# Contents

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Section</th>
<th>Pages</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>Introduction</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1.1</td>
<td>Description</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1.2</td>
<td>Product Editions</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1.2.1</td>
<td>Enterprise Edition</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1.2.2</td>
<td>Small-Medium Enterprise Edition (SME)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1.3</td>
<td>Features</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1.4</td>
<td>Applications</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>Requirements</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2.1</td>
<td>Platform Requirements</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2.1.1</td>
<td>Complementary Information</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2.2</td>
<td>Operating Systems</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2.3</td>
<td>Office Versions</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>Installation</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3.1</td>
<td>Platform Preparations</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3.2</td>
<td>Service Installation</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3.2.1</td>
<td>Installation Steps</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3.3</td>
<td>Service Configuration</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3.3.1</td>
<td>License</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3.3.2</td>
<td>Service configuration</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3.3.3</td>
<td>Office Configuration</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3.3.4</td>
<td>Watched folder</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3.3.5</td>
<td>Finish the Service Configuration</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3.3.6</td>
<td>Configuration Details</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3.3.6.1</td>
<td>Office Configuration Details</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3.3.6.2</td>
<td>Outlook Configuration Details</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3.4</td>
<td>Updating an Existing Installation</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>User guide</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4.1</td>
<td>Terms and Abbreviations</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4.2</td>
<td>Security Considerations</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4.3</td>
<td>Service Configuration Editor</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4.3.1</td>
<td>General Tab</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4.3.2</td>
<td>Service Configuration Tab</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4.3.2.1</td>
<td>License Key</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4.3.2.2</td>
<td>Logging</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4.3.3</td>
<td>Document Conversion Settings Tab</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4.4</td>
<td>Watched Folders</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4.4.1</td>
<td>Watched Folders Configuration</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4.4.2</td>
<td>Control Watched Folder Job</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4.4.3</td>
<td>Implementation Limits</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4.5</td>
<td>Client Application</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4.5.1</td>
<td>Features</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4.5.2</td>
<td>Options</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4.5.2.1</td>
<td>Connection Mode</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4.5.2.2</td>
<td>Window Mode</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4.5.2.3</td>
<td>Output directory</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4.5.2.4</td>
<td>Override</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
PrintArea ................................................................. 44
PW ................................................................. 44
SHEET ............................................................. 45
TIFF.DPI ............................................................. 45

6.3.4 [PowerPoint] INI-File Section ........................................... 45
BFFValidate .......................................................... 45
BitmapMissingFonts .................................................. 45
DocStructureTags ..................................................... 45
FitToPage ........................................................... 46
OutputType .......................................................... 46
PrintComments ....................................................... 46
SAVEASPDF .......................................................... 46
UseISO19005_1 ....................................................... 47

6.3.5 [Visio] INI-File Section ................................................ 47
SAVEASPDF .......................................................... 47
SetActivePrinter ....................................................... 47
USEEMF .............................................................. 47
VisioPrintAll .......................................................... 47

6.3.6 [Outlook] INI-File Section ............................................. 48
access_grant ......................................................... 48
button_yes ........................................................... 48
OUTLOOKEXE ......................................................... 48
SELECTFILES ......................................................... 48
SKIPFILES .......................................................... 49
UseHtmlBody .......................................................... 49

6.3.7 [MSProject] INI-File Section ......................................... 49
Chart ................................................................. 49
DocStructureTags .................................................... 49
PercentScale .......................................................... 49
PjPaperSize ........................................................... 50
Portrait ............................................................... 50
UseISO19005_1 ....................................................... 50
SAVEASPDF .......................................................... 50

6.3.8 [OO] INI-File Section .................................................. 50
SAVEASPDF .......................................................... 50

6.3.9 [Eml] INI-File Section ................................................ 51
HeaderTemplate ....................................................... 51
Styles ................................................................. 51
SELECTFILES .......................................................... 51
SKIPFILES .......................................................... 51
SkipUnusedInline ..................................................... 52
DateFormat ........................................................... 52

6.3.10 [TXT2PDF] INI-File Section ......................................... 52
TEXT.BORDER ......................................................... 52
TEXT.FONTNAME ...................................................... 52
TEXT.FONTSIZE ....................................................... 53
TEXT.HEIGHT ......................................................... 53
TEXT.WIDTH .......................................................... 53
TEXT.WRAP ........................................................... 53
TEXT.LANG ........................................................... 53
TEXT.TITLE ........................................................... 53

6.3.11 [EMF] INI-File Section ................................................ 54
AutoRotate ................................................................. 54
Border ....................................................................... 54
PageSize .................................................................... 54

6.3.12  [PDF] INI-File Section ........................................... 54
PDFA-PRECONVERT .................................................. 54
URLPerms .................................................................... 54
RenderXFA ................................................................... 55

6.3.13  [Image] INI-File Section ........................................ 55
IMG2PDF.EXE .......................................................... 55
FitImage ....................................................................... 55
Border ....................................................................... 55
CMPRQUAL ............................................................... 56
ResolutionDPI ................................................................ 56
ThresholdDPI ................................................................ 56
FailSize ..................................................................... 56

6.3.14  [JPM] INI-File Section ........................................... 56
REPAIRSTREAMS ...................................................... 56

6.3.15  [XPS] INI-File Section ........................................... 57
MaxCallDuration .......................................................... 57

6.3.16  [PdfPrinter] INI-File Section ................................ 57
Match ........................................................................ 57
PageSize ..................................................................... 57
Resolution ................................................................... 57
Quality ...................................................................... 57

6.3.17  [TIFFPrinterBW] INI-File Section ......................... 58
PageSize ..................................................................... 58
Compression ................................................................ 58
ResolutionX ................................................................ 58
ResolutionY ................................................................ 58
Quality ...................................................................... 58

6.3.18  [TIFFPrinterColor] INI-File Section ...................... 58
PageSize ..................................................................... 58
Compression ................................................................ 59
ResolutionX ................................................................ 59
ResolutionY ................................................................ 59
Quality ...................................................................... 59

6.3.19  [HTML] INI-File Section ...................................... 59
IEPRINT ...................................................................... 59
HTMLMAXLOADTIME .................................................. 59
PageSetup .................................................................... 60
HTMLOPT ..................................................................... 60

6.3.20  [ZIP] INI-File Section ........................................... 61
SKIPFILES .................................................................... 61
SELECTFILES ........................................................... 61
PROVIDER .................................................................... 61

6.3.21  [Job] INI-File Section ........................................... 61

6.3.22  [PdfOptimize] INI-File Section ......................... 61
Standard PDF Optimization Profiles .............................. 62
custom ....................................................................... 62
exepath ..................................................................... 62

6.3.23  [ACRORD] INI-File Section ................................. 62
MaxCallDuration .......................................................... 62
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>6.3.24</th>
<th>[PDFOCR] INI-File Section</th>
<th>62</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>MaxCallDuration</td>
<td>62</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6.4</td>
<td>Job Options</td>
<td>63</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6.4.1</td>
<td>ALIVECHECK</td>
<td>63</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6.4.2</td>
<td>CERTNAME</td>
<td>63</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6.4.3</td>
<td>COLLCOMP</td>
<td>63</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6.4.4</td>
<td>CONVERTAWAYS</td>
<td>63</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6.4.5</td>
<td>EMBEDSOURCE</td>
<td>63</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6.4.6</td>
<td>ERRSUMMARY</td>
<td>64</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6.4.7</td>
<td>ERPPAGE</td>
<td>64</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6.4.8</td>
<td>FlattenSignatures</td>
<td>64</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6.4.9</td>
<td>FlattenFormFields</td>
<td>64</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6.4.10</td>
<td>FORMAT</td>
<td>64</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6.4.11</td>
<td>HTMLPRINTRESOLUTION</td>
<td>64</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6.4.12</td>
<td>LINEARIZE</td>
<td>65</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6.4.13</td>
<td>MAILHEADER</td>
<td>65</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6.4.14</td>
<td>OCR</td>
<td>65</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6.4.15</td>
<td>OCR.BITALON</td>
<td>65</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6.4.16</td>
<td>OCR.EMBEDBARCODES</td>
<td>65</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6.4.17</td>
<td>OCR.ENGINE</td>
<td>66</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6.4.18</td>
<td>OCR.LANGUAGE</td>
<td>66</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6.4.19</td>
<td>OCR.IMAGEMODE</td>
<td>66</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6.4.20</td>
<td>OCR.TEXTMODE</td>
<td>66</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6.4.21</td>
<td>OCR.PAGEMODE</td>
<td>67</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6.4.22</td>
<td>OCR.PARAMETERS</td>
<td>67</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6.4.23</td>
<td>OCR.REEMBEDIMAGE</td>
<td>67</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6.4.24</td>
<td>OCR.ROTATEPAGE</td>
<td>67</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6.4.25</td>
<td>OCR.TAGGING</td>
<td>67</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6.4.26</td>
<td>PASSTHROUGH</td>
<td>68</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6.4.27</td>
<td>PDFA</td>
<td>68</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6.4.28</td>
<td>PDFA.ERROR</td>
<td>68</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6.4.29</td>
<td>PDFA.LOGDETAILS</td>
<td>68</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6.4.30</td>
<td>PDFA.LOGSUMMARY</td>
<td>68</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6.4.31</td>
<td>PDFA.OCRMODE</td>
<td>69</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6.4.32</td>
<td>PDFA.SUBSET</td>
<td>69</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6.4.33</td>
<td>PDFA.WARNCOLL</td>
<td>69</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6.4.34</td>
<td>PDFA.WARNDOWNGRADE</td>
<td>69</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6.4.35</td>
<td>PDFA.WARNUPGRADE</td>
<td>69</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6.4.36</td>
<td>PDFA.WARNNOTPDFA</td>
<td>70</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6.4.37</td>
<td>PDFA.WARNFONTSUBST</td>
<td>70</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6.4.38</td>
<td>PDFA.WARNVISDIFF</td>
<td>70</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6.4.39</td>
<td>PDFA.XMPWARNINGS</td>
<td>70</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6.4.40</td>
<td>PDFA.CONVERTEMPPDF</td>
<td>70</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6.4.41</td>
<td>PDF.COMPLIANCE</td>
<td>70</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6.4.42</td>
<td>PDF.DATE</td>
<td>71</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6.4.43</td>
<td>PDF.Embed</td>
<td>71</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6.4.44</td>
<td>PDF.Info</td>
<td>71</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6.4.45</td>
<td>PDF.OWNERPASS</td>
<td>71</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6.4.46</td>
<td>PDF.PERMISSION</td>
<td>72</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6.4.47</td>
<td>PDF.Producer</td>
<td>72</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6.4.48</td>
<td>PDF.USERPASS</td>
<td>72</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6.4.49</td>
<td>PDFOPTIMIZE</td>
<td>72</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
6.5.17 PRINTCOLOR ......................................................... 82
6.5.18 PRINTDM ............................................................. 82
6.5.19 PW ................................................................. 82
6.5.20 SAVEASPDF ....................................................... 83
6.5.21 RemoveVBA ....................................................... 83
6.5.22 TIFF.COMPR.BITONAL ........................................ 83
6.5.23 TIFF.COMPR.CONTINOUS .................................... 83
6.5.24 TIFF.COMPR.INDEXED ......................................... 83
6.5.25 TIFF.COMPR.MRC ............................................... 83
6.5.26 TIFF.UNPACK ................................................... 84
6.6 Watched Folder Configuration ..................................... 84
6.6.1 [O2PwFS] INI-File Section ...................................... 84
    AutoDelete ......................................................... 84
    AutoDeleteAll .................................................... 84
    JobPrefix .......................................................... 84
    KeepTimeForFailed ............................................. 85
    KeepTimeForSucceeded .......................................... 85
    LogLevel ........................................................... 85
    LogPath ........................................................... 85
    PollingInterval ................................................... 85
    ServiceHost ....................................................... 85
    ServicePort ........................................................ 86
    Threads ............................................................ 86
    Thread ............................................................. 86
    WorkerThreads .................................................... 86
6.7 Watched Folder Thread Options .................................... 86
6.7.1 -b Set Document Options ....................................... 86
6.7.2 -d1 Delete Input Files .......................................... 87
6.7.3 -j Set Converter Job Options ................................... 87
6.7.4 -l Create Error Log ............................................. 87
6.7.5 -o Specify Output Directory .................................. 87
6.7.6 -of Specify Failed Directory ................................ 87
6.7.7 -op Unprefix Output ............................................ 88
6.7.8 -os Specify Directory for Succeeded Jobs .................... 88
6.7.9 -ow Ignore Warnings ............................................ 88
6.7.10 -owf Warnings Output Folder .................................. 88
6.7.11 -ox IDX Name .................................................. 88
6.7.12 -oØ Keep Output ................................................ 89
6.7.13 -o1 Second Output Directory ................................ 89
6.7.14 -o2 Force Succeeded .......................................... 89
6.7.15 -R Search for dropped files ................................... 89
6.7.16 -u Unzip Output to Folder .................................... 89
6.7.17 -w Specify the Path to the Root Directory .................. 89
6.7.18 -wd Specify the Drop Path ................................... 90
6.7.19 -wfi Ignore Files with Certain Extensions .................. 90
6.7.20 -wfs Process only Files with Certain Extensions .......... 91
6.7.21 -1 Single Page Output ........................................ 91
6.7.22 -1l Single Page Output ....................................... 91
6.8 Dispatcher Service - O2PSRV.exe.config .......................... 91
6.9 Worker Session Control - O2PWSC.exe.config .................. 93
6.10 Error Codes ....................................................... 94
1 Introduction

1.1 Description

The 3-Heights™ Document Converter Small-Medium Enterprise Edition constitutes a solution for converting a wide range of document formats to PDF or TIFF. It can create PDF/A-1, PDF/A-2 and PDF/A-3 conforming files from office documents, images, or just simple text files.

The Document Converter supports various document formats and also includes support for unpacking and processing e-mail attachments and ZIP or RAR archives that may be nested in arbitrary depth as well as various plug-ins for Microsoft applications.

The main purpose of the Document Converter is to help you

- Make documents archivable (especially MS Office documents).
- Migrate existing archives.
- Exchange documents.
- Fulfilling standards (ISO) and security requirements.
- Standardize the variety of formats across the corporation.
1.2 Product Editions


Contact the PDF Tools pre-sales team on the PDF Tools Contact website for concerns regarding the suitable 3-Heights™ Document Converter edition.

### Quick Document Converter Editions Overview

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Service Components</th>
<th>Enterprise Edition</th>
<th>SME Edition</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Operation Systems</td>
<td>Windows Server 2008 R2, 2012 or newer</td>
<td>Windows Server 2008 R2, 2012 or newer</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Windows 7 or newer</td>
<td>Windows 7 or newer</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Client Applications</th>
<th>Enterprise Edition</th>
<th>SME Edition</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Windows 7 or newer</td>
<td>Windows 7 or newer</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Formats</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Office, Text</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PDF, Images</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>E-Mails with Attachments</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Website</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Containers (e.g. ZIP)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Custom (e.g. CAD)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Features</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Application/Interfaces</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PDF/A-1, PDF/A-2, PDF/A-3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TIFF Output</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Load-Balancing</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>OCR</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

1.2.1 Enterprise Edition

The Enterprise Edition of the 3-Heights™ Document Converter not only offers the conversion of the common work documents, such as Office documents, but also the conversion of entire websites and emails. This makes it especially suitable for processing incoming mail, for archiving emails with attachments and Office documents in the long term.
Additional formats can be added thanks to its plug-in architecture. Moreover it is possible to execute a completion action after converting a document.

The Enterprise Edition features an API and a web-service, which allows a simple and quick integration in existing environments. Due to its high speed, availability and scalability it can be implemented as a ready-to-use solution in companies of any size.

The user manual of the Enterprise Edition can be found on the PDF Tools website.

There is a separate 3-Heights™ Document Converter API documentation available for the .NET interface.

### 1.2.2 Small-Medium Enterprise Edition (SME)

The Small-Medium Enterprise Edition offers all essential features that are required for the conversion of common Office documents to PDF/A or TIFF. Besides Office documents, all common image formats can be converted and there is an option to integrate an OCR engine as in the Enterprise Edition. The outstanding features of this edition are its uncomplicated installation and its applicability on Windows Clients.

The Small-Medium Enterprise Edition is a perfect solution for small and medium companies, which do not maintain their own IT department.

### 1.3 Features

The 3-Heights™ Document Converter combines the features of the 3-Heights™ PDF Producer driver for Windows and the various document authoring applications such as Microsoft Word, Excel, PowerPoint, Visio, etc.

#### The most significant features include

- Conversion of a variety of formats, such as Office documents or emails, to PDF/A and TIFF
- Merge documents
- Robust client/server architecture
- Quick and easy installation (MSI Installer)
- Configuration application for easy management of conversion settings
- Minimal platform and resources requirements for clients
- Convenient integration into user environment via explorer pop-up menu
- Automatic conversion processing from watched folders
- Application Programming Interfaces available (C/C++, Java, COM)

#### The supported document applications and input formats are

- Microsoft Office, including Word, Excel, PowerPoint, Visio, Outlook
- Document formats corresponding to the installed MS Office version
- MS Word accepts non-native formats, such as plain text (ASCII and UNICODE), WordPerfect, HTML and others
- PDF (Portable Document Format)
  - PDF 1.x (PDF 1.0, . . . , PDF 1.7)
  - PDF 2.0
  - PDF/A-1a, PDF/A-1b
  - PDF/A-2a, PDF/A-2u, PDF/A-2b
  - PDF/A-3a, PDF/A-3u, PDF/A-3b
- EML und MSG (Internet Mail Message format)
Image Documents (TIFF, JPEG, BMP, PNG, GIF, JBIG2, JP2, JPM)
ZIP or RAR files containing documents corresponding to any supported format

**The supported output formats are**

- PDF
  - PDF 1.x (PDF 1.0, ..., PDF 1.7)
  - PDF 2.0
  - PDF/A-1a, PDF/A-1b
  - PDF/A-2a, PDF/A-2b, PDF/A-2u
  - PDF/A-3a, PDF/A-3b, PDF/A-3u
- TIFF: Bi-tonal, Monochrome, Color; with CCITT G4, JPEG, flate, LZW or no compression

**Conformance**

- ISO 32000-1 (PDF 1.7)
- ISO 32000-2 (PDF 2.0)
- ISO 19005-1 (PDF/A-1)
- ISO 19005-2 (PDF/A-2)
- ISO 19005-3 (PDF/A-3)
- PAdES (ETSI EN 319 142) signature levels B-B, B-T, CMS
- Legacy PAdES (ETSI TS 103 172) Part 2 and Part 4 (Long Term Validation, LTV)
- Cryptographic Suites (ETSI TS 119 312)
- TIFF V6
- ZUGFeRD 1.0, Factur-X V1.0

**1.4 Applications**

The 3-Heights™ Document Converter addresses applications that are in need of automated document conversion.

**Archiving**

The 3-Heights™ Document Converter is a great tool for archiving mixed collections of office documents, including e-mail with attachments. It also accepts ZIP or RAR archives, and produces a single PDF/A-1, PDF/A-2 or PDF/A-3 conforming document containing the whole collection of input documents converted to PDF.

**Document Assembly and Publishing**

The capability to convert and assemble documents can also serve to assemble multiple documents into one and prepare it for distribution.

**Integration in operation processes**

To include the Document Converter in operation processes is supported in several ways. A convenient way to handle this, is via the “Watched Folders” service. Input documents just need to be copied into a dedicated folder to be automatically processed, with the output documents created in the configured output folder.

Even more flexibility is available by integrating the service into applications via the Document Converter API. Several interfaces such as a C, COM, and .NET are available.

**Interactive use**
The Document Converter accessible via interactive clients by several features, documents are converted on-the-fly. Typical documents are processed in only a few seconds to be presented to the client users. There is no need to set up any infrastructure on the client side, making deployment as easy as possible.
2 Requirements

2.1 Platform Requirements

The required hardware resources for a proper operation of the Document Converter depend on the type and amount of input documents and on the processing options used. Select progressively one of the following scenarios for a recommendation.

Of course the Hard Disk and Memory requirements are values which are used for the Document Converter only. For example, additional hard disk space is need to be considered for any Office applications to support the corresponding document formats.

Note: A straightforward way to verify if your platform meets the requirements for the Document Converter is that a session login and initialization should not take more than 20 - 30 seconds.

For Small Office Documents; low throughput (less than one page per second on average)

- **Free Hard Disk Space** Minimum 100 MB
- **Available Memory** Minimum 512 MB
- **# CPU cores** Minimum 2

For Small Office Documents; high throughput (several pages per second on average)

- **Free Hard Disk Space** Minimum 200 MB
- **Available Memory** Minimum 1-2 GB
- **# CPU cores** Minimum 4

For Complex Documents

- **Free Hard Disk Space** Minimum 200 MB
- **Available Memory** Minimum 1-2 GB
- **# CPU cores** Minimum 2

For Raster image based documents and conversion with OCR recognition; moderate throughput; OCR Service on separate Computer

- **Free Hard Disk Space** Minimum 200 MB
- **Available Memory** Minimum 512 MB
- **# CPU cores** Minimum 2

For an OCR Service platform
Free Hard Disk Space  Minimum 200 MB
Available Memory  Minimum 512 MB

# CPU cores  Minimum 2

2.1.1 Complementary Information

**Hard Disk Space**  Is usually not an issue. The 3-Heights™ Document Converter installation is small and disk space is determined mainly by space requirements for storing log and temporary files.

**Memory**  Requirements are mostly determined by the type of conversions involved. Office applications may demand a significant amount of memory when source documents are large or complex.

Another reason for high memory demand can be high resolution conversion, e.g. PDF to TIFF, that is performed natively by the Document Converter.

**# CPUs**  Certain types of processing impose excessive CPU load by their nature, such as OCR processing and image (re-)compression.

2.2 Operating Systems

The 3-Heights™ Document Converter is available for the following operating systems:

- Windows Client 7+ | x64

‘+’ indicates the minimum supported version.

2.3 Office Versions

The 3-Heights™ Document Converter is supported for use with the following Microsoft Office Versions:

- Microsoft Office 2010, 2013, 2016 and 2019

**Note:** The listed Office versions are supported for German and English language settings only. Due to better experiences we recommend to use the English language settings.

However, it is possible to use a different language setting or different Microsoft Office versions. But the respective preparation steps, in the section (Platform Preparations), may differ.
3 Installation

This chapter guides you through the installation of the 3-Heights™ Document Converter Service. For information about Document Converter Client installation, see the Client manual.

For a successful installation it is important to meet certain platform and operating system requirements (see the previous chapter Requirements) and to prepare the platform accordingly.

3.1 Platform Preparations

To prepare a platform for the installation of the 3-Heights™ Document Converter, the following steps have to be done in advance:

1. **Install Windows OS**
   Install one of the supported Operating Systems and make sure the Spooler Service is enabled.

2. **Install Microsoft .NET Framework 4.7**
   The Microsoft .NET Framework 4.7 or newer needs to be installed.

3. **Install Universal CRT**
   The Universal C Runtime is installed by default on newer Windows platforms (Server 2016 and later). It is optionally distributed via Windows Update on older Windows versions.
   Verify that `ucrtbase.dll` is located in the Windows System32 folder. If it is missing, you may download and install the Microsoft Visual C++ Redistributable for Visual Studio 2015, 2017 and 2019 (`vc_redist*.exe`) from download.microsoft.com. We recommend to install both variants, x86 and x64.

4. **Install Microsoft Office**
   a. Select features according to the files that are intended to convert (i.e. Excel for .xls documents)
   b. Install Service Packs

5. **Install Adobe Reader 10 or higher** To enable the converter service to process PDF forms based on XFA that need rendering.

6. **Install Internet Explorer** To convert HTML bodies of e-mails.

3.2 Service Installation

Install the 3-Heights™ Document Converter with assistance of the Microsoft Installer package

`DocumentConverterSME-<version>-Windows-(32bit).msi`

where `<version>` is the version number.

Moreover, public properties of the installer package can be specified, see Installation Parameters.

3.2.1 Installation Steps

2. **After going through the initial setup page, accept the terms in the “License Agreement”**.
3. **Continue to the Installation Options via the “Next” button.**
   a. Change the destination folder, if desired.
   b. Select the features to be installed.
   c. Click on “Next”.

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4. The license key can be specified before the installation process.

5. Trigger the installation by clicking on the “Install” button.

6. After the installation is completed, click on the “Finish” button to close the Setup Wizard and start the Document Converter Configurator.

### 3.3 Service Configuration

The 3-Heights™ Document Converter Configurator is started automatically when the Document Converter was installed for the first time. It eases and guides through the Service Configuration process.
3.3.1 License

A valid license for the 3-Heights™ Document Converter Small-Medium Enterprise Edition is required. To maintain multiple licenses please use the 3-Heights™ License Manager that was installed with the server components.

3.3.2 Service configuration

3-Heights™ Document Converter Clients can access the Document Converter Service if they are located in the same network.

Therefore the service needs a hostname that is available for the clients, localhost can be used if both installations are on the same machine. If the access is through a network connection, the firewalls on the route between the service and the client machines must be configured to permit inbound connections on the configured port (default is 7981).

3.3.3 Office Configuration

The Document Converter uses Office applications to convert Office documents. For each format that should be supported, the corresponding Office application (e.g. Microsoft Word for .docx documents) must be configured:
Therefore click on the button “Configure” on the Office configuration page. The necessary settings for a flawless use of the Document Converter are set automatically and the Office applications started and closed if necessary.

**Note:** The license of the Office applications must be activated.

To convert .msg or .eml documents, Microsoft Outlook must be configured too. This must be done manually as described in detail in section [Outlook Configuration Details](#).

![](image.png)

### 3.3.4 Watched folder

The directories of a Watched Folders Service can be specified and created with the Configurator on the next page.

1. Mark the corresponding checkbox.
2. Set an existing root directory.
3. Click on the button “Create” to automatically create the directories as shown in the preview:
   - an empty Work Folder
   - the folder Public with the subfolders Failed, Output and Pickup

**Note:** It is highly recommended to use local folders for the watched folder service, network folders can be temporary unavailable and disturb the conversion process.

The watched folder service is installed using the LOCAL SYSTEM account. Ensure that this user has read and write access to all folders (Pickup, Output, Failed, Work).

For information regarding the usage see section [Watched Folders](#) and regarding the configuration see section [Watched Folder Configuration](#).
3.3.5 Finish the Service Configuration

To run a reasonable Document Converter Service the last page of the Configurator should look like on the screenshot below:

- Mark the checkbox “Start Service Configuration Editor” to start the Document Converter Editor to configure the conversion process afterwards. See section Service Configuration Editor for guidance.
- Click on the button “Finish” to close the Configurator and start Document Converter service.

3.3.6 Configuration Details

This section provides supplementary details for configuration tasks not covered by the 3-Heights™ Document Converter Configurator.
Office Configuration Details

1. Activate the license of the Office application.
2. Set the format options in the Office application.
3. Open a sample document for each format that should be converted with the Document Converter. Ensure that there are no popup dialogs that must be closed manually.

Outlook Configuration Details

- Ensure that there are no popup dialogs that must be closed manually.
- Disable automatic features, such as “AutoArchive”.
  “Options” → “Advanced” → “AutoArchive” → “AutoArchiveSettings…”

- Disable automatic printing of mail attachments.
- Disable reception confirmations or prompting for these.
● Disable notifications for programmatic access.
   as Administrator: “Options” → “Trust Center Settings” → “Programmatic Access” → “Never warn...”

![Trust Center Settings](image)

3.4 Updating an Existing Installation

To update a 3-Heights™ Document Converter Small-Medium Enterprise Edition version

2. Execute the MSI of the newest release and follow the steps as described in the section Service Installation. If this yells an error, an uninstallation must be performed before installing the newest Document Converter Small-Medium Enterprise Edition release. The uninstallation can be done with help of the old MSI or via “Programs and Features”.

Note: The uninstallation does not remove the configuration data contained in *.config, *.xml and *.ini files. These files remain in the installation directory, and will not be changed when performing the installation of the new version into the same installation directory.
4 User guide

This section gives an overview of the usage and configuration for the 3-Heights™ Document Converter Small-Medium Enterprise Edition standard features.

4.1 Terms and Abbreviations

The described terms below are important for the comprehensibility of the Document Converter.

**Application Options** These options control the corresponding application (e.g. MS Word). Application options are set with the 3-Heights™ Document Converter Service Configuration Editor on the “Document Conversion Settings” tab or directly in the O2PWSC.ini file.

**Job** This term stands for a conversion job, which is the common paradigm for the Watched Folder Service (O2PWFS.exe) and the Command Line Tool (o2pclient.exe).

The two executables actually build on top of the API DLL O2PProxyAPI.DLL, for detailed information one is referred to the section “Job Structure” in the 3-Heights™ Document Converter API documentation.

**Job Options** Are used to configure the general conversion process. Job options can be set analogous to application options or can be specified individually for the different features.

Note: If job options are set at different points, within the conversion process, all job options are merged together. In case of conflicts, those job options which are set for the feature in use, override those of the Service Configuration.

All available document options can be set as job options, but not vice versa. Moreover, settings specified at the document level have priority over settings specified at the job level.

**Document Option** This options are set to process a particular document and are set “on the job” (i.e. set individually for each feature). The distinction between document options in job options is due to different methods in the O2PProxyAPI.dll.

Note: Certain document options can control an application also (i.e. override application options).

4.2 Security Considerations

The Document Converter is not designed for use in a hostile environment such as the Internet.

The service port should be protected by a firewall to protect it from unauthorized use or malicious attacks. Client components accessing the service need not to provide any credentials. Make sure to install these components only on computers on which users are permitted to use them.

Log directories and files on the computer hosting the server components are not secured. You may want to restrict access from unauthorized users by tailoring the security settings of the log and Temp folders.

Note: Write access must be granted to the account configured for the dispatcher service (O2PSRV).
Similar considerations apply to the directories used by the Watched Folder Service, if installed.

4.3 Service Configuration Editor

The document converting configurations are conveniently set with the 3-Heights™ Document Converter Service Configuration Editor (O2PConfigure.exe). This editor is an intuitive tool to set a very broad range of options.

To set and maintain general service configurations use the first three tabs of the editor.

4.3.1 General Tab

The first tab on the Configuration Editor provides standard information about the 3-Heights™ Document Converter Service, such as the Document Converter version, status and the path to its installation directory.

4.3.2 Service Configuration Tab

This tab controls the Document Converter Service.

**Important:** After changes are made, click the “Apply” button and restart the service.

**Hint:** Hold the “Ctrl” key and right-click on this tab to display the number of processed document conversions.

![Configuration Editor](image)

**Start the Service** Press the “Start Adhoc Converter” to start the service. The “Document Converter Service Work Session Controller” window opens and displays event logs corresponding to the “Log Level” setting.

**Stop the Service** Close the “Controller” window to stop the service.
License Key

The message “License key missing” is printed in red in the upper right corner of this tab, if there was no valid license key specified. Open the “License Manager..” and enter a valid license key.

Logging

- Set a level for the “Event Log” and “Log Level”. Common log settings are “Warning” or “Error”.
- Logging of page counts can be enabled by checking the “Log Page Counts” box on the Service Configuration tab. An entry consisting of date time and number of pages is appended for each conversion job.
- Additional, accounting relevant information can be passed through to the log file from the job options (any job level key/value pair setting with a key prefix of ACCOUNTING. will be passed).
  The name of these log files consists of the prefix ac followed by the current year and month.

The log information is stored in text files that are located in the Document Converter's log directory.

4.3.3 Document Conversion Settings Tab

Adjust on this tab the service document conversion settings according to specific needs. Therefore select first the “Scope” and then the according settings. Common settings are already listed in the editor. See the section Application Options as well as Job Options and Document Options for a description of the available options. Moreover, consider the section Terms and Abbreviations to comprehend the hierarchy of options set on this tab or at a different point in the conversion process.

The conversion settings are saved in the O2PWSC.ini file.
4.4 Watched Folders

Once you have a Watched Folders Service configured, it is very simple and straightforward to use. Documents can simply be moved into the pickup folder, and later the conversion results can be retrieved from the output folder.

**Note:** The input file will be moved to the Failed folder in case of a failed conversion. An output file may still be stored in case of non-fatal errors (such as PDF/A conversion issues).

Use the “Service Configuration Editor” to set up and control the Watched Folders Service. The corresponding INI file O2PWFS.ini is located in the installation directory.

**Start Watched Folders Service** This Service needs to be started and stopped separately with the [ + ], see screenshot below.

4.4.1 Watched Folders Configuration

“**Add Option..**” Set the options **AutoDelete**, **AutoDeleteAll** and **JobPrefix** directly on the “Watched Folders” tab. In order to move input files rather than delete them, **AutoDelete** and **AutoDeleteAll** settings must be set to **false**.

**edit “Folder #”** Enter the specific options directly into the value field, or open the pop-up box by clicking on “edit”. Directories can be specified as an absolute path or prefixed by a colon as a subfolder of the pickup directory.

For a detailed description of the watched folder settings see the section **Watched Folder Thread Options**.
The service creates the following subfolders within the specified Root directory

**Failed**  Dropped files are moved to this folder when a failure is encountered.

**InProgress**  Dropped files are moved to this folder while being processed.

**Jobs**  Dropped files are moved here; they are renamed to contain a prefix consisting of date and time, so they will be processed in the order they were dropped.

**Logs**  Log files for files that failed during processing are stored here; the log file name consists of the original file's name and the extension .txt.

**PDFs/TIFFs**  This directory contains the PDF/TIFF output of successfully processed files.

*Note:*  The name of this directory depends on the FORMAT setting in the job options specified for the folder (unless option -o is specified.

**Succeeded**  This directory contains dropped input files that have been successfully processed (when Autodelete=false is specified in the INI file).

### 4.4.2 Control Watched Folder Job

The Watched Folder Service accepts Job Options and Document Options that are specified in the corresponding Thread declaration in the O2PWFS .ini file (see section Watched Folder Configuration), or in a job control file.

A job control file is a text file that is dropped into the watched folder, having the file extension .control. Each line of the text file either consists of an option setting, or a document file path. The documents referenced in the control file are left untouched.

*Note:*  Each thread uses a single converter job; since job options are reset before beginning processing of a new conversion, settings in a control file will be confined to the scope of the control file.

**Example:**  Job control file

```
-b Outline=FILENAME;Outlook:Outline=%Subject%
\\ComputerName\ShareName\document1.rtf
\\ComputerName\ShareName\document2.xls
\\ComputerName\ShareName\document3.msg
```

The watched folder service will move the control file to the succeeded folder (or delete it) on job completion.

### 4.4.3 Implementation Limits

The Watched Folder Service has the following implementation limits:

**Maximum full path name length for input documents**  Limited by Windows (260 characters).

**Maximum full path name length of output documents**  Limited to 160 characters, unless option -u is specified. With -u, there is a limit of 80 characters for the output folder, and 80 characters for the names of files stored in that folder (file extensions included; the significant part of the names will be less).
Maximum number of watched folders  There is no hard limit for the maximum number of watched folders; however, file search overhead will increase with the number of watched folders. The number may exceed a few hundred for folders on a local disk, but should be significantly less for network shares.

Processing of documents from a specific folder is performed sequentially. If you need to increase throughput, create multiple folders and distribute documents equally.

4.5 Client Application

The 3-Heights™ Document Converter Client offers a Graphical User Interface application which will send input document(s) to the 3-Heights™ Document Converter service, either through the configured network port or using the Webservice interface. The output document can then be stored and/or displayed in the Client Application.

4.5.1 Features

Viewer Features  The built-in PDF viewer provides these features:

Navigation  Using the arrow key, the navigation buttons or by selecting a page in the Thumbnails preview, a user can easily navigate through a document.
**Zoom** The viewer offers zoom in and out as well as **FitPage** and **FitWidth** modes, were the page size is automatically adjusted.

**Selection** Text can be selected and copied to the clipboard.

**Manipulation Features** The Thumbnail Page Preview offers these manipulation features:

- **Page Order** One or several pages can be rearranged using Drag&Drop.
- **Rotation** One or several pages can be selected and rotated either clockwise or counter-clockwise.
- **Delete Page** One or several pages can be removed from the document.

### 4.5.2 Options

The **Options** window allows to configure the connection to the 3-Heights™ Document Converter service (**Connection** tab) and set the conversion options (**Conversion** tab). In the **Connection** tab, the connection status is displayed. Documents can only be converted if the client can successfully connect to a Document Converter service.

#### Connection Mode

**Key:** Connection Mode

- **Network** Connect to your local server where the Document Converter Service is running using the network **hostname** of the server and the configured **port**. Ensure that no firewall blocks TCP traffic between the client and the server.
- **Webservice** Connect to your server where the Document Converter Webservice is running.
- **Testservice** Connect to the PDF Tools Testservice. The credentials to use the PDF Tools Testservice are identical to the “My PDF Tools” account information which you received after the registration process on [www.pdf-tools.com](http://www.pdf-tools.com). To access the Testservice, a valid license (evaluation or productive) needs to be available in your account.

#### Window Mode

**Key:** Window Mode
To change the Window Mode or other options, open the Client from the Windows Start Menu without initializing any conversion.

**NoDialog**  Documents will be saved in the configured **Output directory** without any dialog window. If a file with the same name already exists in the directory, the current time is added to the filename.

**OutputDialog** Only a Windows Save Dialog window is shown so that the user can decide where to save to output document.

**PreviewDialog** A document preview is shown after the conversion so that the output document can be reviewed and manipulations are possible.

**CollectDialog** Documents can be assembled and then be sent to the conversion service. This allows to easily merge documents or bulk process files.

![Image of 3-Heights™ Document Converter interface](image)

**Output directory**

**Key:** Output directory

Select the default output directory for converted documents.

**Override**

**Key:** Override

If this option is selected, existing documents in the output directory will be overridden. Otherwise, the output document name will be adjusted (e.g. appended with the current time) to ensure unique file names.

**Selected Profile**

**Key:** Selected Profile

The profile for the conversion can be selected. Changes are only effective after a restart. Profiles and their options sets (as described in **Section 6.4**) can be edited and added in the configuration file `DocConvDialog.xml`.

Predefined Profiles:

**PDFA-2**  Convert documents to PDF/A-2 for archiving and long term preservation.

**PDFA-3**  Convert documents to PDF/A-3 for archiving and long term preservation (with support for embedded files).

**PDF**  Convert documents to PDF.
OCR  Convert documents to PDF/A-2 and perform text recognition (OCR), recommended for scanned documents. Needs a configured OCR service to work.

4.5.3 Explorer Shell Extension

Another way to use the Shell Pop-up is by the Explorer Shell Extension.

Right-click on a document, the pop-up menu will show the "3 Heights(TM) Document Converter" entry.

The menu entry will be shown when one or multiple documents are selected, and the selection contains documents having a known file extension. It will also be shown for folders that contain corresponding files.

When activating the menu, it runs the Shell Pop-up.

Configuration

The pop-up menu will be shown by the explorer for files with certain name extensions.

The list of relevant file extensions is configured via the O2PCM.ini (or O2PCM64.ini) file that is located in the installation directory of the Document Converter Client. See the table Supported Document Extensions for available extensions.

Note: The EXPLORER.EXE file needs to be restarted to reflect changes in the O2PCM.ini file.

4.5.4 Office Add-In

The Office Add-Ins are a simple way for converting documents directly from an Office Application. They are available for these Office products:

- Microsoft Word
- Microsoft Excel
- Microsoft Outlook
4.6 Command Line Tool

The command line executable o2pclient.exe is a convenient tool for automating conversion tasks in a shell script or as a scheduled task.

Unless you have extended the PATH environment setting to include the installation directory of the Document Converter, you have to specify the full file path to call the o2pclient.exe program.

Usage: When called without any arguments, it will print a usage message to standard output

```
Usage: o2pclient [ Options ] office.doc office.xls ...
Options:
   -sp url service point URL overriding entry in .config file;
   NOTE: this must be first option on the command line.
   -l list known file extensions
   -o out.pdf specify name of output file (default: out.pdf)
   -j options set job options
   -b options set file options
   -px n v.dat specify parameter name and data file
   -v verbose
   -ax file add XML Metadata from file (unchecked)
   -share pass files via shared file system
```

Job options:

```
PDF.USERPASS=pass;PDF.OWNERPASS=pass;PDF.PERMISSION=-1;
PDF.DATE=20070901120000
```

File options: "Outline='Bookmark Text';xz.zip:Outline=Archive XY"

The o2pclient.exe options -b and -j work analogue to the corresponding Watched Folder Thread Options. For a detailed list of available parameters see Document Options and Job Options.

Note: The o2pclient.exe options -j and -b are merged with the options, which are set with the Service Configuration Editor. In case of conflicts -j and -b override the static ones.

Input documents may contain "*" wildcard characters to easily pass multiple files for processing. The sequence will be determined by the lexical ordering as provided by the Windows file system.

Example: Convert all documents in a directory to a single PDF/A document

```
o2pclient -o folder.pdf -j PDFA -b Outline=FILENAME .\folder\*.*
```

Note: You can specify a relative or an absolute path for input files on the command line.
Please make sure that the extension of the output file corresponds to the actual document format you expect as output (e.g. out.tiff, out.zip)
5 Processing Guide

5.1 PDF/A

The Document Converter supports creation and conversion of documents to produce PDF/A conforming output. Essentially, the PDF/A job option must be set to produce PDF/A conforming output. If a job inputs include PDF/A documents, the Converter Service may need to override conflicting settings or adjust the conformance level to reflect the properties of the overall merged document.

PDF/A conversion at the job level is performed once the merge process is complete in a separate step by the Dispatcher service (O2PSRV.exe). Since PDF/A conversion requires the embedding of color profiles, these resources must be available to O2PSRV. The default color profiles used by the service are USWebCoatedSWOP.icc and sRGB Color Space Profile.icm. Make sure these files are located in the \spool\drivers\color sub-path below the Windows System directory (usually C:\WINDOWS\System32).

5.2 Stamping

PDF documents can be stamped while being processed. Stamp information is passed via an XML file. The XML file can be located on the server, or can entirely be passed via API. See in the appendix Stamp File Syntax for a detailed description of the XML stamp file.

5.2.1 Pre-installed Stamp Files

Pre-installed stamp files are stored on the server, preferably in the installation folder of the converter service or a subfolder thereof. A pre-installed stamp file is applied via the STAMP=stamp.xml job option. stamp.xml is the name of the stamp file. This can be an absolute file path, or a path relative to the installation folder of the converter service.

It is possible to define place holders in the XML file that can be replaced with actual data.

Example: Specify place holders for name and mail in the stamp.xml

```xml
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="utf-8"?>
<pdfstamp xmlns="http://www.pdf-tools.com/pdftstamp/"
    <stamp page="all" align="center middle">
      <text font="Arial" size="25">[[name]] [[mail]]</text>
    </stamp>
</pdfstamp>
```

STAMP=stamp.xml?name=John Smith&mail=john.smith@moon.ext

Any occurrences of [[name]] will be replaced with the actual string "John Smith" and [[mail]] will be replaced with the actual string "john.smith@moon.ext".

Note: The converter service assumes the XML stamp file is encoded in UTF-8.
5.2.2 Passing Entire Stamp Files via API

An entire stamp XML file can also be passed via the programming interfaces available (including the web service).

Example:

```java
res = ws.convertFileWithData (docBytes, // bytes of input document
                          "STAMP=param:x;ORIGINALNAME=p.doc", // specify STAMP source ("x")
                          xmpBytes, // XMP metadata (may be null)
                          "x", // parameter name "x" (must match
                          // stamp source)
                          stampBytes); // stamp XML data (UTF8 encoded)
```

5.2.3 References to Fonts and Images

A stamp file will reference fonts for text stamps, and image files for image stamps. While fonts can be both be specified via their TrueType name and via a file name, images can only be specified via a file name.

Since there is no mechanism to pass image contents along with the stamp file, this means that image data must be stored locally on the server. Images can thus either be pre-installed, or passed from the application via a shared folder.

5.3 Optimization

Optimization is an optional feature of the Document Converter, which can be applied using the `PDFOPTIMIZE` job option.

To make use of this feature

PDF Optimizer Shell  The product “3-Heights™ PDF Optimizer Shell” needs to be installed and a separate license configured. After the installation process the Document Converter needs to be restarted.

Choose a profile  Several predefined profiles such as `archive`, `web` and `print` are available. Set a custom profile or change a predefined one with the Service Configuration Editor on the “Document Conversion Settings” tab via the PdfOptimze Scope.

Set the path to `pdfoptimize.exe`  Set the executable path of the 3-Heights™ PDF Optimizer Shell tool with the application option `exepath`. After having installed this tool using the MSI installer kit, the System PATH environment variable will be extended.

PDF Optimizer documentation  Carefully read the PDF Optimizer Shell documentation.

Example:  Assume the `archive` profile is set; i.e. the O2PWSC.ini configuration file contains the following lines

```
[PdfOptimize]
archive = -or -od -st -dt 200 -dr 200 -fb 6,7,10 -fc 1,8,10 -fi 2,10 -m -s -oc
exepath = pdfoptimize.exe
```

This allows you to specify `PDFOPTIMIZE=archive` in the job options string, having the effect that the command `pdfoptimize.exe -or -od -st .. <inpdf> <outpdf>` is executed, where `<inpdf>` is a placeholder for the intermediate PDF document obtained from the conversion process, prior to passing it to the last step involving PDF/A conversion and/or signing; `<outpdf>` is a placeholder for the file path where the optimized output shall be stored.
6 Interface Reference

6.1 Document Type Index

The Document Converter contains a number of standard modules for controlling external document authoring applications as well as built-in support for PDF and raster images.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Application/Format</th>
<th>INI-Section Name</th>
<th>Scope Name</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Internet Mail Messages</td>
<td>Eml</td>
<td>Eml</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>JPEG, TIFF, GIF, BMP, PNG images</td>
<td>Image</td>
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<tr>
<td>Microsoft PowerPoint</td>
<td>PowerPoint</td>
<td>PowerPoint</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Microsoft Outlook</td>
<td>Outlook</td>
<td>Outlook</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Microsoft Word</td>
<td>MSWord</td>
<td>MSWord</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Microsoft Visio</td>
<td>Visio</td>
<td>Visio</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Microsoft Project</td>
<td>MSPProject</td>
<td>MSPProject</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>OpenOffice</td>
<td>OO</td>
<td>OO</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PDF</td>
<td>PDF</td>
<td>PDF</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Text (ANSI, UTF-8, Unicode)</td>
<td>TXT2PDF</td>
<td>TXT2PDF</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Windows Enhanced Metafile</td>
<td>EMF</td>
<td>EMF</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>XML Paper Specification</td>
<td>XPS</td>
<td>XPS</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

6.2 Document Extension Index

The application used for converting a particular document is selected according to the document format. In a first attempt, document formats are determined based on the file extension. In most cases, the file extension corresponds to the actual document format. If the extension is unknown or incorrect, the 3-Heights™ Document Converter tries to guess the document format from the file header, and finally tries to open the document with each application.

The following table lists the file extensions registered for the supported applications.
### Supported Document Extensions

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Application</th>
<th>Extension</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Enhanced Metafile</td>
<td>.emf .emz</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>http/HTML</td>
<td>.url .mht .htmzip</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Internet Mail Messages</td>
<td>.eml</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Microsoft Excel</td>
<td>.xls .xlt .xltx .xls .xlsx .xslb .xlt .xltm</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Microsoft Project</td>
<td>.mpp</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Microsoft PowerPoint</td>
<td>.ppt .pps .pptx .pptm .ppsx .ppsm</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Microsoft Outlook</td>
<td>.msg</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Microsoft Word</td>
<td>.doc .docm .docx .dot .dotx .dotm .rtf .txt .htm .html .wpd .wpc .ws</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Microsoft Visio</td>
<td>.vsd .vsdx .vds .vx .vss .vssx .vssm .vss .vsx .fstx .vstm .vst .vtx .vsw .vdw .svg .svgz</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>OpenOffice.org</td>
<td>.odf .odg .odp .ods .odt .sxw .sxi .sxc</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Raster image formats</td>
<td>.jpg .jpeg .bmp .gif .tif .tiff .jb2 .jp2 .png</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>RAR Archives</td>
<td>.rar</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Text</td>
<td>.txt .log .ini</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>XML Paper Specification</td>
<td>.xps</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ZIP Archives</td>
<td>.zip</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Note:** The ZIP provider “7z” can be configured to support also archives having file extensions .7z, .bzip2, .gz, .tar, .wim and .zipx. Therefore set the key PROVIDER=7z.

### 6.3 Application Options

The Document Converter contains control modules for each document format that automates the corresponding office applications. There is a standard way of configuring these modules, which works with a windows profile file (application INI file).

The name of a configuration INI file corresponds to the file name of the executable. In this sense O2PWSC.exe will read from O2PWSC.ini.

**Note:** O2PSRV.exe does not directly control any office applications; therefore, there is no need for an O2PSRV.ini file.

See chapter User guide for configuration guidance of the service and the different Document Converter features.
Example: An INI-file (O2PWSC.ini)

```
[Outlook]
OUTLOOKEXE=\Microsoft Office\Office12\OUTLOOK.EXE
button_yes=&Ja
access_grant = &Zugriff

[MSWord]
preload = false
SAVEASPDF = true
WorkingSet = 90M
```

Each configuration setting applies to the section for the specific office application (Microsoft Word and Outlook in the above sample).

**Note:** INI-Section and setting names are not case sensitive, and generally, values are neither, unless specified.

### 6.3.1 Common to all external applications

The INI Keys described in this subsection are synonymously applicable for all external applications.

**disabled**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Key: disabled</th>
<th>Default: false</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>true Disable (do not use) the application.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>false Do not disable the application.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Extensions**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Key: Extensions</th>
<th>Default: (application specific)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

Replace the standard file extensions for the application. This is a static option (i.e. it cannot be changed or overridden at runtime).

Syntax: list of colon separated extension strings.

**Example:**

```
[MSWord]
Extensions=DOC:DOCX:RTF
```

---

1 Certain values for MS Outlook are language specific, see [OUTLOOKEXE, button_yes, access_grant](#)
**MaxCallDuration**

| Key: MaxCallDuration | Default: 600 |

Time limit in seconds allowed for calls into an office application. If this time limit is exceeded, the application is forcibly terminated.

The MaxCallDuration option also applies to a number of processing tasks, such as PDF optimization, XFA rendering via Acrobat Reader or OCR processing. Defaults are task specific and can be configured in O2PWSC.ini or passed via document or job options (e.g. pdfocr:MaxCallDuration=3600).

**preload**

| Key: preload | Default: false |

- true  Start the application during initialization to have it ready when needed to process a document.
- false  Do not start the application during initialization.

**RestartAfterConversions**

| Key: RestartAfterConversions | Default: (unlimited) |

Number of conversions till the office application is restarted by the service.

Use this configuration option to work around instabilities.

**RestrictToExtension**

| Key: RestrictToExtension | Default: false |

- true  Only attempt to open documents having one of the application specific file extensions.
- false  Do not restrict to open documents having one of the application specific file extensions.

**WorkingSet**

| Key: WorkingSet | Default: 100M |

Working set limit triggering automatic recycling of application process. Specify an integer number, optionally followed by k (for kilo bytes) or M (for megabytes).
6.3.2 [MSWord] INI-File Section

**BFFValidate**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Key</th>
<th>Default</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>BFFValidate</td>
<td>strict</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Input document can be validated using the Microsoft BFFValidator. Corrupt documents can lead to Office application crashes, which will delay other conversions, or produce output documents with missing parts.

- **strict**: Fail if a Word-97-2003-Document is not a valid.
- **warn**: Warn if a Word-97-2003-Document is not valid, try to convert the document anyway.
- **disable**: Disable the validation, there will be no validation warning or error.

**BitmapMissingFonts**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Key</th>
<th>Default</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>BitmapMissingFonts</td>
<td>true</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

When using **SAVEASPDF**, embed bitmaps for missing fonts.

**CreateBookmarks**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Key</th>
<th>Default</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>CreateBookmarks</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

When using **SAVEASPDF**, use a specified value for the CreateBookmarks option.

- **0**: none
- **1**: headings
- **2**: all Word bookmarks

**DocStructureTags**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Key</th>
<th>Default</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>DocStructureTags</td>
<td>true</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

When using **SAVEASPDF**, embed document structure tags (required for PDF/A1a and PDFA/UA)

**EmbeddedDocuments**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Key</th>
<th>Default</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>EmbeddedDocuments</td>
<td>false</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- **true**: Convert also all embedded documents.
- **false**: Do not convert embedded documents.
LockFields

| Key: LockFields | Default: false |

true  MS Word locks all fields in the document as well as headers and footers. This will prevent MS Word from updating their values at print time or on saving to PDF.

false  Do not lock fields in the document.

Note: MS Word updates certain fields before they can be locked, such as TIME (current date and time).

UpdateFieldsAtPrint

| Key: UpdateFieldsAtPrint | Default: false |

true  set the corresponding Word option to update fields before printing. Use this option in combination with SAVEASPDF=false (i.e. use Word's PrintOut function to convert the document).

false  Do not set the corresponding Word option to update fields before printing.

Note: See also LockFields

PW

| Key: PW | Default: "" |

The password to open password protected documents. This option is usually specified per document.

ShowComments

| Key: ShowComments | Default: false |

true  Make comments visible in converted document. This setting is only effective, if SAVEASPDF is false.

false  Hide comments in converted document.

Note: Explicitly showing or hiding comments requires that the document be opened with ReadOnly=false. This may require a password. It is therefore recommended to not use this option unless explicitly required (and the password is known or known to not be required).
SAVEASPDF

**Key:** SAVEASPDF  **Default:** true

When option is not defined, false will be used.

**true** Use the Office “ExportAsFixedFormat” feature to produce a PDF from the Word document. Setting this value to true requires MS Office installed. It is required to create Bookmarks for the document titles.

**false** Use the application’s printing function for conversion via the 3-Heights™ Document Converter Service PDF Printer.

This is also a document processing option (see Job Options).

UseISO19005_1

**Key:** UseISO19005_1  **Default:** false

When option is not defined, true will be used.

**true** When using SAVEASPDF, produce PDF/A-1 conforming output.

VBAOFF

**Key:** VBAOFF  **Default:** true

When option is not defined, false will be used.

**true** Turns VBA off for MS Office applications by setting the VBAOFF entry in the registry of the worker account user.

**false** Turns VBA on for MS Office applications by setting the VBAOFF entry in the registry of the worker account user.

See VBAOff setting has no effect in the chapter Troubleshooting.

Overriding Settings

The following option settings override settings made for a specific document and are intended for use on the job or document level. They are useful for non-native document formats like text or HTML.

PageHeight

**Key:** PageHeight  **Default:** 842 pt/A4

Page height in points (overrides PaperSize).
**PaperMargins**

**Key:** PaperMargins  Default: 72

Set all four page margins to the specified value. Intended for use at the document level.

**PageOrientation**

**Key:** PageOrientation

Possible values are:
0  Portrait
1  Landscape

**PaperSize**

**Key:** PaperSize

Set the page size. Possible values are the MSWord.WdPaperSize integers.
See [WdPaperSize Enumeration](#)

**PageWidth**

**Key:** PageWidth

Page width in points (overrides PaperSize).

**PRINTMARKUPS**

**Key:** PRINTMARKUPS

Controls the items of the document to be printed. Possible values are:
A  automatic (document default)
D  document content
M  document and markups

### 6.3.3 [Excel] INI-File Section

**SAVEASPDF**

**Key:** SAVEASPDF  Default: false
true  Use the Office “ExportAsFixedFormat” feature to produce a PDF from the Excel document.
false  Use the application's printing function for conversion via the 3-Heights™ Document Converter Service PDF Printer.

### BFFValidate

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Key</th>
<th>Default</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>BFFValidate</td>
<td>strict</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Input document can be validated using the Microsoft BFFValidator. Corrupt documents can lead to Office application crashes, which will delay other conversions, or produce output documents with missing parts.

**strict**  Fail if a Excel-97-2003-Document is not a valid.

**warn**  Warn if a Excel-97-2003-Document is not valid, try to convert the document anyway.

**disable**  Disable the validation, there will be no validation warning or error.

### FailPageCount

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Key</th>
<th>Default</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>FailPageCount</td>
<td>4001</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Raise the “O2P_W_PARTSMISSING” warning for a sheet that prints the specified number of pages or more (\( \infty \) unlimited). The behavior of this option changed as of version 4.9.14.0; previously, the document would fail with a “O2P_W_SOURCEQUALITY” warning, and no pages of the worksheet in the output. The new behavior is that up to FailPageCount pages are converted, with an unknown number of further pages missing.

### FitToPage

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Key</th>
<th>Default</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>FitToPage</td>
<td>false</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**true** Try built-in heuristics to use either Excel’s “FitToPagesTall” or “FitToPagesWide” PageSetup property depending on the information available from PrintArea or UsedRange.

**Note:** This setting is only applicable if the resulting downscaling is not too high (limited to 50%).

**numeric value**  Specify a numeric value between 10 and 99 to enable page fitting with a maximum downscale percentage. The numbers may be followed by the letter IniValuew to apply “width” fitting.

**false**  Do not modify the document’s page setup parameters, i.e. convert with the settings stored with the document.

Setting for Print Options (see Job Options).
**ForceLetter**

**Key:** ForceLetter  **Default:** true

**true**  Changes Letter format to Letter-small during conversion to preserve Letter format in case the standard paper size on the printer differs.

**false**  Excel will use the format of the standard printer instead of Letter (undocumented “feature”).

**MaxPages**

**Key:** MaxPages  **Default:** “all pages”

Print up to the specified number of pages for a sheet.

**PrintArea**

**Key:** PrintArea

By default, use the PrintArea stored with the sheet. If none is specified, UsedRange determines the area to be converted.

You can pass a value to the PrintArea option to specify a PrintArea to be used in case of the PrintArea of the sheet being empty, or to replace it.

**Examples:**  Use A1:H4 if sheet has no PrintArea defined.

```
PrintArea=A1:H4
```

Use A1:H4, replacing any PrintArea that may be defined with the sheet.

```
PrintArea=A1:H4
```

Use default behavior of Excel for printing, i.e. PrintArea if defined, Excel’s heuristics otherwise.

```
PrintArea=
```

**PW**

**Key:** PW  **Default:** “”

The password to open password protected documents. This option is usually specified per document.
**SHEET**

**Key:** SHEET  Default: all

Sheet(s) to convert. The values that can be specified are
- **active**  The active Excel sheet.
- **all**  All Excel sheets.
- `<page number>`  The number of a specific Excel sheet (e.g. 1 for the first sheet).

**Note:** This setting can also be passed as a document option.

**TIFF.DPI**

**Key:** TIFF.DPI

Set the PrintQuality in DPI (dots per inch) to be applied in the Page Setup for printing. If left empty, the setting stored with the sheet or chart is used (default).

**6.3.4 [PowerPoint] INI-File Section**

**BFFValidate**

**Key:** BFFValidate  Default: strict

Input document can be validated using the Microsoft BFFValidator. Corrupt documents can lead to Office application crashes, which will delay other conversions, or produce output documents with missing parts.

- **strict**  Fail if a PowerPoint-97-2003-Document is not a valid.
- **warn**  Warn if a PowerPoint-97-2003-Document is not valid, try to convert the document anyway.
- **disable**  Disable the validation, there will be no validation warning or error.

**BitmapMissingFonts**

**Key:** BitmapMissingFonts  Default: true

When using `SAVEASPDF`, embed bitmaps for missing fonts.

**DocStructureTags**

**Key:** DocStructureTags  Default: true
When using **SAVEASPDF**, embed document structure tags (required for PDF/A1a and PDFA/UA)

### FitToPage

**Key:** FitToPage  **Default:** false

Setting for Print Options. (This is also a document processing option; see [Job Options](#))

### OutputType

**Key:** OutputType  **Default:** 1

Print Options setting

1. Slides
2. TwoSlideHandouts
3. ThreeSlideHandouts
4. SixSlideHandouts
5. NotesPage
6. Outline
7. BuildSlides
8. FourSlideHandouts
9. NineSlideHandouts

(This is also a document processing option; see [Job Options](#))

### PrintComments

**Key:** PrintComments  **Default:** false

Print comments and markups when converting using the print function (i.e. this option has no effect if using `SAVEASPDF=true`).

### SAVEASPDF

**Key:** SAVEASPDF  **Default:** true

When option is not defined, `false` will be used.

- **true**  Use the Office “ExportAsFixedFormat” feature to produce a PDF from the PowerPoint document.
- **false**  Use the application's printing function for conversion via the 3-Heights™ Document Converter Service PDF Printer.
**UseISO19005_1**

| Key: UseISO19005_1 | Default: false |

true  When using SAVEASPDF, produce PDF/A-1 conforming output.

### 6.3.5 [Visio] INI-File Section

**SAVEASPDF**

| Key: SAVEASPDF | Default: true |

When option is not defined, false will be used.

true  Use the Visio "ExportAsFixedFormat" feature.

false  Use the application's printing function for conversion via the 3-Heights™ Document Converter Service PDF Printer.

**SetActivePrinter**

| Key: SetActivePrinter | Default: false |

Controls use of the "ActivePrinter" application property of Visio. By default, this property is not used, but the system's default printer is set.

**Note:** Some Versions of Visio may run unstable when using this feature.

**USEEMF**

| Key: USEEMF | Default: false |

true  Use Visio's "SaveAs EMF" feature.

**VisioPrintAll**

| Key: VisioPrintAll | Default: false |

Controls whether "print all pages" is used.
false Has the effect that the number of non-template pages is determined, and the pages to be printed is specified continuous when using Visio's Print command (work-around for a Visio 2003 bug).

6.3.6 [Outlook] INI-File Section

**Note:** Outlook is disabled by default in this version of Document Converter (disabled=true). The msg2eml component for Outlook mails (.msg) will be used instead. All options in the Outlook INI-file section will be ignored and the options set in the Eml INI-file section will take effect. If you enable Outlook (disabled=false), please ensure that Outlook is configured for all Worker Users as described in section Outlook Configuration Details and the options are configured in this Outlook INI-file section.

**access_grant**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Key: access_grant</th>
<th>Default: &amp;Zugriff</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

The caption of the text string shown in the Outlook popup message (see above).

**button_yes**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Key: button_yes</th>
<th>Default: &amp;Ja</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

The caption of the Outlook popup asking for grant to access e-mail address information, this popup needs to be identified and automatically closed by the Document Converter.

**OUTLOOKEXE**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Key: OUTLOOKEXE</th>
<th>Default: OUTLOOK.EXE</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

Executable path of the Outlook application; this is needed to identify the process being controlled.

**SELECTFILES**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Key: SELECTFILES</th>
<th>Default: .pdf .doc .xls .jpg</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

See Eml INI-file section.
**SKIPFILES**

**Key:** SKIPFILES  Default: .db .xml

See [ini](#) INI-file section.

**UseHtmlBody**

**Key:** UseHtmlBody  Default: false

**true**  Save the body in HTML or RTF format to convert, rather than using the “PrintOut” function of Outlook.

**Advantage:** The page format will be adjusted as necessary for very wide pages in HTML format.

### 6.3.7 [MSProject] INI-File Section

**Chart**

**Key:** Chart  Default: Gantt Chart

Name or comma separated list of names of the view(s) to be converted.

**Note:** MS Project does not print views when they contain no data.

**DocStructureTags**

**Key:** DocStructureTags  Default: true

When using SAVEASPDF, embed document structure tags (required for PDF/A1a and PDFA/UA)

**PercentScale**

**Key:** PercentScale  Default: 100

Scaling factor in percent (no effect when SAVEASPDF=true)
**PjPaperSize**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Key</th>
<th>PjPaperSize</th>
<th>Default: 8 (A3)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

Paper size. Corresponds to Windows paper sizes.  
See [Microsoft Documentation](https://docs.microsoft.com)

**Portrait**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Key</th>
<th>Portrait</th>
<th>Default: false</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

Paper orientation

**UseISO19005_1**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Key</th>
<th>UseISO19005_1</th>
<th>Default: true</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

**true**  When using [SAVEASPDF](#), produce PDF/A-1 conforming output.

**SAVEASPDF**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Key</th>
<th>SAVEASPDF</th>
<th>Default: true</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

When option is not defined, **false** will be used.

**true**  Use the MS Project “ExportAsFixedFormat” feature.

**false**  Use the application's printing function for conversion via the 3-Heights™ Document Converter Service PDF Printer.

### 6.3.8 [OO] INI-File Section

OpenOffice.org files

**SAVEASPDF**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Key</th>
<th>SAVEASPDF</th>
<th>Default: false</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

**true**  Use the OpenOffice “PDF_export” feature rather than printing via the 3-Heights™ PDF Producer.

**false**  Use the application's printing function for conversion via the 3-Heights™ Document Converter Service PDF Printer.
### 6.3.9 [Eml] INI-File Section

E-mail messages (.eml files)

**HeaderTemplate**

| Key: HeaderTemplate | Default: (built-in) |

Specify the template to be used for rendering e-mail headers.

The value either shall contain the template string in HTML format, or the name of a file containing that template prefixed with an "@" sign (default directory is the installation directory; a sample template file is provided).

This option can also be set as a document or job option, e.g. to select a language specific template. The value specified can be a file name (relative to the installation folder) or the HTML code itself (recognized by the presence of a `<table>` element).

The built-in header template for English is used by default. Two extended header templates for English and German are available in the installation folder. You may use these templates as-is, or customize them according to your needs, saving the template under different name. The elements of the sample templates should be self-explanatory. Note that entire lines in the template will be omitted when the header field is not present (e.g. the line containing the `[BCC]` placeholder should never show for real-life emails).

**Styles**

| Key: Styles | Default: (built-in) |

Specify the name of a file containing the HTML CSS styles to be used for formatting e-mail content. A sample template file is provided in the installation directory.

**SELECTFILES**

| Key: SELECTFILES | Default: .pdf .doc .xls .jpg |

Space separated list of file extensions. Only attachments having their extension listed in this value will be converted.

**SKIPFILES**

| Key: SKIPFILES | Default: .db .xml |

Space separated list of file extensions. Attachments having an extension listed in this value will be ignored.

**Example:**

```
SKIPFILES=.db .exe .dll
```
**failing**  Can be used to suppress attachments that cannot be converted successfully.

**none**  Can be used to refer to file names without any extension in their name.

**SIZE<width>x<height>**  Small images can be filtered out by setting a value like SIZE<4x5, i.e. the width must be at least 4 pixels, and the height at least 5 for the image to be converted.

### SkipUnusedInline

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Key: SkipUnusedInline</th>
<th>Default: false</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>true</td>
<td>Images that are not embedded in the body will not be converted like attachments. Some mail clients show such images as attachment, others do not.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>false</td>
<td>Images that are not embedded in the body will be converted like attachments.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### DateFormat

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Key: DateFormat</th>
<th>Default: dd.MM.yyyy HH:mm:ss' (z)'</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Format string to be used for date conversion</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### 6.3.10 [TXT2PDF] INI-File Section

**Note:** If TXT2PDF is enabled, the extensions .txt, .log and .ini are no longer associated with MS Word (unless done so explicitly in the MSWord INI-file section with the key Extensions in the O2PWSC.ini file).

**TEXT.BORDER**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Key: TEXT.BORDER</th>
<th>Default: 20</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Border size in points (72 point = 1 inch).</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**TEXT.FONTNAME**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Key: TEXT.FONTNAME</th>
<th>Default: CourierNew</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Font name.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
**TEXT.FONTSIZE**

**Key:** TEXT.FONTSIZE  Default: **11**

Font size in points.

**TEXT.HEIGHT**

**Key:** TEXT.HEIGHT  Default: **842**

Page height (pt/A4).

**TEXT.WIDTH**

**Key:** TEXT.WIDTH  Default: **595**

Page width (pt/A4).

**TEXT.WRAP**

**Key:** TEXT.WRAP  Default: **true**

Wrap long lines.

**TEXT.LANG**

**Key:** TEXT.LANG

Language code according to RFC 3066 (2 letter code according to ISO 639-1 if available, or three letter code according to ISO 639-2)

**TEXT.TITLE**

**Key:** TEXT.TITLE

Document title string to set in PDF metadata
6.3.11 [EMF] INI-File Section

AutoRotate

| Key: | AutoRotate | Default: true |

Change paper orientation to landscape if EMF is landscape (and vice versa).

Border

| Key: | Border | Default: 25 |

Value for the border margin in points (72 points = 1 inch)

PaperSize

| Key: | PaperSize | Default: Printer setting |


6.3.12 [PDF] INI-File Section

PDFA-PRECONVERT

| Key: | PDFA-PRECONVERT | Default: false |

- **true**: When merging an existing PDF document, convert it to PDF/A prior to merging.
- **false**: Do not convert to PDF/A prior to merging.

This is also a Document Options.

URLPerms

| Key: | URLPerms |

Adobe Reader setting for allowing or blocking access to web URLs.

- **0**: Use custom settings.
- **1**: Block all.
2 Allow all.

**RenderXFA**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Key: RenderXFA</th>
<th>Default: true</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

This option controls how PDF documents containing XFA forms are handled.

- **true** Always use Adobe Reader to render XFA form PDFs. This setting is recommended to solve issues with PDFs coming from creators failing to generate correct field appearances in the PDF.
- **false** Only use Adobe Reader to render XFA form PDFs if the NeedsRendering flag is specified, and the output shall be PDF/A.

### 6.3.13 [Image] INI-File Section

Settings applying to raster image input files (TIFF, JPEG, BMP, GIF, PNG, etc.) are disabled, RestrictToExtension or Extensions.

The following configuration options can also be used as job or document options to control the conversion of individual documents.

**IMG2PDF.EXE**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Key: IMG2PDF.EXE</th>
<th>Default: false</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

- **true** Perform image to PDF conversions via external invocation of the img2pdf.exe shell tool.
  - Use this option to reduce CPU and memory resources consumption within the service process and increase its stability.
  - Note: the converter aborts the image to PDF converter process when it takes longer than MaxCallDuration seconds (default: 600 or ten minutes). It is possible to change that period via job or document option by setting the option key Image:MaxCallDuration (or just MaxCallDuration).
- **false** Perform image to PDF conversions in-process.

**FitImage**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Key: FitImage</th>
<th>Default: false</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

Values A4, A4*, Letter, 595x842* etc., false.

Set the page dimensions for PDF pages created from image documents. The meaning of the asterisk (*) is: do automatically adjust the page orientation to the orientation of the image.

**Border**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Key: Border</th>
<th>Default: 0</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
Define the width of a white border around the image in pages of the PDF document. The units are points (1 point = 1/72 inch). The default is 0 points (no border, the image may fill the entire page).

**CMPRQUAL**

| Key: CMPRQUAL | Default: 95 |

Compression quality (1, . . . , 100) to be applied for lossy (re-)compression during Image to PDF conversion.

**ResolutionDPI**

| Key: ResolutionDPI |

The image resolution in dots per inch (DPI) for down-sampling images during conversion to PDF. The default is to not down-sample images.

When **ThresholdDPI** is also specified, down-sampling is performed only if the current resolution is above that threshold.

**ThresholdDPI**

| Key: ThresholdDPI |

The DPI threshold for down-sampling images during conversion. See **ResolutionDPI**.

**FailSize**

| Key: FailSize | Default: 32767 |

Specify a size limit for images (maximum width or height) to avoid issues with extremely sized images.

**6.3.14 [JPM] INI-File Section**

**REPAIRSTREAMS**

| Key: REPAIRSTREAMS | Default: true |

When converting JPM documents to PDF, verify the integrity of the image streams, and repair as necessary.
6.3.15 [XPS] INI-File Section

MaxCallDuration

| Key: MaxCallDuration | Default: 600 |

See Common to all external applications; with XPS this option is also accepted as document processing option.

6.3.16 [PdfPrinter] INI-File Section

Match

| Key: Match         | Default: WORKER_ID |

Use only 3-Heights™ PDF Producer printers which have the specified match string in their name.
Use this setting to ensure that the output from applications that printing to the default printer from multiple worker sessions cannot be safely identified.
An alternate method to ensure output separation is to use distinct user accounts and enforce single access via file security on the printer port directory.

PaperSize

| Key: PaperSize     | Default: location dependent (US, Canada: 1 (Letter); other: 9 (A4)) |

The Windows paper size value overriding the default paper size of printer. Please refer to the Microsoft documentation Microsoft Documentation
The location is taken from the windows system region’s home location setting.

Resolution

| Key: Resolution    |                |

Set the resolution in dots per inch (DPI).

Quality

| Key: Quality       | Default: 80   |

Specify the JPEG compression quality between 1 - 100.
6.3.17 [TIFFPrinterBW]INI-File Section

**PaperSize**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Key:</th>
<th>PaperSize</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

The Windows paper size value overriding the default paper size of printer. Please refer to the Microsoft documentation [Microsoft Documentation](#).

**Compression**

| Key:   | Compression | Default: 4 (CCITT G4) |

Set the image compression. Possible values are 1 (None), 32946 (flate), 5 (LZW), 2 (CCITT G3), 3 (CCITT G3-2D), 4 (CCITT G4), 32773 (Packbits), and 34715 (JBIG2).

**ResolutionX**

| Key:   | ResolutionX | Default: 200 |

Specify the document resolution in horizontal direction in DPI between 50 - 1200.

**ResolutionY**

| Key:   | ResolutionY | Default: 200 |

Specify the document resolution in vertical direction in DPI between 50 - 1200.

**Quality**

| Key:   | Quality | Default: 75 |

Set the compression quality between 1 - 100.

6.3.18 [TIFFPrinterColor]INI-File Section

**PaperSize**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Key:</th>
<th>PaperSize</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

© PDF Tools AG – Premium PDF Technology
See PaperSize in [TIFFPrinterBW].

**Compression**

| Key: Compression | Default: 5 (LZW) |

Set the image compression. Possible values are 1 (None), 7 (JPEG Tech. Note #2), 32946 (ZIP), 5 (LZW), 6 (TIFFJPG), 32773 (Packbits), and 34712 (JPEG2000).

**ResolutionX**

| Key: ResolutionX | Default: 200 |

See ResolutionX in [TIFFPrinterBW].

**ResolutionY**

| Key: ResolutionY | Default: 200 |

See ResolutionY in [TIFFPrinterBW].

**Quality**

| Key: Quality | Default: 75 |

See Quality in [TIFFPrinterBW].

### 6.3.19 [HTML] INI-File Section

**IEPRINT**

| Key: IEPrint | Default: true |

*true* Use the Internet Explorer browser control's print function to convert HTML documents. This is a static option.

*false* HTML documents will be converted via MS Word (unless file extensions are explicitly configured differently).

**Note:** When setting this to true, make sure to configure "Internet Explorer Enhanced Security" to "Off".

**HTMLMAXLOADTIME**

| Key: HTMLMAXLOADTIME | Default: 30 |
Time limit for loading a HTML page (seconds). If this time limit is exceeded, IEPRINT is forcibly terminated and an error occurs.

**PageSetup**

Set parameters for Internet Explorer printing. The elements that can be set are the ones that are available via the File->Page setup menu in Internet Explorer. Background information: Internet Explorer stores the page setup on a per user basis in the registry. You may thus make any adjustments via IE dialogue, and then use the values as stored in the registry under HKCU/Software/Microsoft/Internet Explorer/PageSetup

- **bottom=0.5**  Set the bottom margin (units are inches).
- **top=0.5** Set the top margin (units are inches).
- **left=0.7** Set the left margin (units are inches).
- **right=0.7** Set the right margin (units are inches).
- **header=\&w** Set the header (\&w is a place holder for Title).
- **footer=\&u** Set the footer (\&u is a place holder for URL).
- **Print_Background=yes**  Print the page's background.
- **Shrink_To_Fit=yes**  Shrink the page to fit to the default paper size.

**Example:**

```plaintext
PageSetup = bottom=0.5,top=0.5,left=0.7,right=0.7,Background=Yes,header=,footer=
```

Note: item names can be abbreviated (e.g. bottom instead of margin_bottom).

**HTMOPT**

Optimize the HTML (or MHT) document to be converted.

This processing step includes the download of external images embedded in the HTML document, and enabling line breaks for long text lines. Very large images are scaled to fit the page dimensions.

- **true** Enable HTML optimizations.
- **false** Disable HTML optimizations.
- **t:30**  Set the timeout value applied to image downloads (seconds). Images that fail to download within this time frame will be replaced by a place holder. A value of 0 can be specified to disable downloading of images.
- **w:712**  Set the target width for scaling down oversized images.
- **h:800**  Set the target height for scaling down oversized images.
Example:

| HTMOPT=t:10,w:600,h:800 |

6.3.20 [ZIP] INI-File Section

**SKIPFILES**

| Key: SKIPFILES Default: .db .exe .dll .class .pif .lnk .lib .obj none |

Space separated list of file extensions. ZIP and RAR archive members having an extension listed in this value will be ignored. E.g. .db .exe .dll

- **failing** This special value can be used to suppress files that cannot be converted successfully.
- **none** This special value can be used to refer to file names without any extension in their name.
- **hidden** This value can be used to skip files having a period as the first character of the name.

**SELECTFILES**

| Key: SELECTFILES Default: .pdf .doc .xls .jpg |

Space separated list of file extensions. Only archive members having their extension listed in this value will be selected for conversion.

**PROVIDER**

| Key: PROVIDER Default: 7z |

The ZIP provider string determines which ZIP library is used for reading ZIP archives. The only supported value at this time is 7z (for 7-zip).

If this setting is not specified, the default library ISharpZip is used.

6.3.21 [Job] INI-File Section

Set in this INI-File section the default values for the job options. See section Job Options for available options.

6.3.22 [PdfOptimize] INI-File Section

To set options here, the 3-Heights™ PDF Optimization Shell tool is required, see Optimization for more information.
### Standard PDF Optimization Profiles

| Key: archive |
| Key: print |
| Key: web |

Three predefined PDF Optimization Shell profiles.

### custom

| Key: custom |

Set a custom profile for the PDF Optimization Shell tool.

### exepath

| Key: exepath | Default: pdfoptimize.exe |

Specify the system path to the PDF Optimization tool executable (specify the absolute path if the pdfoptimize.exe is not on the local PATH variable).

**Note:** The 3-Heights™ PDF Optimizer Shell tool requires a separate installation and license configuration.

---

### 6.3.23 [ACRORD] INI-File Section

#### MaxCallDuration

| Key: MaxCallDuration | Default: 120 |

Execution time limit for XFA rendering by Acrobat Reader. If this time limit is exceeded, the application is forcibly terminated.

### 6.3.24 [PDFOCR] INI-File Section

#### MaxCallDuration

| Key: MaxCallDuration | Default: 600 |
Execution time limit for OCR recognition. If this time limit is exceeded, OCR processing is forcibly terminated.

### 6.4 Job Options

#### 6.4.1 ALIVECHECK

**Key:** ALIVECHECK

Setting this option tells the converter that the current conversion job is merely for verifying proper functioning. This has two effects:

1. The conversion does not contribute to the overall page count.
2. The output has an evaluation watermark.

**Note:** If OCR is performed, pages do count towards the monthly FineReader engine licensed limit.

#### 6.4.2 CERTNAME

**Key:** CERTNAME

The certificate name to be used for signing the converted PDF. A certificate with the specified name must be installed in the certificate store, and be available to the Document Converter.

The Name corresponds to the common name (CN) of the subject. In the Windows’ certificate store this corresponds to “Issued to”.

To sign the output PDF with only a time stamp, use the TS: prefix for the name value. If a visible signature is created (see SIGRECT), the name is displayed without the prefix.

#### 6.4.3 COLLCOMP

**Key:** COLLCOMP  Default: true

Collect documents from composite items (such as e-mail) into a single output document.

#### 6.4.4 CONVERTALWAYS

**Key:** CONVERTALWAYS  Default: true

Force PDF/A conversion. Only applicable when PDF to PDF/A conversion is performed.

#### 6.4.5 EMBEDSOURCE

**Key:** EMBEDSOURCE
When converting to PDF, embed the source document as a file attachment into the resulting PDF document. Specify the description text for the embedded file as value for this option. If an empty value or true is specified, “Original document” will be used. (Not available with PDF/A-1 or A-2).

### 6.4.6 ERRSUMMARY

**Key:** ERRSUMMARY    **Default:** false

**true** Set this option to collect all error messages and return them at the end of the conversion process. In particular this is useful when converting compound documents.

### 6.4.7 ERRPAGE

**Key:** ERRPAGE    **Default:** false

**true** Appends a page to the converted document containing an error summary.

### 6.4.8 FlattenSignatures

**Key:** FlattenSignatures    **Default:** false

Keep signature appearance when removing digital signatures during conversion.

### 6.4.9 FlattenFormFields

**Key:** FlattenFormFields    **Default:** false

Flatten form fields during conversion.

### 6.4.10 FORMAT

**Key:** FORMAT

Values pdf or tiff. Specifies the conversion output format.
For detailed configuration issues concerning TIFF conversion see section TIFF Output Format.

### 6.4.11 HTMLPRINTRESOLUTION

**Key:** HTMLPRINTRESOLUTION    **Default:** 1.0

Specify a factor, relative to a screen resolution, for converting web pages.
6.4.12 **LINEARIZE**

**Key:** LINEARIZE

When true, optimize PDF output for fast web viewing.

6.4.13 **MAILHEADER**

**Key:** MAILHEADER

*false*  Do not include headers in conversion.

*true*  Add full mail headers to converted message.

*attach*  Extract original headers and attach as text file.

The layout and styles used to produce the intermediate HTML representation of the mail message can be configured via a style sheet file and a header template file (see Eml INI-file section).

6.4.14 **OCR**

**Key:** OCR

Enable OCR recognition (values true and false).

**Note:** The ABBYY FineReader OCR engine must be installed and licensed separately to make this feature available.

**Note:** Use of OCR.ENGINE or OCR.LANGUAGE automatically turns this setting on.

6.4.15 **OCR.BITONAL**

**Key:** OCR.BITONAL  Default: false

Pass color images converted to bitonal (black/white) image for OCR recognition.

This reduces the resources and time required for OCR recognition at the possible cost of somewhat reduced accuracy.

6.4.16 **OCR.EMBEDBARCODES**

**Key:** OCR.EMBEDBARCODES  Default: false

*true*  Embed barcode information into the document XMP metadata
6.4.17 **OCR. ENGINE**

**Key:** OCR. ENGINE

Name of the OCR engine to be used for OCR processing (default: service).

6.4.18 **OCR. LANGUAGE**

**Key:** OCR. LANGUAGE

Set the language to improve OCR recognition accuracy (values according to the engine; ABBYY expects English spelling, e.g. German, English).

6.4.19 **OCR. IMAGEMODE**

**Key:** OCR. IMAGEMODE

Set the image mode for OCR recognition.

Available values are:

- **none**  Do not process images.
- **update** (default) Only process images that have no OCR text.
- **replace**  Process all images and remove existing OCR text.
- **remove**  Remove existing OCR text.
- **ifNoText**  Process images only if document contains no text.

6.4.20 **OCR. TEXTMODE**

**Key:** OCR. TEXTMODE

Set the text mode for OCR recognition.

Available option values are:

- **none**  (default) Do not process text.
- **update**  Only process text that is not extractable.
  
  For all characters that have no meaningful Unicode, OCR processing is used to determine the Unicode. This is the recommended mode to make text extractable.
  
  Note that making text extractable requires many OCR operations. The reason is that of all characters multiple instances must be recognized, to deal with erroneous OCR recognitions.

- **replace**  Process all text.
  
  OCR is used to determine the Unicode of all characters, that is even if they seemingly have Unicode information.

  This is useful for documents that possibly contain wrong Unicode information. Wrong Unicode information is typically created by flawed PDF creators or to obfuscate text (i.e. to prevent copy-and-paste or search operations).
For documents that contain correct Unicode information, this mode produces the same result as the mode Update. The rare exceptions are special fonts for which the OCR engine produces wrong results, which might happen for some decorative or handwritten fonts. The main disadvantage of the mode Replace over Update is, that more OCR operations are required.

6.4.21 OCR.PAGEMODE

**Key:** OCR.PAGEMODE

Set the page mode for OCR recognition.

Available option values are:

- **none** *(default)* Do not process pages.
- **all** Process all pages that are not empty.
- **ifNoText** Process all pages that contain content but no text.
- **addResults** Do not trigger processing of pages. But if pages are OCR processed, e.g. due to another OCR mode, add results as OCR text to pages.

6.4.22 OCR.PARAMETERS

**Key:** OCR.PARAMETERS

Set OCR engine parameters.


6.4.23 OCR.REEMBEDIMAGE

**Key:** OCR.REEMBEDIMAGE  Default: false

Re-embed images that have been processed (de-skewed) during OCR recognition.

6.4.24 OCR.ROTATEPAGE

**Key:** OCR.ROTATEPAGE  Default: false

If **true**, automatically rotate pages during OCR processing to have horizontal reading direction.

This setting only has an effect, if the underlying OCR engine is able and configured to detect the text orientation.

Please refer to the OCR Engine documentation (FineReader Engine 10: DetectOrientation=true).

6.4.25 OCR.TAGGING

**Key:** OCR.TAGGING  Default: false
“Tagging” adds structural information to a PDF. This information can be used e.g. to read the document to the visually impaired.

This option controls, if this detected “tagging” information is generated for OCR text.

**true**  Force embedding of tagging information. A warning is generated, if no tagging information can be added. Therefore, this value is recommended if tagging information is crucial to your process.

**false**  Automatically detect whether tagging information should be added or not. Add tagging for scans and born-digital documents with tagging, and not otherwise.

### 6.4.26 PASSTHROUGH

**Key:** PASSTHROUGH

Pass source document without conversion to output (ZIPPED or PDF attachment). When converting to PDF, make sure to have at least one document converted.

**attachments (all mail attachments)**

- .xml .txt hidden none  List of Extensions.
- !.doc.eml.msg.zip  Negative list of documents with these extensions.

### 6.4.27 PDFA

**Key:** PDFA

Values **true** or **false**. When **true** is set, the resulting PDF will conform to the PDF/A standard.

### 6.4.28 PDFA.ERROR

**Key:** PDFA.ERROR

Values **true** or **false**. When **true** is set, return detailed error information from PDF/A conversion.

### 6.4.29 PDFA.LOGDETAILS

**Key:** PDFA.LOGDETAILS

Values **true** or **false**. When **true** is set, include detail information in error text.

Default: **PDFA.ERROR** setting.

### 6.4.30 PDFA.LOGSUMMARY

**Key:** PDFA.LOGSUMMARY

Values **true** or **false**. When **true** is set, include summary information in error text.

Default: **PDFA.ERROR** setting.
6.4.31 **PDFA.OCRMODE**

**Key:** PDFA.OCRMODE

Deprecated as of version 5.5 - replaced by **OCR.IMAGEMODE**

Set one of the OCR modes applicable in the context of PDF/A conversion.

1. OCR images without OCR text (default)
2. Remove old OCR text (and perform OCR).
3. Remove old OCR text (but do not OCR).
4. OCR if the document contains no text.

6.4.32 **PDFA.SUBSET**

**Key:** PDFA.SUBSET  Default: true

Do subset those fonts that are being embedded during PDF/A conversion.

Setting this option to `false` may produce potentially much larger PDF/A output files; however, these files may be easier to enhance or modify later on.

**Warning:** If this option is set to `false`, embedded font subsets are replaced by fonts from the local system. This may result in visual differences if the system font does not match the embedded font. Hence this setting is strongly discouraged.

6.4.33 **PDFA.WARNCOLL**

**Key:** PDFA.WARNCOLL  Default: true

Warn if an input PDF contains embedded files that need to be removed for PDF/A-1 conformance.

6.4.34 **PDFA.WARNDOWNGRADE**

**Key:** PDFA.WARNDOWNGRADE  Default: false

Returns the warning `O2P_W_DOWNGRADE` (see Error Codes in case the conformance is downgraded during PDF/A conversion.

6.4.35 **PDFA.WARNUPGRADE**

**Key:** PDFA.WARNUPGRADE  Default: false

Returns the warning `O2P_W_UPGRADE` (see Error Codes in case PDF/A conformance level was upgraded from PDF/A-1 to PDF/A-2.
### 6.4.36 PDFA.WARNNOTPDFA

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Key:</th>
<th>PDFA.WARNNOTPDFA</th>
<th>Default: false</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

Returns the warning O2P_W_NOTPDFA (see Error Codes in case PDF/A conversion failed and the (plain) PDF is returned.

### 6.4.37 PDFA.WARNFONTSUBST

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Key:</th>
<th>PDFA.WARNFONTSUBST</th>
<th>Default: false</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

**true** Warn if a Font is substituted.

### 6.4.38 PDFA.WARNVISDIFF

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Key:</th>
<th>PDFA.WARNVISDIFF</th>
<th>Default: true</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

**false** Suppress the warning normally raised in case PDF/A conversion possibly results in visual changes.

### 6.4.39 PDFA.XMPWARNINGS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Key:</th>
<th>PDFA.XMPWARNINGS</th>
<th>Default: false</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

**true** Raise a conversion error if the XMP Metadata was changed in order to achieve PDF/A conformance.

### 6.4.40 PDFA.CONVERTEMBPDF

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Key:</th>
<th>PDFA.CONVERTEMBPDF</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

**true** Embedded PDF files will also be converted to PDF/A.

**false** Embedded PDF files remain as-is.

If the option is not specified, the converter assumes **true** with PDF/A-2 and **false** with PDF/A-3.

### 6.4.41 PDF.COMPLIANCE

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Key:</th>
<th>PDF.COMPLIANCE</th>
<th>Default: 2AUB</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

Required (minimum) conformance level (for PDF/A conversion).

When option is not defined, **1AB** will be used.

A conformance is defined by values: **1A**, **1B**, **2A**, **2B**, **2U**, **3A**, **3U**, **3B**.

Additionally a fallback value can be defined. So if you prefer **1A**, but will also accept **1B** in cases where **1A** is not possible, you can define **1AB**.

**1A** Raise an error if tagging information is missing.
1B Produce PDF/A-1b output, even if structure tags are available.
1AB Try to create PDF/A-1a; degrade to PDF/A-1b if tagging information is missing.
2A Produce PDF/A-2a (or fail).
2UB Produce PDF/A-2u or – if text encoding information is missing – PDF/A-2b.
2AUB Produce the "best possible" PDF/A-2 output
3AUB Produce the "best possible" PDF/A-3 output
1AB,2AUB Prefer conversion to PDF/A-1, allowing upgrade to PDF/A-2 (e.g. due to transparency being used)
2AUB,PDF Attempt conversion to PDF/A-2, allowing plain PDF (e.g. when a font to be embedded is missing)

6.4.42 PDF.DATE

Key: PDF.DATE

The calendar date and time to be used for the output PDF. This will set the CreationDate entry in the document's Info object.

Values specified for this key must be formatted as this: 20071031141000 (October 31, 2007, 2:10 p.m. local time), or 20071031141000+’02:00’ (same date, explicit UTC offset +2 hours)

6.4.43 PDF.Embed

Key: PDF.Embed Default: false

true When converting multiple documents, embed any but the first document into the resulting PDF document as document level attachments.
false Merges the pages of all documents.

6.4.44 PDF.Info

Key: PDF.Info

Document level attributes like Author, Title, etc.

E.g. Author: Document Converter | Keywords: pdf-tools.com

6.4.45 PDF.OWNERPASS

Key: PDF.OWNERPASS

The owner password for creating a password protected output PDF (The password required to modify the document security settings).

Note: Do not use this for PDF/A conforming output.
6.4.46 **PDF.PERMISSION**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Key:</th>
<th>PDF.PERMISSION</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

An integer number representing the permission flag value controlling which features are allowed in a password protected PDF. Use permission flags according to the PDF Reference user access permissions.

6.4.47 **PDF.Producer**

| Key:  | PDF.Producer |

This option takes a string as value and sets it as the producer entry in the metadata of the converted document.

6.4.48 **PDF.USERPASS**

| Key:  | PDF.USERPASS |

The user password for creating a password protected output PDF. (The password is required to open the document).

**Note:** Do not use this for PDF/A conforming output.

6.4.49 **PDFOPTIMIZE**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Key:</th>
<th>PDFOPTIMIZE</th>
<th>Type: Enterprise</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

Perform a predefined command on the output PDF prior to the PDF/A conversion (or just signing) stage.

6.4.50 **SIGEMBEDOCSP**

| Key:  | SIGEMBEDOCSP  | Default: true |

Embed revocation information such as online certificate status response (OCSP - RFC 2560) and certificate revocation lists (CRL - RFC 3280).

Revocation information is either an OCSP response or a CRL, which is provided by a validation service at the time of signing and acts as proof that at the time of signing the certificate is valid. This is useful because even when the certificates expires or is revoked at a later time, the signature in the signed document remains valid.

Embedding revocation information is optional but suggested when applying advanced or qualified electronic signatures.

The downsides of embedding revocation information are the increase of the file size (normally by around 20k) and that it requires a connection to a validation service, which delays the process of signing (normally by around 2 seconds).

Embedding revocation information requires an online connection to the CA that issues them. The firewall must be configured accordingly. In case a web proxy is used, it must be ensured the following MIME types are supported when using OCSP (not required for CRL):
6.4.51 **SIGFIELDS**

**Key:** SIGFIELDS  **Default:** false

If true, replace signature placeholders by signature fields that can later be signed (e.g. with Adobe Acrobat), see the Placeholder image.

6.4.52 **SIGISSUER**

**Key:** SIGISSUER

Certificate issuer: This value is optional; it is only needed if multiple certificates with the same name exist. Issuer corresponds to the common name (CN) of the issuer. In the Windows’ certificate store this corresponds to “Issued by”.

6.4.53 **SIGPAGE**

**Key:** SIGPAGE  **Default:** -1

The page number on which to place the signature (default: -1 for last page).

6.4.54 **SIGPROFILE**

**Key:** SIGPROFILE

Name of a signature configuration file having INI file Syntax with sections [Session] and [Properties]. The name path can be relative to the installation folder and may have the .ini extension omitted.

[Session] Section keys are: Provider, Name, Reason, Text1, Text2, TimeStampUrl, TimeStampCredentials, ProxyURL, ProxyCredentials, EmbedRevocationInfo, SignerFingerPrint, SerialNumber, ContactInfo, Email, Location, ImageFileName.

[Properties] Section keys are specific for the particular provider value. Please refer to the appropriate documentation.

6.4.55 **SIGPROVIDER**

**Key:** SIGPROVIDER

Signature provider string: to use a PKCS#11 provider, specify the path to the PKCS11 interface DLL, followed by a semicolon, then the slot number, then another semicolon, and then the user PIN.

Additional information about PKCS#11 and HSMs is available in the Tech-Note for HSM.
### 6.4.56 SIGPROXYCRED

**Key:** SIGPROXYCRED

Proxy credentials (*user:password*).

### 6.4.57 SIGPROXYURL

**Key:** SIGPROXYURL

Proxy URL (for accessing time stamp and OCSP server).

### 6.4.58 SIGREASON

**Key:** SIGREASON

The signature reason.

### 6.4.59 SIGRECT

**Key:** SIGRECT

The signature rectangle (4 space separated float values: left bottom right top).

For invisible signatures, specify a rectangle with zero width and height.

### 6.4.60 SIGSTORE

**Key:** SIGSTORE

Certificate store (*MY, ROOT, CA, ...*).

### 6.4.61 SIGSTORELOCATION

**Key:** SIGSTORELOCATION

Certificate store location (*0 local system; 1 current user*).

### 6.4.62 SIGTSCRED

**Key:** SIGTSCRED

Time stamp server credentials if required (*user:password*).
6.4.63 SIGTSURL

| Key: SIGTSURL |

The URL of the trusted time stamp authority (TSA) from which a time stamp shall be acquired. E.g. \texttt{tsu.my-time-server.org}.

This setting is suggested to be used when applying a Qualified Electronic Signature. Applying a Time-Stamp requires an online connection to a time server; the firewall must be configured accordingly. In case a web proxy is used, it must be ensured the following MIME types are supported:

\texttt{application/timestamp-query}
\texttt{application/timestamp-reply}

6.4.64 WARNSIGNATURES

| Key: WARNSIGNATURES | Default: false |

\texttt{true} Warn if an input PDF files is digitally signed.

6.4.65 STAMP

| Key: STAMP |

Name of an XML stamp file. See \texttt{Stamping}.

\textbf{Note:} A suitable domain account must be specified for the watched folder service in the "login" tab to ensure that files on a network share can be accessed. The watched folder service will move the control file to the succeeded folder (or deleted it) on job completion. The documents referenced in the control file are left untouched.

6.4.66 TEXTBODY

| Key: TEXTBODY | Default: false |

\texttt{true} Include the text body in the conversion of mail messages also, if HTML or RTF body is present too.

6.4.67 THUMBS

| Key: THUMBS |

Values \texttt{true} or \texttt{false}; using the option \texttt{THUMBS=true} will create thumbnails for all pages. Existing thumbnails will be replaced. \texttt{THUMBS=false} will have no effect on thumbnails; existing thumbnails in input documents will not be altered.
6.4.68 TIFF.BPI

**Key:** TIFF.BPI

Specify the Bits per pixel of a TIFF output.

6.4.69 TIFF.COMPR

**Key:** TIFF.COMPR

Set the TIFF compression type. Possible values are raw, JPEG, flate, LZW, Group3, Group3_2D and Group4.

6.4.70 TIFF.COMPR.BITON

**Key:** TIFF.COMPR.BITON  Default: Group4

Set the TIFF compression type for bitonal images (black and white). Possible values are raw, flate, LZW, Group3, Group3_2D, Group4 and PackBits.

6.4.71 TIFF.COMPR.CONTINOUS

**Key:** TIFF.COMPR.CONTINOUS  Default: TIFFJPEG

Set the TIFF compression type for continuous color images. Possible values are raw, JPEG, flate, LZW and TIFFJPEG.

6.4.72 TIFF.COMPR.INDEXED

**Key:** TIFF.COMPR.INDEXED  Default: LZW

Set the TIFF compression type for color indexed images. Possible values are flate, LZW and raw.

6.4.73 TIFF.COMPR.MRC

**Key:** TIFF.COMPR.MRC

true  Activate MRC.

6.4.74 TIFF.COMPR.PDF

**Key:** TIFF.COMPR.PDF

Set the TIFF compression type for PDF to TIFF. Possible values are raw, JPEG, flate, LZW, Group4, PackBits and TIFFJPEG
6.4.75 **TIFF.DITHERINGMODE**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Key: TIFF.DITHERINGMODE</th>
<th>Default: 1</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

The dither mode to be applied during PDF to TIFF conversion with bi-level compression.

1 (Floyd Steinberg) for JBIG2

4 (Group3 optimized) for Group3

5 (Group4 optimized) for Group4

6.4.76 **TIFF.DPI**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Key: TIFF.DPI</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

Set the target resolution in dots per inch. Applies to PDF to TIFF and Excel to TIFF.

6.4.77 **TIFF.RENDERINGMODE**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Key: TIFF.RENDERINGMODE</th>
<th>Default: 1</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

The rendering mode to be applied for PDF to TIFF conversion.

1 (accurate) for color conversions

0 (fast) for black and white (Group3, Group4, JBIG2 compression)

6.4.78 **TIFF.ROTATE**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Key: TIFF.ROTATE</th>
<th>Default: Auto</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

Image rotation policy for PDF to TIFF conversion. Possible values are Auto, None, Landscape and Portrait.

6.4.79 **TIFF.UNPACK**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Key: TIFF.UNPACK</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

true Unpack samples to 8 bits per sample.

6.4.80 **TIFF.XDPI, TIFF.YDPI**

| Key: TIFF.XDPI | Default: 150 |
| Key: TIFF.YDPI | Default: 150 |

The horizontal and vertical resolution in dots per inch. To set the same resolution for both, you can use the option name TIFF.DPI.
6.4.81 **ZIPPED**

**Key:** ZIPPED

Values *true* or *false*. When *true*, documents of a job are returned as multiple entries in a ZIP file rather than concatenated into a single TIFF or PDF file.

6.4.82 **ZUGFeRD-invoice.xml:ADD**

**Key:** ZUGFeRD-invoice.xml:ADD

Add ZUGFeRD-invoice.xml files as attachment.

6.4.83 **factur-x.xml:ADD**

**Key:** factur-x.xml:ADD

Add factur-x.xml files as attachment.

6.4.84 **Special Key**

**Key:** #

This is a special key controlling the way how documents are passed by the O2PProxyAPI.DLL to the server. By default, documents are passed "by value", i.e. their content is sent via the API. When specifying this key at the very beginning of the options string, document files are not copied, but their file system path is sent.

Obviously, this will only work when the file system path has a meaning on the server side, and the server has access privileges to read the documents and also create the resulting PDF.

The advantage of using this key is that the copying overhead is eliminated.

6.5 **Document Options**

Options related to the processing of a particular document.

It is possible to restrain options to the scope of a particular application or document by prefixing the option key with the application name or the document name, separated by a colon. This is useful when multiple documents are passed.

**Example:**

```
HTML:Outline=TITLE;URL:Outline=FILENAME;Outlook:Outline=%Subject%
```

**Note:** Document options can also be used at the job level. If a certain option value is evaluated, the settings specified at the document level have priority over settings specified at the job level.
6.5.1 ADD

**Key:** ADD

Specify that the document be embedded as a document level attachment into the resulting PDF document (value A).

Optionally, the document can also be converted to PDF and merged with the output document (value B).

The setting of this option can be restricted to mail attachments. In this case, use the option key ATTACHMENTS:ADD.

6.5.2 ATT.Name

**Key:** ATT.Name

Specify the name to be used as the attachment name.

Using this document option implies ADD=A, unless ADD=B is specified explicitly.

The name ZUGFeRD-invoice.xml has a special meaning (also when specified via ORIGINALNAME). If an XML file with this name is passed, the converter service will propagate ZUGFeRD metadata from the XML document to the XMP metadata and embed the XML itself as an embedding (according to the ZUGFeRD specification).

6.5.3 ATT.Description

**Key:** ATT.Description

Specify a description string for the document to attach.

6.5.4 CMPRQUAL

**Key:** CMPRQUAL  **Default:** 95

Compression quality (1, ..., 100) to be applied for lossy (re-)compression during PDF to PDF/A conversion and image to PDF compression.

6.5.5 CODEPAGE

**Key:** CODEPAGE  **Default:** CP_ACP

Set the code page for converting ASCII text files using MS Word. Default is CP_ACP (currently set default Windows ANSI code page).

To disable code page mapping and pass ASCII text files "as is" to MS Word, specify a value of false.

6.5.6 COLLCOMP
If set to `true`, the elements of a composite document are merged (collected) into a single output document (default `false` when `ZIPPED=true` is specified for the job's output).

Composite documents are Mail messages containing attachments, ZIP and RAR files.

### 6.5.7 FAILFILES

**Key: FAILFILES**

Cause the conversion of files having an extension listed in the `FAILFILES` setting to fail.

The special value `.unknown` can be specified to match any file extension that is not assigned to a known document type. Use this setting if you want to prevent the conversion of specific document types. This is more specific than just disabling the use of the corresponding application (e.g. Excel), as some other application (e.g. OpenOffice) may still attempt to perform the conversion.

### 6.5.8 FORCEAPP

**Key: FORCEAPP**

Use the specified value in place of the file name extension for controlling which application is selected to open the document.

If the value is omitted (or empty), the original file's extension will be used to select the controlling application; if that application cannot open the file, no other attempt to open the document with other applications will be made.

**Example:** Select the application registered for PPT (i.e. PowerPoint), and name the file `f.pptx` to open it.

```
ORIGINALNAME=f.pptx;FORCEAPP=PPT
```

**Note:** For certain file types and applications, it is important that the correct file extension is provided. Visio for example will not open any document with an inappropriate extension.

### 6.5.9 HTZDOCS

**Key: HTZDOCS**  
**Default:** `.HTM .HTML .MHT .XML`

The list of file extensions for selecting the root document(s) in `.HTMZIP` files.

### 6.5.10 Include Visio Properties

**Key: IncludeStructureTags**

**Key: IncludeDocumentProperties**

**Key: IncludeBackground**
Create structure tags, include document properties or include the background layer when saving the document as PDF.

### 6.5.11 MAILPARTS

**Key:** MAILPARTS  
**Default:** AB

Select attachments and/or body of the mail message for conversion.

- **A** Attachments only.
- **B** Body only.
- **L** All.

Use this option to determine which parts of a mail message shall be converted. Supported for Outlook MSG files and Internet Mail Messages (section Conversion of Internet Mail Messages).

### 6.5.12 ORIGINALNAME

**Key:** ORIGINALNAME

Specifies the original name of the document being passed.

The file name extension determines by which application(s) the file will be processed. Microsoft Visio for example will not even try to open a file if it does not have one of its known extensions.

The specified value is also the one that will be used when an outline (bookmark) title shall be set according to the document's file name.

### 6.5.13 AlternateText

**Key:** AlternateText

Specifies the alternate text for images converted to PDF. Use this for a target conformance level of A (e.g. PDF/A-2a).

Note: avoid specifying an alternate text for images that represent scanned text that will be OCR processed.

### 6.5.14 LanguageTag

**Key:** LanguageTag

Specifies the language identifier for images converted to PDF. Use this for a target conformance level of A (e.g. PDF/ A-2a). If not specified, EN-US is used.

### 6.5.15 Outline

**Key:** Outline

Specifies that outlines (bookmarks) shall be created for the document and any documents contained within it.
If any contained documents are processed to have outlines, these outlines will only be copied if the parent document also has an outline to which these can be attached.

The following special values are supported to be replaced by document related information:

**FILENAME**  Is replaced by the file name (without extension) of the current document.

**FILENAMEX**  Is replaced by the file name and extension of the current document.

**%Subject%**  Applicable for an Outlook mail or PDF document: supplies the subject field of the mail message.

  Actually, it is possible to use other valid mail message properties, e.g. SenderName. %Subject% can be embedded in a plain text string.

**TITLE**  Title entry of an HTML page on a web server.

**(empty)**  An empty value has a special meaning: for an aggregate document, the outlines of the contained documents will be “lifted” a level and appear in the place of this document.

### 6.5.16 OutputType

**Key:**  OutputType

Set the “OutputType” print option (PowerPoint). Default inherited from the service configuration (see Application Options also for possible values and their meaning).

### 6.5.17 PRINTCOLOR

**Key:**  PRINTCOLOR  Default: false

Applicable when FORMAT=tiff; the default is false (convert to gray). Can also be specified as a document option.

### 6.5.18 PRINTDM

**Key:**  PRINTDM

Values A-1b, A-2u, 1.7, 1.6, 1.5, 1.4 (applicable for PDF conversions), or the name of a device mode file located in the installation folder.

Using this option setting will prepare the device mode settings of the printer to be used by office applications during the conversion of a document.

### 6.5.19 PW

**Key:**  PW

Password to open a password protected document (Word, Excel, PDF, ZIP, RAR).

**Note:**  AES-256 decryption for ZIP files is only available through the “7z” provider (see PROVIDER setting).
6.5.20 SAVEASPDF

Key: SAVEASPDF

true Use the Office “Save As PDF” feature rather than the 3-Heights™ PDF Producer.

6.5.21 RemoveVBA

Key: RemoveVBA Default: true

true Preprocess Office Documents to remove VBA code prior to any further processing.

Documents with the file name extensions DOC, DOT, XLS and XLT are processed in-place. In most cases, this is not a problem, as these files are temporary copies. When passing documents to the converter via file name reference, it is the application’s responsibility to either disable VBA removal or provide a copy of the original document, if that shall not be modified (or is read-only).

Documents with the file name extensions PPTM, XLSM, XLSB, DOCX, DOCM, DOTM, XLTM and XLSX are preprocessed not only for VBA code removal, but also for fixing issues with predefined names in Excel sheets. The original file is not modified.

false Disable preprocessing as described above.

Preprocessing can be disabled selectively by prefixing the option key with the file name extension (e.g. PPTM:RemoveVBA=false).

6.5.22 TIFF.COMPR.BITONAL

Key: TIFF.COMPR.BITONAL Default: Group4

Compression method for bitonal images.

Values Group4, Flate, LZW, Group3, Group3_2D, JBIG2

6.5.23 TIFF.COMPR.CONTINOUS

Key: TIFF.COMPR.CONTINOUS Default: JPEG

Values JPEG, Flate, LZW, JPEG2000

6.5.24 TIFF.COMPR.INDEXED

Key: TIFF.COMPR.INDEXED

Default Flate for PDF/A output, LZW otherwise.

6.5.25 TIFF.COMPR.MRC

Key: TIFF.COMPR.MRC Default: false
Set `true` to enable mixed raster content compression.

### 6.5.26 TIFF.UNPACK

| Key:       | TIFF.UNPACK | Default: `false` |

Set `true` to convert indexed images to continuous, permitting downsampling.

### 6.6 Watched Folder Configuration

`O2PWFS.exe` is the watched folder executable. It actually constitutes a client application of the Document Converter. It uses the client API DLL (`O2PProxyAPI.DLL`) that itself relays any documents passed for processing to the (possibly remote) service.

The `O2PWFS.ini` file contains the entries that configure the watched folders and their corresponding processing options. See below for a detailed description.

#### 6.6.1 [O2PWFS] INI-File Section

**Example:**

```ini
[O2PWFS]
ServiceHost = localhost
ServicePort = 7981
AutoDelete = false
JobPrefix = false
Threads=1
Thread1=-w d:\DocConverter -j PDFA -b Outline -o "C:\Temp"
```

**AutoDelete**

| Key:       | AutoDelete | Default: `false` |

Delete input files of successfully converted documents.

**AutoDeleteAll**

| Key:       | AutoDeleteAll | Default: `false` |

Delete input files of successfully converted documents and of failed jobs.

**JobPrefix**

| Key:       | JobPrefix | Default: `false` |
Rename files to contain a unique job specific prefix.

**KeepTimeForFailed**

**Key:** KeepTimeForFailed

The number of hours until files in failed folder are deleted. If this key is unspecified or 0 files are never deleted.

**KeepTimeForSucceeded**

**Key:** KeepTimeForSucceeded

The number of hours until files are deleted. If this key is unspecified or 0 files are never deleted.

**LogLevel**

**Key:** LogLevel  Default: 1

1 log errors only
0 informational log

**LogPath**

**Key:** LogPath


**PollingInterval**

**Key:** PollingInterval

Milliseconds between file searches.

**ServiceHost**

**Key:** ServiceHost
The computer name or network address where the Document Converter is hosted; localhost is a common network name alias referring to the local computer.

**ServicePort**

- **Key:** ServicePort

ServicePort is the port number configured for the Converter Service (usually 7981).

**Threads**

- **Key:** Threads

The total number of threads or watched folders.

**Thread**

- **Key:** Thread

For each watched folder there is thread entry, starting with Thread1, Thread2 etc. See subsection *Watched Folder Thread Options* below for options which can be set as values of the Thread1 key. Multiple options are set as a space separated list.

**WorkerThreads**

- **Key:** WorkerThreads

Maximum number of concurrent worker threads; use this to control the maximum load on the Document Converter.

### 6.7 Watched Folder Thread Options

#### 6.7.1 -b Set Document Options

- **Set Document Options** -b <opt>

Define with the option -b all document conversion options specific for the watched folder. Multiple parameters of -b are separated with a semicolon. To set a document conversion option relating only to a specific application (i.e. set in a specific INI-Section), use a colon to refer to this application as in the example below. See section *Document Options* for valid Parameters of -b.
Note: -b overrides the Service Configuration Editor.

Example: Multiple job options.
-b Outline=FILENAME;Outlook:Outline=%Subject%;SAVEASPDF

6.7.2 -di Delete Input Files

Delete Input Files -di
Delete the input files listed in job control files

6.7.3 -j Set Converter Job Options

Set Converter Job Options -j <opt>
Define with the option -j all document processing options specific for the watched folder, multiple options for -j are separated with a semicolon. See section Job Options for valid Parameters of -j.

Note: -j overrides the Service Configuration Editor.

Example: Multiple job options.
-j PDFA;PDFA.ERROR;CONVERTALWAYS

6.7.4 -l Create Error Log

Create Error Log -l
Create an error log file in case of errors during the conversion process. The file will be located in the output directory.

6.7.5 -o Specify Output Directory

Specify Output Directory -o <dir>
This option can be used to specify the directory location for storing result PDF files (the default being the sub-folder PDFs or TIFFs in the watched folder directory specified with the option -w).
A folder relative to the pickup/drop directory is specified by prefixing the folder name with a colon (e.g. :PDFA).

6.7.6 -of Specify Failed Directory

Specify Failed Directory -of <dir>
Specify the directory for storing input files that have failed (default: Failed folder in root specified with the option \(-w\)).

6.7.7 -op Unprefix Output

| Unprefix Output -op |

Remove job prefix of output file after conversion.
Job prefixes are useful to avoid name conflicts and to ensure proper sequencing of multiple conversion jobs.

6.7.8 -os Specify Directory for Succeeded Jobs

| Specify Directory for Succeeded Jobs -os \(<dir>\) |

Set the directory for succeeded jobs (default: Succeeded folder in root directory specified by \(-w\)). A folder relative to the pickup folder can also be specified by prefixing the folder name with a colon.

6.7.9 -ow Ignore Warnings

| Ignore Warnings -ow |

The option \(-ow\) applies to conversion jobs producing PDF/A conforming output (i.e. the job option \(\text{PDFA}\) is also set). Whenever the PDF/A-conversion encounters a situation where the appearance of pages might change due to conversion processing, a warning is returned.

When the option \(-ow\) is set, such warnings are ignored, as long as the final output has been successfully validated as PDF/A).

**Note:** Use this option with caution, changes of page content are possible (e.g. removal of transparency).

6.7.10 -owf Warnings Output Folder

| Warnings Output Folder -owf \(<dir>\) |

Ignore any warnings (related to PDF/A conversion or parts that are not convertible), but move the result to a specified folder.

6.7.11 -ox IDX Name

| IDX Name -ox |

Specify a name pattern for the index file path to be used with option \(-I\) an \(-11\).
A relative path can be specified and will be based on the output folder for the conversion job. The placeholder * will be substituted by the job's name.
Example:

-ox C:\Completed-IDX\*.txt

### 6.7.12 -o0 Keep Output

**Keep Output** -o0

Conversion results are stored by the watched folder service as obtained from the converter service, but are deleted when an error or warning was encountered. Use the option -o0 to keep the output document in case of a warning or error.

Actually, the output document will shortly appear in the output folder, but be deleted as soon as the job completes.

### 6.7.13 -o1 Second Output Directory

**Second Output Directory** -o1 <dir>

Store another copy of the output in a second folder specified as the argument to this option.

### 6.7.14 -o2 Force Succeeded

**Force Succeeded** -o2

Documents picked up in a drop folder will always be copied to the output folder. When a job fails, another copy of the input document will still be stored in the Failed folder.

### 6.7.15 -R Search for dropped files

**Search for dropped files** -R

Search in subfolders of drop directory also, and store output in corresponding subfolder of output directory.

### 6.7.16 -u Unzip Output to Folder

**Unzip Output to Folder** -u

Set the “ZIPPED” job setting (-j ZIPPPED=true) and store each entry of the output archive in a subfolder of the output directory.

### 6.7.17 -w Specify the Path to the Root Directory

**Specify the Path to the Root Directory** -w <dir>

This option sets the path to the root directory.
Note: This parameter must always be the first parameter of a Thread.

Parameter:

〈dir〉 The given path should not contain mapped drives, since other users (such as LocalSystem) do not recognize them.

Example:

```
Thread1=-w C:\ConverterService\WorkFolder1
```

The service supports path lengths including file name of up to 258 characters. This includes the 21 characters of the job ticket.

If a file name exceeds this value, its file name is truncated at the end of the file name and before the file extension. It is therefore suggested that watched folder names are kept reasonably short.

6.7.18 -wd Specify the Drop Path

```
Specify the Drop Path  -wd 〈dir〉
```

This option sets the path of the drop directory. If this option is not set, then the drop directory equals the root directory -w. The drop directory is the watched folder, where input files are picked up and processed by the service.

Parameter:

〈dir〉 The drop directory can be at any existing (network-) location with the following conditions:

- The directory exists.
- The user under which the service runs has access permissions to this directory.

Example:

```
-wd C:\Path\DropFilesInHere
```

6.7.19 -wfi Ignore Files with Certain Extensions

```
Ignore Files with Certain Extensions  -wfi 〈exts〉
```

By default, the service tries to process all files dropped into the drop-in folder, regardless of the extension. With this option, files with certain file extensions can be ignored.

Example: Ignore temporary files.

```
-wfi .temp.tmp
```
6.7.20  -wfs  Process only Files with Certain Extensions

| Process only Files with Certain Extensions | -wfs <exts> |

By default, the service tries to process all files dropped into the drop directory, regardless of the extension. With this option, the processing can be restricted to a set of known file extensions.

**Example:**  Restrict the processing to JPEG and PNG files.

- wfs .jpeg .jpg .png

6.7.21  -1  Single Page Output

| Single Page Output | -1 |

Store TIFF result in a collection of single page TIFF files.

In addition, a file with ending .idx is created that contains the names of the single page files.

6.7.22  -1l  Single Page Output

| Single Page Output | -1l |

Similar to -1, but store the full file path in the .idx file.

6.8  Dispatcher Service - O2PSRV.exe.config

The application configuration file for O2PSRV.exe contains the entries that are needed to start up the Worker Session. Consider section Architecture in the appendix for more information.

**Example:**

```xml
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="utf-8" ?>
<configuration>
  <appSettings>
    <add key="ServicePort" value="7981"/>
    <add key="ServiceBindTo" value=""/>
    <add key="TempDirectory" value="C:\ConverterService\temp"/>
    <add key="CleanupTemp" value="true"/>
    <add key="LogFile" value="C:\ConverterService\log\o2psrv-DATE.log"/>
    <add key="LogLevel" value="2"/>
  </appSettings>
</configuration>
```

The entries in the appSettings scope of the configuration file are explained in more detail in the following.

**appSettings**

- **ServicePort**  The TCP port number on which the service publishes its server interface.
ServiceBindTo  Bind the service remote channel to a specific network interface, designated by the IP address.

""  Default: accept connections from all interfaces.

TempDirectory  The absolute path to an existing directory that is accessible for both the dispatcher service and the worker session. A UNC path can be specified, if these programs execute on different computers.

If this entry is missing, the system default temporary directory is used.

CleanupTemp  Periodically clean up left-over files in the TempDirectory folder.

true  Default.

However if the key CleanupTemp is missing, the value is false.

DisableLogonMessage  Temporarily disable the interactive logon message configured on the server during starting worker sessions.

true  Default.

However if the key DisableLogonMessage is missing, the value is false.

RunDisconnected  Automatically disconnect the worker session once it is established.

This is useful on Server 2008 platforms, as disconnected sessions do not count towards license based limits.

true  Default.

However if the key RunDisconnected is missing, the value is false.

LogFile  The absolute path of the log file to be written.

[LOGDIR]\o2psrv-DATE.log

The Document Converter's log directory is by default created as subfolder of the installation folder.

The log file name for the dispatcher log is either o2psrv.log or o2psrv-DATE.log, with DATE being a placeholder for the current day's date (4 year digits, 2 digits each for month and day). It is written by the dispatcher service and contains high level logging information about (re-)starting and stopping workers, managing conversion jobs, and dispatching documents to workers.

The service also performs processing tasks such as PDF merging, PDF/A conversion and OCR, and logs this to the worker log file which is usually named as o2psrv-w.log or o2psrv-w-DATE.log (unless the WorkerLogFile key is defined explicitly).

LogLevel  The log level controls filtering of log messages.

2  Default.

Debug=1, Info=2, Error=3

SvcLogLevel  The log level controlling service log entries into the system event log.

3  Default.

WorkerLogLevel  Set the log level for PDF and raster image processing work performed in-process by the dispatcher service.

(none)  Default: no logging

WorkerLogFile  File containing log entries from PDF and raster image processing work, including OCR. These entries are more detailed than the log entries generated in the standard o2psrv.log.
C:\ConverterService\o2psrv-w.log

Default: Document Converter's log directory.

LogUTC

Print date/time information in UTC rather than local time.

false  Default.

StartupDelay

Time span in seconds to wait after starting the service before attempting to start the worker sessions.

Use of this feature helps to avoid session startup problems after booting due to system overload.

30  Default.

Note: Specifying nodelay as the first parameter when starting the service will disable the configured StartupDelay.

WorkersBusyTimeout

Timeout period to wait for when all worker sessions are busy before returning an error.

30  Default.

WorkerTimeLimit

Time limit in seconds for performing the conversion of a document by a worker. The service will forcibly logoff the worker's session when reaching this limit (and then restart a new session).

600  Default.

Note: When setting the TempDirectory and LogFile values, consider the security settings for the account under which the Dispatcher Service is running. Depending on the account under which the service runs, it may not have any write privilege unless you explicitly grant it.

Worker Instance Suffix

Each of the worker session related settings can be individually configured by adding the instance suffix to the corresponding key.

Examples: WorkerUserName1, WorkerPassWord1, RestartHours1, WorkerServer1, etc.

6.9 Worker Session Control - O2PWSC.exe.config

Consider section Architecture in the appendix for more information.

This section lists the configuration entries that apply to the worker session control program O2PWSC.exe

appSettings

ServiceHost

The computer name or network address for binding to the dispatcher service.

localhost  Default.

ServicePort

The port number configured for the dispatcher service

(See Dispatcher Service - O2PSRV.exe.config)

7981  Default.
DispatcherAliveCheck  Time interval in seconds for calling the dispatchers AreYouStillAlive method.

60  Default.

Specify the value false to disable this feature.

LogFile  The absolute path of the log file to be written.

C:\o2pwsc-%ID-%Y%M%D.log

Default: Document Converter's log directory.

%ID is a place holder for the instance number of the worker session.
%Y, %M and %D are place holders for the current date, i.e. year, month and day.

LogLevel  This value controls the level of details to be logged.

1  debug + below
2  informational + below (Default)
3  warnings + errors
4  errors only

CleanRecentInterval  The number of seconds between cleaning of user’s Microsoft\Windows\Recent and Microsoft\Office\Recent folders.

20  Default.

0 or a smaller value to disables this feature.

6.10  Error Codes

The 3-Heights™ Document Converter specific errors are listed in the following table.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Error Code and Message</th>
<th>Background</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>O2P_E_UNKFORMAT = 0x82410C01</td>
<td>The input document format could not be recognized. The document may be corrupted.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>O2P_E_INVALIDOP = 0x82410C02</td>
<td>An inappropriate API call was made (e.g. wrong call sequence).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>O2P_E_NOPAGES = 0x82410C03</td>
<td>The document to be converted does not contain any pages.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>O2P_E_NOPDFPRINTER = 0x82410C04</td>
<td>The PDF Producer printer entries are not available or have been deleted.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>O2P_E_NOSCREENS = 0x82410C05</td>
<td>Terminal server sessions are not available.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>O2P_E_PRINTTIMEOUT = 0x82410C06</td>
<td>The output from printing is overdue. The log file may contain more information.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### Error Codes

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Error Code</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>O2P_E_SVCUNAVAIL = 0x82410C07</td>
<td>The client failed to connect to the (remote) server. It may not have been started yet, or the URI may not be configured correctly.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>O2P_W_PARTSMISSING = 0x02410C08</td>
<td>A compound document (mail with attachments, ZIP archive) contains elements that could not be converted.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>O2P_E_PDFACONVFAIL = 0x82410C09</td>
<td>Failure may be due to transparency in the input document, missing color profiles, or other issues. See log files.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>O2P_E_UNKNOWN = 0x82410C0A</td>
<td>The log file may contain more information.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>O2P_E_APPERROR = 0x82410C0B</td>
<td>MS Word or some other third party application has encountered a problem. See log files.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>O2P_W_PDFACONVWARN = 0x02410C0C</td>
<td>See log files or error description returned for more detailed information.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>O2P_E_SOURCECORRUPT = 0x82410C0D</td>
<td>An input document is not conforming to validation criteria. To configure MS Office Binary File Format validation, use BFFValidate (Word, Excel, PowerPoint). Image document validation is controlled via the FailSize option.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>O2P_W_SOURCEQUALITY = 0x02410C0D</td>
<td>An input document contains invalid links or bookmarks or is not a conform Office document. To configure document validation, use BFFValidate (Word, Excel, PowerPoint).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>O2P_E_PASSWORD = 0x82410C0E</td>
<td>The input document is password protected, or the specified password is incorrect.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>O2P_W_DECRYPTERROR = 0x02410C0E</td>
<td>Content decryption error (mail)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>O2P_E_OCR = 0x82410C0F</td>
<td>Verify that the specified OCR engine is available on the server.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>O2P_E_PDFACOMPLIANCE = 0x82410C10</td>
<td>Structure information may be missing in the input document, preventing conversion to PDF/A-1a.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>O2P_I_VOIDRESULT = 0x02410C11</td>
<td>This code can be returned by a plugin, indicating that it will handle further processing of the output.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Error Codes

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Error Code</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>O2P_E_PLUGINERROR = 0x82410C12</td>
<td>The log file may contain more information.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>O2P_E_VBAERROR = 0x82410C13</td>
<td>VBA error in document</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>O2P_E_APPBLOCKED = 0x82410C14</td>
<td>The application used to convert a document crashed or was blocked.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>O2P_W_SIGN = 0x02410C15</td>
<td>An error occurred while trying to sign the document.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>O2P_E_POPUPBLOCKING = 0x82410C16</td>
<td>Application popup cannot be closed</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>O2P_W_OPTIMIZE = 0x02410C17</td>
<td>PDF optimization failed</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>O2P_E_HTTPSTATUS = 0x82410C18</td>
<td>HTTP error while accessing source document.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>O2P_W_DOWNGRADE = 0x02410C19</td>
<td>Warning if conformance downgraded during PDF/A conversion.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>O2P_W_INPUTSIGNED = 0x02410C1A</td>
<td>Input document is signed (warning)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>O2P_E_INPUTSIGNED = 0x02410C1A</td>
<td>Input document is signed (error)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>O2P_E_INPUTCORRUPT = 0x82410C1B</td>
<td>Input document corruptions detected</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>O2P_E_RENDERINGFAILED = 0x82410C1C</td>
<td>Rendering of document failed (e.g. XFA rending via Acrobat Reader)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>O2P_W_NOTPDFA = 0x02410C1D</td>
<td>Result is not PDF/A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>O2P_W_UPGRADE = 0x02410C1E</td>
<td>PDF/A conformance was upgraded to PDF/A-2</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Other error codes originating from Windows can also be returned. As an example, a code of 2 may be returned from the Windows file system (The system cannot find the file specified).

Note:
- It is important to note that PDF/A conversion, OCR recognition and digital signing is performed at the end of job processing (i.e. during JobClose).
- Errors related to OCR and digital signing are often due to configuration issues, while PDF/A conversion problems become manifest due to the specific input.

Common reasons for PDF/A conversion to fail
- Invalid/corrupted XMP Metadata.
- No suitable font is available to be embedded.
- The document contains transparency features.
- The document contains layers (optional content feature).
- Appearance objects of annotations are missing.
- Unknown or prohibited annotation types.
- Embedded files.

Possible problems may also arise, if the original document contains Javascript resources or digital Signatures. Javascripts are removed from the document, which normally should not have any negative effects.

Digital signatures however are inherently invalidated by the PDF/A conversion process. It may thus make sense to remove such signatures prior to passing any PDF files for conversion.
7 Troubleshooting

This section lists a number of common problems and points to possible sources to help resolve them.

Conversion of PowerPoint documents fails (no pages converted) Make sure that background printing is disabled (“Options menu” → “Printing”).

Our Microsoft Word documents containing the company logo do not get converted correctly Company logos are usually based on a specific font that needs to be installed on the computer where the conversion takes place. Verify this by inspecting the Fonts directory on the server (usually C:\WINDOWS\Fonts).

Our application using the Java API crashes The Java API relies on the .NET transport for accessing the Document Converter. Make sure the O2PProxyNET.dll is registered in the Global Assembly Cache.

Use the Windows file explorer to drag and drop the O2PProxyNET.dll from the installation directory to the C:\WINDOWS\assembly folder.

The Visual Basic Script sample does not work A common cause for this issue is that O2PProxyNET.dll is not registered in the Global Assembly Cache (see above Our application using the Java API crashes).


VBAOff setting has no effect Microsoft Office have the VBAOff flag under \Software\Policies\Microsoft\Office, where the user may not have write access.

Use REGEDIT.EXE, either

a. Configure write access for the users configured as worker accounts.
b. Directly set the VBAOff flag in the “Common” key.

IEPRINT exit 2 When converting large HTML documents this error may show up. It means that the print operation has timed out. To allow for a longer timeout, you can create an application configuration file IEPRINT.exe.config and set a value for PrintTimeout (30 is the default, which is multiplied with the size of the input file in MB). Please also check the HTMOPT option and configure it as needed.

Outlook conversion hangs There are multiple reasons why Outlook may blocks when converting certain MSG documents:

a. The Outlook profile for the worker user has not yet been initialized: see section Platform Preparations.
b. A “programmatic access” popup may block Outlook: see section Platform Preparations.
c. The MSG document may contain links to external images that slow down conversion: suppress image download by disabling all outgoing connections from Outlook.exe in the firewall.

Note: Trust Center settings have no effect, despite Outlook help suggest so.
8 Version History

8.1 Changes in Version 6

No functional changes.

8.2 Changes in Version 5

- **New** additional supported operating system: Windows Server 2019.
- **Changed** behavior when reading a TIFF. The value Relative from tag ResolutionUnit is now interpreted as Inch.

8.3 Changes in Version 4.12

- **New** HTTP proxy setting in the GUI license manager.

8.4 Changes in Version 4.11

- **New** support for reading and writing PDF 2.0 documents.
- **New** support for the creation of output files larger than 10GB (not PDF/A-1).
- **Improved** repair of corrupt image streams.

8.5 Changes in Version 4.10

- **Improved** robustness against corrupt input PDF documents.
- **Improved** annotation appearance generation for polyline, squiggly, and stamp annotations.
- **Removed** the font ZapfDingbats.ttf from the product kit as it is not required anymore.

8.6 Changes in Version 4.9

- **Improved** support for and robustness against corrupt input PDF documents.
- **Improved** repair of embedded font programs that are corrupt.
- **New** support for OpenType font collections in installed font collection.
- **Improved** metadata generation for standard PDF properties.

8.7 Changes in Version 4.8

- **Changed** option TRANSFORM: Add additional parameters as command line arguments to the transform process call.
- **Changed** option FitToPage for Excel: Fit the width of the document or fit width and height of the document.
- **New** option ShowComments: Show or hide comments from Word documents in the output document.
- **New** feature: Basic support for PDF collections, the first document will be converted.
- **New**: Support Windows Server 2016 (RDP security).
- **Changed** option MAILHEADER: New value attached, the mail header will be embedded (PDF output) or added as text document (ZIP output).
- **Improved** creation of annotation appearances to use less memory and processing time.
- **Added** repair functionality for TrueType font programs whose glyphs are not ordered correctly.
9 Licensing, Copyright, and Contact

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A Background Information

A.1 Configuration Background Information

This section provides information to help taking decisions when configuring the Converter Service and particularly the number of worker sessions. Here are some of the relevant facts:

The hardware resources available impose certain limits Office applications remain loaded in memory; they can consume considerable amounts of memory while processing large documents.

If your installation needs to process Outlook .MSG files

- Outlook can only run once per user on specific server. This limitation is due to the fact that the Outlook application locks a user specific file (see http://support.microsoft.com/kb/291636).
- Outlook needs an exclusive reservation of a PDF Producer printer while outputting a mail message (.MSG file). This is because the "PrintOut" method does not support printing to a file.

Setting a specific printer in Visio can crash the application Therefore a specific printer instance must be available that can be set as the default printer for the active user account.

A.1.1 TIFF Output Format

When TIFF is selected as the output format, office applications will print to the TIFF Printer driver instead of the PDF Printer driver. Built-in formats like PDF or image formats will be converted directly.

The TIFF format actually offers many options. The choice between color and gray level output is supported by the PRINTCOLOR option, but many other parameters are left to be tuned and can be inspected or changed in the Printing Defaults page of the corresponding TIFF Printers.

E.g. the resolution for color TIFF output is controlled by the DPI setting on the T1A and T1B etc. printer entries.

Or the resolution for monochrome TIFF output is controlled by the settings on the T1N and T1O etc. printer entries.

Similarly, the image compression type can be configured via these settings

Note:

- If TIFF (and PDF) printer settings are changed, this should be done consistently for all entries.
- Values are propagated from the system defaults to the user printing defaults; changing the system defaults immediately after installation will have the effect that all worker sessions will inherit these values.
- Once a worker session has used a printer entry, it will continue to use the copy of the printer settings of the user account under which the worker session is running. Since system settings are adapted from the Worker by the first time the printer is used. Moreover, the Worker adapts at this point certain settings from O2PWSC.ini file.

The Document Converter selects a TIFF Printer based on the color setting only. To change the settings for black and white conversion e.g. from “bi-tonal” to “gray scale” or change the DPI setting, you set the printing defaults of all non-color TIFF Printer entries accordingly. These would be the entries carrying T1N, T1O, T2N, etc. in their name.

As built-in conversions do not make use of the TIFF Printers, they use their own options, which can be set at the document or job level. See the options
A.1.2 Conversion of Internet Mail Messages

MIME conforming mail messages are converted as follows:

1. The HTML body part is extracted, as well as any images that are included in the message and referenced from the HTML page. If no HTML body is present, the text part is extracted.
2. From the mail header, the Subject and From fields are extracted and inserted into the top of the extracted message. All headers are optionally appended to the end of the message.
3. All above parts are passed to the application configured for . HTML documents for rendering to PDF. Since the default of the application option IEPRINT=true, the Internet Explorer's Print method is used.
4. Attachments of the mail message are extracted and also converted to PDF.

The following options are recognized during mail conversion MAILPARTS, TEXTBODY, MAILHEADER

Encrypted mails can be converted if appropriate certificates and private keys are installed on the server.

Signatures of signed mails are verified, and the certificate status found during verification is added to the “From” information. The Windows certificate store is used to locate trusted issuer certificates. All store types are searched that are accessible to the converter process performing the conversion. Therefore, you may want to store relevant certificates either in the “Computer” store, or in each worker user store.

A.2 Architecture Background

A.2.1 Processing Paradigm

The 3-Heights™ Document Converter supports processing for single documents and also for converting multiple documents into a single output PDF.

Processing starts with the creation of a job. At this time, the name of the output PDF is specified, and any job specific options are passed. Following that, documents are added one by one to be converted to PDF and appended to the output PDF.

Single document and job processing modes work interleaved, because any single document can actually be an aggregate, containing internally multiple documents of potentially different types, and job processing builds on top of the conversion of individual documents.

When passing documents for processing, they can be accompanied by document related options. For more detailed information see the 3-Heights™ Document Converter API documentation.

A.2.2 Architecture

This section presents an overview of the architecture and components of the Document Converter. This information will be helpful for troubleshooting as well as for planning and implementing advanced server configuration involving multiple computers.

---

2 For example e-mails with attachments or ZIP files.
**The service executable** 02PSRV.exe  Controls startup, job dispatching and shutdown. Typical installations will have this executable registered as a service and configured to start automatically at system start. This process runs detached from a desktop or screen display.

**The session controller executable** 02PWSC.exe  Runs in a converter service session to control the office applications in an interactive (-like) environment.

**The following components will run on the client or middle tier**
- The watched folder service executable 02PWFS.exe, as well as the e-mail folder service (if installed)
- The command line executable 02PCLIENT.exe
- The GUI client application 02PCMAApp.exe
- The proxy interface O2PProxyAPI.dll

02PWFS and 02PCLIENT actually use O2PProxyAPI.DLL to pass document conversion jobs to the Document Converter. While 02PWFS collects polls the drop directory for documents to convert, the command line tool processes documents as specified on the command line. O2PProxyAPI.dll exposes the service interface for these programs, just as it would for any custom application program. This DLL communicates with the Document Converter’s dispatcher process (O2PSRV) via the O2PProxyNET.dll.
B Installation Parameters

The installation can be controlled by specifying values for the public properties of the installer package (see Microsoft documentation for msiexec.exe)

The server host name and the port number are properties that can also be set on the Windows Installer (msiexec.exe) command line. The names of these properties are SERVERNAME and SERVERPORT, respectively.

Example: Specify custom values for the public properties SERVERNAME and INSTALLLEVEL

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Command</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>MSIXEC /quiet /i &quot;3-Heights(TM) Document Converter Service.msi&quot; SERVERNAME=dcs.mycompany.com INSTALLLEVEL=100</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Useful public properties

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Property</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| INSTALLLEVEL | Numeric value controlling the selection of features to be installed; **Default**: 100. The feature levels of the individual features are:  
  - **Server Installation Core Components**: 1  
  - **Client App**: 20  
  - **Command Line Tool**: 40  
  - **Watched Folder Service**: 200  
  - **Software Development Kit**: 300 |
| INSTALLDIR   | The installation directory |
| SERVERNAME   | The network name of the computer hosting the Document Converter Service (Dispatcher); **Default**: localhost |
| SERVERPORT   | The port number on which the Document Converter Dispatcher listens; **Default**: 7981 |
| ADDLOCAL     | Install features by setting the name (always set ServerInstallation!)  
  - **ServerInstallation**  
  - **ClientApp**  
  - **CommandLineTool**  
  - **WatchedFolderService**  
  - **SDK (Software Development Kit)** |

Please refer to the Microsoft Windows Installer Guide for detailed information about other standard public properties.
C Stamp File

C.1 Stamp File Syntax

Stamps are described with XML data that is passed to the 3-Heights™ Document Converter as file using the option 
-s. A stamp file can contain one or more stamps.

For each Tag there is a separate table below, where the Attribute-Names and the Attribute-Values are 
described.

<pdfstamp>
The Root Tag for the PDF stamp XML file. The tag may contain multiple stamps.
xmlns="http://www.pdf-tools.com/pdfstamp/" (required)
XML namespace used for all stamp elements.

C.1.1 Stamp

A stamp is defined by a <stamp> tag that specifies the stamp's size, position, and pages to which it is applied to. 
The stamp's appearance is defined by the content operators contained therein.

<stamp> Add a Stamp

page="$<page_set>$" (required)
The pages to which the stamp is to be applied. The syntax is as follows:
<page_set> = <page_range> ["," <page_range>]
<page_range> = <n> | <n1>-<n2> | first | last | not_first | not_last | even
| odd | all
Where:
- <n>, <n1>, <n2>: Page number. 1 defines the first page.
- first: First page
- last: Last page
- odd: Only odd pages including first page and last page in case it is odd
- even: Only even pages including last page in case it is even
- all: All pages
- not_first: First page excluded
- not_last: Last page excluded
Example: page="1,2-4,6,10,last"

name="$<identifier>$" (optional)
Unique identifier of the stamp, must be less than 127 characters, see section Modify content of existing 
stamps for more information.

relativepos="$<x> <y>$" (required)
Relative position <x> and <y> of the stamp with regards to the page. Positive values of <x> and <y> define 
the distances of the stamp to the left and lower, negative values to the right and upper page boundary 
respectively. The units of the values are PDF units of 1/72 inch. The positioning algorithm works best for 
stamp rotation angles that are a multiple of 90° (see rotate attribute).
<x> or <y> are ignored, if respective align is used.
Examples:
1. `relativepos=" 10 -10"` places the stamp in the upper left corner of the page.
2. `relativepos="-10 -10"` places the stamp in the upper right corner of the page.
3. `relativepos=" 10 10"` places the stamp in the lower left corner of the page.
4. `relativepos="-10 10"` places the stamp in the lower right corner of the page.

`align="<alignment>"` *(optional)*

Align the stamp with the page. Allowed values for `<alignment>` are:
- `center`: position horizontally at center of page, the `<x>` value of `relativepos` is ignored.
- `middle`: position vertically at middle of page, the `<y>` value of `relativepos` is ignored.

Examples:
1. `<stamp position="0 4" align="center">` Centers the stamp horizontally and 4 pt away from the bottom of the page.
2. `<stamp position="-4 0" align="middle">` Centers the stamp vertically and 4 pt away from the right edge of the page.

`size="<w> <h>"` *(optional)*

The width and height of the stamp. The stamp's content will be clipped to this rectangle. If this is not specified or either `<w>` or `<h>` are zero, the respective size is calculated to fit content.

`rotate="<angle>"` *(optional)*

Rotation of the stamp in degrees clockwise.

`scale="<scale_set>"` *(optional)*

Modify scale of stamp. Allowed values for `<scale_set>` are:
- `relToA4`: Scale the stamp relative to the page size. For example, make stamp half as large on a A5 and twice as large on a A3 page as specified.

`autoorientation="<b>"` *(optional)*

Allowed values for `<b>` are:
- `false` *(default)*: Always position stamps as defined by stamp attributes.
- `true`: Detect orientation (portrait and landscape) of page automatically and treat landscape page as 90° rotated portrait. Useful to apply stamps to “long” or “short” edge of page.

`alpha="<ca>"` *(optional)*

The opacity of the stamp as a whole. 1.0 for fully opaque, 0.0 for fully transparent.

Default: 1.0

The PDF/A-1 standard does not allow transparency. Therefore, for PDF/A-1 conforming input files you must not set alpha to a value other than 1.0.

`type="<type>"` *(optional)*

The type of the stamp
- `annotation` *(default)*: The stamp is added to the page as a stamp annotation. Creating or modifying stamps of this type will not invalidate existing signatures of the input document. While it is not easily possible to remove stamps of this type, it is possible to print a document without annotations.
- `foreground`: The stamp is added to the foreground of the page content. Creating or modifying stamps of this type will invalidate all existing signatures of the input document. It is not easily possible to remove stamps of this type nor can the document be printed without them.
- `background`: The stamp is added to the background of the page content. Creating or modifying stamps of this type will invalidate all existing signatures of the input document. It is not easily possible to remove stamps of this type nor can the document be printed without them.
Note that stamps placed this way can be hidden when pages contain a non-transparent background. In these cases, you may rather want to put the stamps in the foreground, but apply alpha transparency to achieve a result with existing content not covered completely.

flags="<flags>" (optional)

Set the flags of the stamp annotation (i.e. stamps with type="annotation"). <flags> is a comma separated list of the following values: NoView, Print, ReadOnly, and Locked. See chapter 8.4.2 “Annotation Flags” of the PDF Reference 1.7 for a description of the flags.

For PDF/A conformance, the flag Print must be set and NoView must not be set.

Default: Print, ReadOnly, Locked

Coordinates

All coordinate and size values are in PDF units of 1/72 inch (A4 = 595 x 842 points, letter = 612 x 792 points). The origin of the coordinate system is generally the lower left corner of the reference object. For stamps the reference object is the page, for content operators the reference is the stamp rectangle.

Modify content of existing stamps

Setting the name attribute of a stamp allows the stamp's content to be replaced later. If an existing stamp with the same name exists in the input file, its content is replaced as shown in example Example 2: Modify "Simple Stamp". Note that when updating a stamp, its position and size remains. Therefore, if you intend to update a stamp, make sure to create it specifying a size that is sufficiently large.

When modifying a stamp, only its content may be changed. All attributes of <stamp> must remain unchanged, in particular page and size.

C.1.2 Stamp content

Each stamp contains a number of content operators that define the appearance (i.e. the content) of the stamp. The content operators are applied in the order they appear within <stamp> where each content element is drawn over all previous elements (i.e. increasing z-order).

Text

Stamp text is defined by <text>. All character data (text) therein is stamped:

```xml
<text font="Arial" size="12">Some text</text>
```

Text fragments can be formatted differently by enclosing them in a <span> element. All text formatting attributes are inherited from the parent element and can be overridden in <span>:

```xml
<text font="Arial" size="12">Text with a <span font="Arial,Bold">bold</span> and a <span color="1 0 0">red</span> word.</text>
```

Note that all character data in <text> is added, including whitespace such as spaces and line breaks.

---

1 Up to version 4.5.6.0 of the 3-Heights™ Document Converter this type was called content.
**Add Text**

All text formatting attributes described in `<span>` can also be specified in `<text>`.

```xml
<text>
    <position=x; y;>
        The position in points within the stamp, e.g. "200 300".
    </position>
    With the default values for align (align="left top"), position defines the top left corner of the text.

    <align="xalign, yalign;">
        Align text at position or stamp, if position is not set.
        Values for horizontal alignment `xalign`:  
        - left: align to the left (default)  
        - center: center text  
        - right: align to the right  
        Values for vertical alignment `yalign`:  
        - top: align to the top (default)  
        - middle: align to the middle  
        - bottom: align to the bottom  
    </align>
    Examples:
    1. `<text align="left bottom" ...>` positions the text in the left bottom corner of the stamp.
    2. `<text align="left bottom" position="10 10" ...>`: align left bottom corner of text to position "10 10".

    <format="b;">
        Whether or not to enable formatting of variable text. Allowed values for `b` are `true` and `false` (default).  
        See chapter Variable Text for documentation.
    </format>

    <text="text;">  
        The text that is to be written, e.g. `text="Hello World"`.  
        Multi-line text is supported by using the newline character `\n`, e.g. `text="1st line\n2nd line"`.  
        If the attribute text is not specified, the text content of `<text>` is used. So `<text ... text="Hello World"/>` produces the same result as `<text ... text="Hello World"></text>`.
    </text>
</text>
```

**Define Formatting of Text**

Example: `<text font="Arial" size="8"><span font="Arial,Bold">Note:</span></text>` Text can be formatted using &lt;span&gt;.</text>

```xml
<text>
    <color=r; g; b;>
        The color as RGB value, where all values must be in the range from 0 to 1, e.g.:
        - Red: "1 0 0"
        - Green: "0 1 0"
        - Yellow: "1 1 0"
        - Black: "0 0 0" (default)
        - Gray: "0.5 0.5 0.5"
    </color>
</text>
```

---

4 Prior to version 4.4.31.0 of the 3-Heights™ Document Converter, `position` specified the origin of the first character. When upgrading, add `0.75*size` to the value of `<y>`. 

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font="<name>"  (required)
The TrueType name of the font, e.g. "Arial" or "Times New Roman,Bold", or a complete path to the font, e.g. "C:\Windows\Fonts\Arial.ttf".

TrueType names consist of a font family name, which is optionally followed by a comma and style, e.g. "Verdana,Italic". Commonly available styles are "Bold", "Italic", and "BoldItalic". The respective font must be available in any of the font directories.

size="<n>"  (required)
The font size in points, e.g. 12. If set to 0, the size is chosen such that text fits stamp size (not allowed if operator is within transformation operator).

fontencoding="<encoding>"  (optional)
This attribute is relevant only, if the stamp will be modified later (see section Modify content of existing stamps).

The PDF/A standard demands that all used fonts must be embedded in the PDF. Since fonts with many glyphs can be very large in size (>20MB), unused glyphs are removed prior to embedding. This process is called subsetting.

The value <encoding> controls the subsetting and must be one of the following:
- **Unicode**: (default) Only the glyphs used by the stamp are embedded. If the stamp is modified, a new font that includes the new glyph set has to be re-embedded. This setting is recommended for stamps that will not be modified later.
- **WinAnsi**: All glyphs required for WinAnsiEncoding are embedded. Hence the text's characters are limited to this character set. If the content of the stamp is updated, fonts using WinAnsi will be reused.

For example, embedding the font Arial with Unicode and approximately ten glyphs uses 20KB while Arial with WinAnsi (approximately 200 glyphs) uses 53KB of font data.

mode="<modes>"  (optional)
The attribute mode controls the rendering mode of the text.

Allowed values for <modes> are the following or a combination thereof:
- **fill**: (default) The text is filled.
- **stroke**: The text's outlines are stroked. The width of the stroke is specified by linewidth.

linewidth="<f>"  (optional)
Set the line width in points, e.g. 1.0 (default).

decoration="<decorations>"  (optional)
The attribute decoration can be used to add any of the following text decorations:
- **underline**: A small line is drawn below the text.

<link> Create Link
For all text contained within this element, a link is created. Links work best for stamps with type="Foreground", but are possible for other types as well.

Example: <text font="Arial" size="8">© PDF Tools AG</link> - Premium PDF Technology</text>

uri="<uri>"  (required)
The URI which is the link target.

<filltext> Obsolete tag.
Starting with version 4.9.1.0 of the 3-Heights™ Document Converter the element <filltext ...> was rendered obsolete by <text ...>.
Obsolete tag.
Starting with version 4.9.1.0 of the 3-Heights™ Document Converter the element `<stroketext>` was rendered obsolete by `<text mode="stroke">`.

**Variable Text**

Variable text such as the current date or the number of pages can be stamped in `<text>`. The feature must be activated by setting `format="true"`.

Variable text elements are of the following form:

```
{"<value>:<format>"}
```

The `<value>` defines the type of value. `<format>` is optional and specifies how the value should be formatted. To stamp the `{` character, it must be escaped by duplicating it: `{`.

**Date Values**

```
<value>
- UTC: the current time in UTC.
- LocalTime: the current local time
```

```
<format>
The default format is a locale-dependent date and time representation. Alternatively a format string as accepted by `strftime()` can be specified.
```

**Example:** Stamp the current local time with the default format.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Text</th>
<th>Result</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Received: {LocalTime}</td>
<td>Received: Thu Aug 23 14:55:02 2001</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Example:** Stamp the current date.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Text</th>
<th>Result</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Date: {LocalTime:%d. %m. %Y}</td>
<td>Date: 23. 8. 2011</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Number Values**

```
<value>
- PageCount: the number of pages in the document.
```

```
<format>
Optionally a format string as accepted by `printf()` can be specified.
```

**Example:** Stamp the page count.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Text</th>
<th>Result</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>{{PageCount}} = {PageCount}</td>
<td>(PageCount) = 10</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Example:** Stamp the current date and time onto each page's lower right corner.

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="utf-8"?>
<pdfstamp xmlns="http://www.pdf-tools.com/pdfstamp/"
```
Images and Geometric Shapes

<image>  Add Image

rect="\(x\) \(y\) \(w\) \(h\)"  (required)
   The rectangle where the image is to be placed at. \(x\) and \(y\) correspond to the location (lower left corner), and \(w\) and \(h\) to width and height of the image, e.g. \(100\ 200\ 50\ 50\)

src="\url"  (required)
   The URL or path to the file\(^1\), e.g. \(C:/\text{pictures/image1.jpg}\) or \(http://www.mydomain.com/image1.jpg\).

compression="\textvalue"  (optional)
   By default bi-tonal images are compressed with CCITTFax, continuous tone images with DCT and indexed images with Flate. To explicitly set the compression use this property.
   Supported values are:
   - Flate: Flate encoded
   - DCT: DCT (JPEG) encoded
   - CCITTFax: CCITT G4 encoded

<fillrectangle>  Add Filled Rectangle

rect="\(x\) \(y\) \(w\) \(h\)"  (optional)
   The coordinates and size of the rectangle. If this value is omitted, the rectangle fills the entire area of the stamp.

color="\(r\) \(g\) \(b\)"  (optional)
   The fill color of the rectangle. The color as RGB value, where all values must be in the range from \(0.0\) to \(1.0\). The default is black: \(0\ 0\ 0\)

alpha="\textalpha\"  (optional)
   The opacity of the rectangle. \(1.0\) for fully opaque, \(0.0\) for fully transparent.
   Default: \(1.0\)
   The PDF/A-1 standard does not allow transparency. Therefore, for PDF/A-1 conforming input files you must not set alpha to a value other than \(1.0\).

<strokerectangle>  Add Stroked Rectangle

linewidth="\textf\"  (optional)
   Set the line width in points, e.g. \(1.0\) (default).
   For the following parameter descriptions see \textless fillrectangle\textgreater.

rect="\(x\) \(y\) \(w\) \(h\)"

color="\(r\) \(g\) \(b\)"

alpha="\textca\"\)

\(^1\) Prior to version 4.10.13.0 of the 3-Heights™ Document Converter, this attribute was called \textsl{filename}.
Transformations

The transform operators apply to stamp content defined within the tag. For example, this can be used to rotate <text> or <image>.

<rotate> Rotation

angle="<n>" (required)
 Rotate by <n> degrees counter-clockwise, e.g. 90

origin="<x> <y>" (required)
 Set the origin of the rotation in points, e.g. 100 100

<translate> Coordinate Translation

offset="<x> <y>" (required)
 The <x> (horizontal) and <y> (vertical) offset in points. A translation by x y is equal to a transformation by 1 0 0 1 x y.

<transform> Coordinate Transformation

matrix="<a> <b> <c> <d> <x> <y>" (required)
 The transformation matrix to scale, rotate, skew, or translate.

Examples:
1. Identity: 1 0 0 1 0 0
2. Scale by factor 2 (double size): 2 0 0 2 0 0
3. Translate 50 points to left, 200 up: 1 0 0 1 50 200
4. Rotate by x: cos(x) sin(x) -sin(x) cos(x) 0 0
   For 90° (= π/2) that is: 0 1 -1 0 0 0

C.2 Examples

C.2.1 Example 1: Simple Stamps

Apply two simple stamps.

First Stamp: Stamp text "Simple Stamp" on in upper left corner of all pages.

Second Stamp: Stamp image lena.tif rotated by 90° and located at the center of the top corner of the first page.
C.2.2 Example 2: Modify “Simple Stamp”

Modify "simple stamp" from Example 1: Simple Stamps.

The stamp "simple stamp" can be modified by applying the following stamp XML file to the output file of the example above. Note that since position and size of the stamp remain unchanged, the respective attributes can be omitted.

The second stamp applied in Example 1 is not modified.

example1.xml:

```xml
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="utf-8"?>
<pdfstamp xmlns="http://www.pdf-tools.com/pdfstamp/">
  <stamp page="all" name="simple stamp"
         relativepos="10 -10" size="160 0">
    <text align="left middle"
         font="Arial" size="20" fontencoding="WinAnsi"
         text="Simple Stamp"/>
  </stamp>
  <stamp page="first"
         relativepos="0 -10" align="center">
    <rotate angle="90" origin="50 50">
      <image rect="0 0 100 100"
              filename="C:\images\lena.tif"/>
    </rotate>
  </stamp>
</pdfstamp>
```

Result of example1.xml.
C.2.3 Example 3: Add watermark text diagonally across pages

The stamp is specified for an A4 page, which is 595 by 842 points. On each page the stamp is applied to, it is scaled (scale="relToA4") and rotated (autoorientation="true") to fit the page.

example3.xml:

```xml
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="utf-8"?>
<pdfstamp xmlns="http://www.pdf-tools.com/pdfstamp/"
  <stamp page="all" size="595 842"
    align="center middle"
    scale="relToA4" autoorientation="true"
    type="foreground">
  <rotate angle="55" origin="298 421">
    <text mode="stroke"
      align="center middle" position="298 421"
      font="Arial,Bold" size="60"
      text="WATERMARK TEXT" />
  </rotate>
  </stamp>
</pdfstamp>
```
C.2.4 Example 4: Apply stamp to long edge of all pages

Stamp has a light gray background and a black border.

example4.xml:

```xml
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="utf-8"?>
<pdfstamp xmlns="http://www.pdf-tools.com/pdfstamp/">
  <stamp page="all" size="802 28"
    relativepos="5 @ 0" align="middle" rotate="90"
    scale="relToA4" autoorientation="true"
    alpha="0.75" type="foreground">
    <fillrectangle color="0.8 0.8 0.8"/>
    <strokerectangle/>
    <text align="center middle"
      font="Arial" size="20"
      text="stamp on long edge"/>
  </stamp>
</pdfstamp>
```

C.2.5 Example 5: Stamp links

Stamp a list of links.

example5.xml:

```xml
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="utf-8"?>
<pdfstamp xmlns="http://www.pdf-tools.com/pdfstamp/">
  <stamp page="first" type="content" relativepos="-10 10" >
    <text font="MyriadPro" size="20" >Bookmarks:
      - <span color="#0 1" decoration="underline"><link
          uri="http://www.pdf-tools.com/...">Product website</link></span>
      - <span color="#0 1" decoration="underline"><link
      - <span color="#0 1" decoration="underline"><link
          uri="https://www.pdf-online.com/osa/secure.aspx">Online sample</link></span>
    </text>
  </stamp>
</pdfstamp>
```
Result of example5.xml.

3-Heights™
PDF Security API

Version 4.8.24.0

Bookmarks:
- Product website
- Manual
- Online sample
### D Samples

#### D.1 C

This sample shows the basic call sequence and usage of the API functions. Error handling should follow each call.

```c
#include "o2pproxyapi_c.h"
#include "o2perror.h"

void CheckLastError(O2PJob job)
{
    unsigned int iError;
    const char* pszText;
    O2PJobGetLastErrorA(job, &iError, &pszErrorText);
    if (iError)
        fprintf(stderr, "Error code: 0x%x\n Error text: %s\n", iError, pszText);
}

int main(int argc, char* argv[])
{
    TO2PConverter* converter = O2PCreateConverter(NULL);
    TO2PJob* job = O2PConverterCreateJob(converter);
    O2PJobSetOptionsA(job, "#;" );
    O2PJobCreateOutput(job, argv[argc-1] );
    if(!O2PJobAppendDoc(job, argv[1], NULL))
    {
        CheckLastError(job);
    }
    O2PJobClose(job);
    CheckLastError(job);
    O2PJobDestroyObject(job);
    O2PDestroyConverter(converter);
    return 0;
}
```

#### D.2 C#.NET

```c
using PdfTools.Converter;

try {
}
catch(System.Net.Sockets.SocketException se) {
    ErrText.Value = "Conversion service not available; " + se.Message;
    return;
}

ErrorInfo ei;
if (!job.SetOptions("PDFA"))
{
    ei = job.GetLastError();
    CheckError(ei); // application specific error handling
}
```
The above code sample shows an excerpt from a .NET application that uses the .NET interface of the Document Converter.

**Note:** This is the bare remoting interface without any client side logic as in the C or COM interfaces. Retrieving error information e.g. is a remote call here, while the C and COM interfaces are caching that information.

To actually run this code from within a .NET executable or ASP.NET, the O2PProxyNET.DLL must either be explicitly referenced from the application, or it must be registered in the .NET Global Assembly Cache.

### D.3 Visual Basic Script

```vbnet
Set oConv = CreateObject("O2PProxyAPI.ConverterProxy")
oConv.ServicePoint = "tcp://servername:7981/O2PService"
Set oJob = oConv.CreateJob()
If oJob.Create("output.pdf") Then
  oJob.AppendDoc "Document1.rtf","
  oJob.Close
Else
  WScript.Echo "Create failed: " & oJob.ErrorText
End If
```

**Note:** In order to execute this script, the O2PProxyNET.DLL must be registered in the .NET Global Assembly Cache.

### D.4 Java

#### D.4.1 Microsoft.NET based Java API

This program sample illustrates the use of the Microsoft.NET based Java interface that is available only on Windows platforms. Java applications that are hosted on other platforms will need to make use of the web service interface.

```java
import com.pdftools.converter.*;
public class DocConv {
```
```java
public static void main(String[] args) throws Exception {
    if (args.length < 2) {
        System.out.println("Usage: DocConv in1.pdf in2.pdf... out.pdf");
        return;
    }
    Converter conv = Converter.createConverter("tcp://srv:7981/O2PService");
    Job job = conv.createJob();
    job.createOutput(args[args.length-1]);
    for(int i = 0; i < args.length-1; i++)
        job.appendDoc(args[i], "");
    job.close();
    job.destroyObject();
    conv.destroyObject();
}
```

**Note:** In order to execute this Java program, O2PProxyNET.DLL must be registered in the .NET Global Assembly Cache (unless a copy of O2PProcxNET.DLL is located in the same folder as java.exe).