
- **[C] Changed** return value `pfGetLength` of `TPDFStreamDescriptor` to `pos_t`.

6.7 Changes in Version 4.8

- **Improved** creation of annotation appearances to use less memory and processing time.
- **Added** repair functionality for TrueType font programs whose glyphs are not ordered correctly.

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1 This has no effect on neither the .NET, Java, nor COM API
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